

SPLIT-TYPE, HEAT PUMP AIR CONDITIONERS

June 2008

No. OC376 REVISED EDITION-C



TECHNICAL & SERVICE MANUAL

[Model name] <Outdoor unit> PUMY-P100VHM

PUMY-P125VHM

PUMY-P140VHM

PUMY-P100VHMA

PUMY-P125VHMA

PUMY-P140VHMA

PUMY-P100VHMA-BS

PUMY-P125VHMA-BS

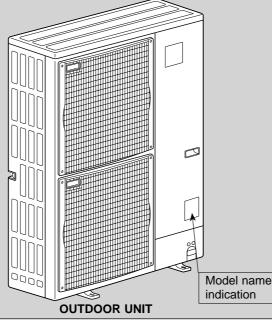
PUMY-P140VHMA-BS

[Service Ref.]

PUMY-P100VHM PUMY-P125VHM PUMY-P140VHMA PUMY-P125VHMA PUMY-P140VHMA PUMY-P100VHMA-BS PUMY-P125VHMA-BS PUMY-P140VHMA-BS

Revision:

- PUMY-P100/125/140 VHMA-BS are added in REVISED EDITION-C.
- Some descriptions have been modified.
- Please void OC376 REVISED EDITION-B



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NOTE:

- This service manual describes technical data of outdoor unit. As for indoor units, refer to its service manual.
- · RoHS compliant products have <G> mark on the spec name plate.
- · For servicing of RoHS compliant products, refer to the RoHS PARTS LIST.

1

TECHNICAL CHANGES

PUMY-P100VHM → PUMY-P100VHMA PUMY-P125VHM → PUMY-P125VHMA PUMY-P140VHM → PUMY-P140VHMA

· Compressor(MC) and oil have been changed.

ANB33FDCMT → ANB33FDHMT

Ester oil _____ Ether oil

• Electrical parts below have been changed.

①Controller board (MULTI.B.) ②Noise filter circuit board (N.F.)

• PEFY-P15 can be connected.

2

SAFETY PRECAUTION

2-1. CAUTIONS RELATED TO NEW REFRIGERANT

Cautions for units utilizing refrigerant R410A

Use new refrigerant pipes.

Avoid using thin pipes.

Make sure that the inside and outside of refrigerant piping are clean and it has no contamination such as sulfur hazardous for use, oxides, dirt, shredded particles, etc.

In addition, use pipes with specified thickness.

Contamination inside refrigerant piping can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

Store the piping to be used during installation indoors and keep both ends of the piping sealed until just before brazing. (Leave elbow joints, etc. in their packaging.)

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

Use ester oil, ether oil or alkylbenzene oil (small amount) as the refrigerant oil applied to flares and flange connections.

If large amount of mineral oil enters, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

Charge refrigerant from liquid phase of gas cylinder.

If the refrigerant is charged from gas phase, composition change may occur in refrigerant and the efficiency will be lowered.

Do not use refrigerant other than R410A.

If other refrigerant (R22 etc.) is used, chlorine in refrigerant can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

Use a vacuum pump with a reverse flow check valve.

Vacuum pump oil may flow back into refrigerant cycle and that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

Use the following tools specifically designed for use with R410A refrigerant.

The following tools are necessary to use R410A refrigerant.

Tools for R410A				
Gauge manifold	Flare tool			
Charge hose	Size adjustment gauge			
Gas leak detector	Vacuum pump adaptor			
Torque wrench	Electronic refrigerant			
	charging scale			

Keep the tools with care.

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

Do not use a charging cylinder.

If a charging cylinder is used, the composition of refrigerant will change and the efficiency will be lowered.

Ventilate the room if refrigerant leaks during operation. If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.

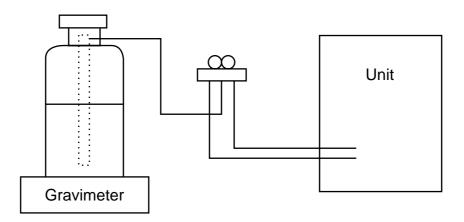
[1] Cautions for service

- (1) Perform service after recovering the refrigerant left in unit completely.
- (2) Do not release refrigerant in the air.
- (3) After completing service, charge the cycle with specified amount of refrigerant.
- (4) When performing service, install a filter drier simultaneously. Be sure to use a filter drier for new refrigerant.

[2] Additional refrigerant charge

When charging directly from cylinder

- · Check that cylinder for R410A on the market is syphon type.
- · Charging should be performed with the cylinder of syphon stood vertically. (Refrigerant is charged from liquid phase.)



[3] Service tools

Use the below service tools as exclusive tools for R410A refrigerant.

No.	Tool name	Specifications				
0	Gauge manifold	·Only for R410A				
		·Use the existing fitting specifications. (UNF1/2)				
		·Use high-tension side pressure of 5.3MPa·G or over.				
2	Charge hose	·Only for R410A				
		·Use pressure performance of 5.09MPa·G or over.				
3	Electronic scale					
4	Gas leak detector	·Use the detector for R134a, R407C or R410A.				
5	Adaptor for reverse flow check	·Attach on vacuum pump.				
6	Refrigerant charge base					
7	Refrigerant cylinder	·Only for R410A ·Top of cylinder (Pink)				
		·Cylinder with syphon				
8	Refrigerant recovery equipment					

2-2. PRECAUTIONS FOR SALT PROOF TYPE "-BS" MODEL

Although "-BS" model has been designed to be resistant to salt damage, observe the following precautions to maintain the performance of the unit.

- 1. Avoid installing the uint in a location where it will be exposed directly to seawater or sea breeze.
- 2. If the cover panel may become covered with salt, be sure to install the unit in a location where the salt will be washed away by rainwater. (If a sunshade is installed, rainwater may not clean the panel.)
- 3. To ensure that water does not collect in the base of the outdoor unit, make sure that the base is level, not at angle. Water collecting in the base of the outdoor unit could cause rust.
- 4. If the unit is installed in a coastal area, clean the unit with water regularly to remove any salt buil-up.
- 5. If the unit is damaged during installation or maintenance, be sure to repair it.
- 6. Be sure to check the condition of the unit regularly.
- 7. Be sure to install the unit in a location with good drainage.

Cautions for refrigerant piping work

New refrigerant R410A is adopted for replacement inverter series. Although the refrigerant piping work for R410A is same as for R22, exclusive tools are necessary so as not to mix with different kind of refrigerant. Furthermore as the working pressure of R410A is 1.6 time higher than that of R22, their sizes of flared sections and flare nuts are different.

①Thickness of pipes

Because the working pressure of R410A is higher compared to R22, be sure to use refrigerant piping with thickness shown below. (Never use pipes of 0.7mm or below.)

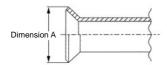
Diagram below: Piping diameter and thickness

Nominal	Outside	Thickness (mm)			
dimensions(inch)	diameter (mm)	R410A	R22		
1/4	6.35	0.8	0.8		
3/8	9.52	0.8	0.8		
1/2	12.70	0.8	0.8		
5/8	15.88	1.0	1.0		
3/4	19.05	1	1.0		

2 Dimensions of flare cutting and flare nut

The component molecules in HFC refrigerant are smaller compared to conventional refrigerants. In addition to that, R410A is a refrigerant, which has higher risk of leakage because its working pressure is higher than that of other refrigerants. Therefore, to enhance airtightness and intensity, flare cutting dimension of copper pipe for R410A have been specified separately from the dimensions for other refrigerants as shown below. The dimension B of flare nut for R410A also have partly been changed to increase intensity as shown below. Set copper pipe correctly referring to copper pipe flaring dimensions for R410A below. For 1/2 and 5/8 inch, the dimension B changes. Use torque wrench corresponding to each dimension.

(mm)







H	lare	cutting	dimensions

Nominal	Outside	Dimensio	on A(+0 -0.4)
dimensions(inch)	diameter	R410A	R22
1/4	6.35	9.1	9.0
3/8	9.52	13.2	13.0
1/2	12.70	16.6	16.2
5/8	15.88	19.7	19.4
3/4	19.05	_	23.3

Flare nut dimensions

(mm)
---	-----

Nominal	Outside	Dimension B		
dimensions(inch)	diameter	R410A	R22	
1/4	6.35	17.0	17.0	
3/8	9.52	22.0	22.0	
1/2	12.70	26.0	24.0	
5/8	15.88	29.0	27.0	
3/4	19.05	_	36.0	

3 Tools for R410A (The following table shows whether conventional tools can be used or not.)

Tools and materials	Use	R410A tools	Can R22 tools be used?	Can R407C tools be used?
Gauge manifold	Air purge, refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Charge hose	and operation check	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Gas leak detector	Gas leak check	Tool for HFC refrigerant	×	0
Refrigerant recovery equipment	Refrigerant recovery	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Refrigerant cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Applied oil	Apply to flared section	Ester oil, ether oil and alkylbenzene oil (minimum amount)	×	Ester oil, ether oil: O Alkylbenzene oil: minimum amount
Safety charger	Prevent compressor malfunction when charging refrigerant by spraying liquid refrigerant	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Charge valve	Prevent gas from blowing out when detaching charge hose	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Vacuum pump	Vacuum drying and air purge	Tools for other refrigerants can be used if equipped with adop- ter for reverse flow check	∆ (Usable if equipped with adopter for reverse flow)	△ (Usable if equipped with adopter for reverse flow)
Flare tool	Flaring work of piping	Tools for other refrigerants can be used by adjusting flaring dimension	∆ (Usable by adjusting flaring dimension)	△ (Usable by adjusting flaring dimension)
Bender	Bend the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Pipe cutter	Cut the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used		0
Welder and nitrogen gas cylinder	Weld the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Refrigerant charging scale	Refrigerant charge	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Vacuum gauge or thermis-	Check the degree of vacuum. (Vacuum	Tools for other refrigerants	0	0
tor vacuum gauge and	valve prevents back flow of oil and refri-	can be used		
vacuum valve	gerant to thermistor vacuum gauge)			
Charging cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	X	_

- imes : Prepare a new tool. (Use the new tool as the tool exclusive for R410A.)
- $\boldsymbol{\triangle}$: Tools for other refrigerants can be used under certain conditions.
- ○: Tools for other refrigerants can be used.

OVERVIEW OF UNITS

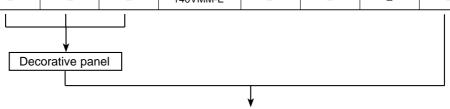
3-1. UNIT CONSTRUCTION

		4HP		6HP	
Outdoor unit		PUMY-P100VHM PUMY-P100VHMA PUMY-P100VHMA-BS	PUMY-P125VHM PUMY-P125VHMA PUMY-P125VHMA-BS	PUMY-P140VHM PUMY-P140VHMA PUMY-P140VHMA-BS	
can be	Capacity	Type 15(VHMA)/20(VHM) ~ Type 125	O(VHM) ~Type 140		
	Number of units	1~ 6 unit	1~ 8 unit		
	Total system wide capacity	50% ~130% of outdoor unit capacity *2			

Branching pipe	CMY-Y62-G-E	CMY-Y64-G-E	CMY-Y68-G-E
components	Branch header	Branch header	Branch header
	(2 branches)	(4 branches)	(8 branches)



Model	Ca	Cassette Ceiling		Ceiling	Ceiling	Wall	Ceiling	Floor s	tanding	Ceiling
	4-way flow	2-way flow	1-way flow	Concealed	mounted built-in	Mounted	Suspended	Exposed	Concealed	Concealed (Fresh Air) *1
Capacity	PLFY-P	PLFY-P	PMFY-P	PEFY-P	PDFY-P	PKFY-P	PCFY-P	PFFY-P	PFFY-P	PEFY-P
15	_	-	_	15VMS/(L)-E	-	_	_	_	_	_
20	20VCM-E	20VLMD-E	20VBM-E	20VML-E / VMM-E	20VM-E	20VBM-E	_	20VLEM-E	20VLRM-E	_
25	25VCM-E	25VLMD-E	25VBM-E	25VML-E / VMM-E	25VM-E	25VBM-E	_	25VLEM-E	25VLRM-E	_
32	32VCM-E/32VBM-E	32VLMD-E	32VBM-E	32VML-E / VMM-E	32VM-E	32VGM-E	_	32VLEM-E	32VLRM-E	_
40	40VCM-E/40VBM-E	40VLMD-E	40VBM-E	40VMH-E / VMM-E	40VM-E	40VGM-E	40VGM-E	40VLEM-E	40VLRM-E	_
50	50VBM-E	50VLMD-E	_	50VMH-E / VMM-E	50VM-E	50VGM-E	_	50VLEM-E	50VLRM-E	_
63	63VBM-E	63VLMD-E	_	63VMH-E / VMM-E	63VM-E	_	63VGM-E	63VLEM-E	63VLRM-E	_
71	-	1	-	71VMH-E / VMM-E	71VM-E	_	_	-	_	_
80	80VBM-E	80VLMD-E	-	80VMH-E / VMM-E	80VM-E	_	_	_	_	80VMH-E-F
100	100VBM-E	100VLMD-E	_	100VMH-E / VMM-E	100VM-E	_	100VGM-E	_	_	_
125	125VBM-E	125VLMD-E	_	125VMH-E / VMM-E	125VM-E	-	125VGM-E	_	_	_
140	-	-	_	140VMM-E	_	-	_	_	_	140VMH-E-F



	Name	M-NET remote controller	MA remote controller
Remote	Model number	PAR-F27MEA-E	PAR-21MAA
controller	Functions	A handy remote controller for use in conjunction with the Melans centralized management system. Addresses must be set.	Addresses setting is not necessary.

^{*1.} It is possible only by 1:1 system.

(1 indoor unit of Fresh Air type is connected with 1 outdoor unit.)

Operating temperature range (outdoor temperature) for fresh air type indoor units differ from other indoor units. Refer to 3-2(3).

*2. When the indoor unit of Fresh Air type is connected with the outdoor unit, the maximum connectable total indoor unit capacity is 110%(100% in case of heating below -5°C (23°F)).

3-2. UNIT SPECIFICATIONS

(1) Outdoor Unit

Se	ervice Ref.	PUMY-P100VHM PUMY-P100VHMA PUMY-P100VHMA-BS	PUMY-P125VHM PUMY-P125VHMA PUMY-P125VHMA-BS	PUMY-P140VHM PUMY-P140VHMA PUMY-P140VHMA-BS
Conneity	Cooling (kW)	11.2	14.0	15.5
Capacity	Heating (kW)	12.5	16.0	18.0
Motor for compressor (kW)		2.2	2.9	3.3

Cooling / Heating capacity indicates the maximum value at operation under the following condition.

*. Cooling Indoor : D.B. 27°C / W.B. 19.0°C

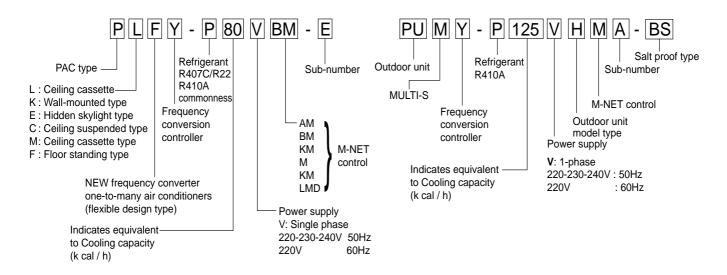
Outdoor : D.B. 35°C Heating Indoor : D.B. 20°C

Outdoor: D.B. 7°C/W.B. 6°C

(2) Method for identifying MULTI-S model

■ Indoor unit < When using Model 80 >

■ Outdoor unit <When using model 125 >



(3) Operating temperature range

	Cooling	Heating
Indoor-side intake air temperature	W.B. 15~24°C	D.B. 15~27°C
Outdoor-side intake air temperature	D.B5~46°C *1	W.B15~15°C

Notes D.B.: Dry Bulb Temperature

W.B.: Wet Bulb Temperature

*1. 10~46°C DB: In case of connecting PKFY-P20/P25 type indoor unit.

■ In case of connecting fresh air type indoor unit

	Capacity of Fresh air type indoor	Cooling	Heating
Indoor-side and Outdoor-side	P80	D.B.21~43°C *2 W.B.15.5~35°C	D.B10~20°C *3
intake air temperature	P140	D.B.21~43°C *2 W.B.15.5~35°C	D.B5~20°C *3

^{*2.}Thermo-off(FAN-mode) automatically starts if the outdoor temp. is lower than 21°C D.B..

^{*3.}Thermo-off(FAN-mode) automatically starts if the outdoor temp. is higher than 20°C D.B..

4

SPECIFICATIONS

				PUMY-P100VHM PUMY-P100VHMA PUMY-P100VHMA-BS	PUMY-P125VHM PUMY-P125VHMA PUMY-P125VHMA-BS	PUMY-P140VHM PUMY-P140VHMA PUMY-P140VHMA-BS
Cooling Cap	nacity		kW	11.2	14.0	15.5
Heating Car			kW	12.5	16.0	18.0
Input (Cool)		*3	kW	3.34	4.32	5.35
Input Currer		*3	A	15.4/14.8/14.1, 15.4	20.0/19.1/18.3, 20.0	24.7/23.6/22.7,24.7
Power facto		*3	%	98.4	98.4	98.4
Input (Heat)		*3	kW	3.66	4.33	5.58
Input Currer		*3	A	16.9/16.2/15.5,16.9	20.0/19.1/18.3, 20.0	25.8/24.7/23.6,25.8
Power facto	•	*3	%	98.4	98.5	98.4
EER (Cool)	i (i loat)	*3	70	3.35	3.24	2.90
COP (Heat)		*3		3.42	3.69	3.23
	e indoor units (M			6	8	8
	ectable Capacity	iax.)	kW	14.5 (130%)	18.2 (130%)	20.2 (130%)
			KVV	` ,	e , 50Hz 220/230/240	, ,
Power Supp Breaker Siz	•			Onigie priase	32A	v, OOI IZ ZZOV
	(Cool/Heat)		dB	49 / 51	50 / 52	51 / 53
External fini			l db	49/31	Munsell 3Y 7.8/1.1	31733
				1		
Refrigerant				L	inear Expansion Valv	е
Compresso				\/LIM+AND2	Hermetic 3FDCMT, VHMA:AN	DOSEDUMT
	Model		130/			
	Motor output		kW	2.2	2.9	3.3
0 1 1	Starting meth	od	100		Inverter	
Crankcase I			W			
Heat exchar	Ť			Plate fin c	oil (Anti corrosion fin	treatment)
Fan	Fan (drive) ×				Propeller fan × 2	
	Fan motor ou	tput	kW		0.060 + 0.060	
	Airflow		m³/min(CFM)		100 (3,530)	
Dimensions	(HxWxD)	W	mm(in.)		950(37-3/8)	
		D	mm(in.)		330+30(13+1-3/16)	
		Н	mm(in.)		1,350(53-1/8)	
Weight			kg(lbs)		127(280)	
Refrigerant					R410A	
	Charge		kg(lbs)		8.5 (18.7)	
	Oil (Model)		L	2.3 (V	HM:MEL56, VHMA:F	V50S)
Protection	High pressure	•			HP switch	
devices	Compressor p				thermo, Over curren	
	Fan motor pro	otection		Over	heating/Voltage prote	ection
Total Piping	length (Max.)		m		120	
Farthest			m		80	
Max. Height			m		30 *1	
Chargeless	length		m		50	
Pining (diameter	Gas	ømm(in)	15.88 (5/8)		
Piping diameter						
Guaranto	ed operation ran	ane	(cool)		-5~ 46°C DB *2	2
Guarante	ed operation fail	96	(heat)		-15~ 15℃ WB	
N = 41 1141	ions (IIS B 8616		Note *1 20m		nstalling outdoor unit	

Rating conditions (JIS B 8616)

Cooling Indoor : D.B. 27°C / W.B. 19°C

Outdoor: D.B. 35°C / W.B. 20°C

Heating Indoor : D.B. 20℃

Outdoor: D.B. 7°C / W.B. 6°C

Note. *1. 20m

:In case of installing outdoor unit lower than indoor

unit.

*2. 10~46°C DB :In case of connecting PKFY-P20/P25 type indoor

unit.

*3. Electrical data is for only outdoor unit.

5

DATA

5-1. COOLING AND HEATING CAPACITY AND CHARACTERISTICS

5-1-1. Method for obtaining system cooling and heating capacity:

To obtain the system cooling and heating capacity and the electrical characteristics of the outdoor unit, first add up the ratings of all the indoor units connected to the outdoor unit (see table below), and then use this total to find the standard capacity with the help of the tables on 5-2.STANDARD CAPACITY DIAGRAM.

(1) Capacity of indoor unit

Model Number for indoor unit	Model 15	Model 20	Model 25	Model 32	Model 40	Model 50	Model 63	Model 71	Model 80	Model 100	Model 125	Model 140
Model Capacity	17	22	28	36	45	56	71	80	90	112	140	160

(2) Sample calculation

①System assembled from indoor and outdoor unit (in this example the total capacity of the indoor units is greater than that of the outdoor unit)

• Outdoor unit PUMY-P125VHM

• Indoor unit PKFY-P25VAM-E × 2 , PLFY-P50VLMD-E × 2

②According to the conditions in ①, the total capacity of the indoor unit will be: $28 \times 2 + 56 \times 2 = 168$

③The following figures are obtained from the 168 total capacity row of 5-2. STANDARD CAPACITY DIAGRAM:

Capaci	ty (kW)	Outdoor unit powe	r consumption (kW)	Outdoor unit current (A)/230V			
Cooling	Heating	Cooling Heating Cooling		Heating			
A 14.60	® 16.33	4.39	3.99	19.4	17.6		

5-1-2. Method for obtaining the heating and cooling capacity of an indoor unit:

(1) The capacity of each indoor unit (kW) = the capacity a (or b) $\times \frac{\text{model capacity}}{\text{total model capacity of all indoor units}}$

(2) Sample calculation (using the system described above in 5-1-1. (2)):

During cooling:

• The total model capacity of the indoor unit is: $2.8 \times 2 + 5.6 \times 2 = 16.8 \text{kW}$

Therefore, the capacity of PKFY-P25VAM-E and PLFY-P50VLMD-E will be calculated as follows by using the formula in 5-1-2. (1):

Model 25=14.6
$$\times \frac{2.8}{16.8}$$
 = 2.43kW

Model 50=14.6
$$\times \frac{5.6}{16.8}$$
 = 4.87kW

During heating:

• The total model capacity of indoor unit is:

$$3.2 \times 2 + 6.3 \times 2 = 19.0$$

Therefore, the capacity of PKFY-P25VAM-E and PLFY-P50VLMD-E will be calculated as follows by using the formula in 5-1-2. (1):

Model 25=16.33
$$\times \frac{3.2}{19.0}$$
 = 2.75kW

Model 50=16.33
$$\times \frac{6.3}{19.0}$$
 = 5.41kW

5-2. STANDARD CAPACITY DIAGRAM

5-2-1. PUMY-P100VHM PUMY-P100VHMA(-BS)
*Before calculating the sum of total capacity of indoor units, please convert the value into the kW model capacity following the formula on 5-1-1.

indoor units*	~			umption(kW)	Current	A)/220V	Current(A)/230 V	Current	A)/240V
	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
56	5.60	6.30	1.37	1.79	6.3					
57	5.70	6.41	1.39	1.82	6.4		6.2		5.9	
58	5.80	6.53	1.42	1.85	6.6					
59	5.90	6.64	1.44	1.88	6.7					8.0
60	6.00	6.75	1.46	1.91	6.8					
61	6.10	6.87	1.49	1.94	6.9					
62	6.20	6.98	1.51	1.97	7.0		6.7			
63	6.30	7.09	1.54	2.00	7.1	9.2			1	
64	6.40	7.20	1.56	2.03	7.2		6.9			
65	6.50	7.32	1.59	2.06	7.4				6.7	8.7
66	6.60	7.43	1.62	2.09 2.12	7.5		7.2			
67 68	6.70 6.80	7.54 7.66	1.64 1.67	2.12	7.6 7.7					9.0 9.1
69	6.90	7.00	1.70	2.13	7.7		7.4			
70	7.00	7.77	1.70	2.10	8.0					
71	7.10	8.00	1.76	2.25	8.1	10.3	7.7			
72	7.10	8.11	1.70	2.28	8.3				7.6	
73	7.20	8.22	1.79	2.20	8.4					
74	7.40	8.33	1.85	2.34	8.6					
75	7.50	8.44	1.88	2.37	8.7					
76	7.60	8.56	1.91	2.41	8.8		8.4		8.1	10.2
77	7.70	8.67	1.94	2.44	9.0					
78	7.80	8.78	1.97	2.47	9.1	11.4			1	
79	7.90	8.89	2.00	2.50	9.2				8.5	
80	8.00	9.00	2.04	2.54	9.4					
81	8.10	9.10	2.07	2.57	9.6					
82	8.20	9.20	2.10	2.60	9.7					
83	8.30	9.30	2.14	2.64	9.9	12.2	9.5	11.7	9.1	11.2
84	8.40	9.40	2.17	2.67	10.0	12.3	9.6	11.8	9.2	11.3
85	8.50	9.50	2.21	2.70	10.2	12.5	9.8	11.9	9.4	11.4
86	8.60	9.60	2.24	2.74	10.4	12.7	9.9	12.1	9.5	11.6
87	8.70	9.70	2.28	2.77	10.5	12.8	10.1	12.2	9.7	11.7
88	8.80	9.80	2.32	2.80	10.7				9.8	
89	8.90	9.90	2.35	2.84	10.9		10.4	12.6	10.0	
90	9.00	10.00	2.39	2.87	11.1	13.3			10.1	12.2
91	9.10	10.10	2.43	2.91	11.2					
92	9.20	10.22		2.94						
93	9.30	10.33	2.50	2.97	11.6				10.6	
94	9.40	10.45	2.54	3.01	11.7					
95	9.50	10.56	2.58	3.04					1	
96	9.60	10.67	2.62	3.08					1	
97	9.70	10.79	2.66	3.11	12.3				1	
98	9.80	10.90	2.70	3.15						
99	9.90	11.02	2.75	3.19					11.7	
100	10.00	11.13		3.22	12.9					
101	10.10	11.24	2.83	3.26						
102 103	10.20 10.30	11.36 11.47		3.29 3.33	13.3 13.5				1	
103	10.30	11.47	2.91 2.96							
104	10.40	11.59		3.36 3.40						
106	10.50	11.70	3.00	3.40	14.1					
107	10.60	11.93		3.44	14.1					
107	10.70	12.04	3.09	3.47	14.3					
109	10.80	12.04	3.14	3.55						
110	11.00	12.10	3.10	3.59	14.7				1	

Total capacity of	Capaci	ty(kW)	Power Consu	ımption(kW)	Current(A)/220V	Current(A)/230V	Current(A)/240V
indoor units*	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
111	11.10	12.38	3.27	3.62	15.1	16.7	14.5	16.0	13.9	15.3
112	11.20	12.50	3.34	3.66	15.4	16.9	14.8	16.2	14.1	15.5
113	11.22	12.51	3.35	3.65	15.5	16.9	14.8	16.1	14.2	15.5
114	11.24	12.53	3.35	3.64	15.5	16.8	14.8	16.1	14.2	15.4
115	11.26	12.54	3.36	3.63	15.5	16.8	14.9	16.0	14.2	15.4
116	11.28	12.55	3.36	3.62	15.5		14.9	16.0	14.2	15.3
117	11.30	12.56		3.61	15.5		14.9	16.0		15.3
118	11.32	12.57	3.37	3.59	15.6	16.6	14.9	15.9	14.3	15.2
119	11.34	12.58	3.37	3.58	15.6	16.5	14.9	15.8	14.3	15.2
120	11.36	12.60	3.38	3.57	15.6	16.5	14.9	15.8	14.3	15.1
121	11.38	12.61	3.38	3.56	15.6	16.5	14.9	15.7	14.3	15.1
122	11.40	12.62	3.38	3.55	15.6	16.4	14.9	15.7	14.3	15.0
123	11.42	12.63	3.39	3.54	15.7	16.4	15.0	15.7	14.4	15.0
124	11.44	12.64	3.39	3.52	15.7	16.3	15.0	15.6	14.4	14.9
125	11.47	12.66	3.40	3.51	15.7	16.2	15.0	15.5	14.4	14.9
126	11.49	12.67	3.40	3.50	15.7	16.2	15.0	15.5	14.4	14.8
127	11.51	12.68	3.40	3.49	15.7	16.1	15.0	15.4	14.4	14.8
128	11.53	12.69	3.41	3.48	15.8	16.1	15.1	15.4	14.4	14.7
129	11.55	12.70	3.41	3.47	15.8	16.0	15.1	15.3	14.4	14.7
130	11.57	12.71	3.42	3.45	15.8	15.9	15.1	15.3	14.5	14.6
131	11.59	12.73	3.42	3.44	15.8	15.9	15.1	15.2	14.5	14.6
132	11.61	12.74	3.42	3.43	15.8	15.9	15.1	15.2	14.5	14.5
133	11.63	12.75	3.43	3.42	15.9	15.8	15.2	15.1	14.5	14.5
134	11.65	12.76	3.43	3.41	15.9	15.8	15.2	15.1	14.5	14.4
135	11.67	12.77	3.44	3.40	15.9	15.7	15.2	15.0	14.6	14.4
136	11.69	12.78	3.44	3.38	15.9	15.6	15.2	14.9	14.6	14.3
137	11.71	12.80	3.45	3.37	15.9	15.6	15.3	14.9	14.6	14.3
138	11.73	12.81	3.45	3.36	15.9	15.5	15.3	14.9	14.6	14.2
139	11.75	12.82	3.45	3.35	15.9	15.5	15.3	14.8	14.6	14.2
140	11.77	12.83	3.46	3.34	16.0	15.4	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.2
141	11.79	12.84	3.46	3.32	16.0	15.3	15.3	14.7	14.7	14.1
142	11.82	12.86	3.47	3.31	16.0	15.3	15.3	14.6	14.7	14.0
143	11.84	12.87	3.47	3.30	16.0			14.6		14.0
144	11.86	12.88	3.47	3.29	16.0		15.3	14.5		13.9
145	11.88	12.89	3.48	3.28	16.1	15.2	15.4	14.5		13.9

5-2-2. PUMY-P125VHM PUMY-P125VHMA(-BS)

*Before calculating the sum of total capacity of indoor units, please convert the value into the kW model capacity following the formula on 5-1-1.

Total capacity of	Capaci	ity(kW)	Power Cons	umption(kW)	Current(A)/ 220V	Current(A)/ 230V	Current(A)/ 240V
indoor units*	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
70	7.00	7.88	1.83	2.05	8.4	9.5	8.1	9.1	7.7	8.7
71	7.10	8.00	1.85	2.08	8.6	9.6	8.2	9.2	7.8	8.8
72	7.20	8.11	1.88	2.11	8.7	9.7	8.3	9.3	8.0	8.9
73	7.30	8.22	1.90	2.13	8.8	9.8	8.4	9.4	8.1	9.0
74	7.40	8.33	1.93	2.16	8.9	10.0	8.5	9.5	8.2	9.1
75	7.50	8.44	1.96	2.19	9.0	10.1	8.6	9.6	8.3	9.2
76	7.60	8.56	1.98	2.21	9.2	10.2	8.8	9.8	8.4	9.4
77	7.70	8.67	2.01	2.24	9.3	10.3	8.9	9.9	8.5	9.5
78	7.80	8.78	2.04	2.27	9.4	10.5	9.0	10.0	8.6	9.6
79	7.90	8.89	2.07	2.29	9.5	10.6	9.1	10.1	8.7	9.7
80	8.00	9.00	2.09	2.32	9.7	10.7	9.3	10.3	8.9	9.8
81	8.10	9.10	2.12	2.35	9.8	10.8	9.4	10.4	9.0	9.9
82	8.20	9.20	2.15	2.38	9.9	11.0	9.5	10.5		10.1
83	8.30	9.30	2.18	2.41	10.1	11.1	9.6	10.6	9.2	10.2
84	8.40	9.40	2.21	2.44	10.2	11.2	9.8	10.8	9.4	10.3
85	8.50	9.50	2.24	2.46	10.3	11.4	9.9	10.9		10.4
86	8.60	9.60	2.27	2.49	10.5	11.5	10.0	11.0	9.6	10.5
87	8.70	9.70	2.30	2.52	10.6		10.2	11.1	9.7	10.7
88	8.80	9.80	2.33	2.55	10.8		10.3	11.3	9.9	10.8
89	8.90	9.90	2.36	2.58	10.9	11.9	10.4			10.9
90	9.00	10.00	2.39	2.61	11.0		10.6	11.5	10.1	11.0
91	9.10	10.10	2.42	2.64	11.2	12.2	10.7	11.7	10.3	11.2
92	9.20	10.22	2.45	2.67	11.3	12.3	10.8	11.8	10.4	11.3
93	9.30	10.33	2.49	2.70	11.5	12.5	11.0	11.9	10.5	11.4
94	9.40	10.45	2.52	2.73	11.6		11.1	12.1	10.7	11.6
95	9.50	10.56	2.55	2.76	11.8		11.3	12.2	10.8	11.7
96	9.60	10.67	2.58	2.79	11.9	12.9	11.4	12.3	10.9	11.8
97	9.70	10.79	2.62	2.82	12.1	13.0	11.6	12.5	11.1	11.9
98	9.80	10.90	2.65	2.85	12.2	13.2	11.7	12.6	11.2	12.1
99	9.90	11.02	2.68	2.89	12.4	13.3	11.9	12.7	11.4	12.2
100	10.00	11.13	2.72	2.92	12.6		12.0	12.9	11.5	12.3
101	10.10	11.24	2.75	2.95	12.7	13.6	12.2	13.0	11.7	12.5
102	10.20	11.36	2.79	2.98	12.9		12.3		11.8	12.6
103	10.30	11.47	2.82	3.01	13.0	13.9	12.5	13.3		12.7
104	10.40	11.59	2.86	3.05	13.2	14.1	12.6	13.4		12.9
105	10.50	11.70	2.89	3.08	13.4	14.2	12.8			13.0
106	10.60	11.81	2.93	3.11	13.5	14.4	12.9	13.7	12.4	13.2
107	10.70	11.93	2.96	3.14	13.7	14.5	13.1	13.9	12.6	13.3
108	10.80	12.04	3.00	3.18	13.9	14.7	13.3	14.0	12.7	13.4
109	10.90		3.04	3.21	14.0		13.4			
110	11.00	12.27	3.07	3.24	14.2	15.0	13.6			13.7
111	11.10		3.11	3.28	14.4		13.7	14.5		13.9
112	11.20	12.50	3.15	3.31	14.5		13.9			14.0
113	11.30	12.63	3.19	3.34	14.7		14.1	14.8		14.1
114	11.40	12.75	3.22	3.38	14.9		14.2	14.9		14.3
115	11.50	12.88	3.26	3.41	15.1		14.4		13.8	14.4
116	11.60	13.00	3.30	3.45	15.3		14.6			14.6
117	11.70	13.13	3.34	3.48	15.4		14.8			14.7
118	11.80	13.25	3.38	3.52	15.6		14.9			14.9
119	11.90	13.38	3.42	3.55	15.8		15.1	15.7		15.0
120	12.00	13.50	3.46	3.59	16.0		15.3			15.2
121	12.10	13.63	3.50	3.62	16.2		15.5			
122	12.20	13.75	3.54	3.66	16.4		15.6		15.0	15.5
123	12.30	13.88	3.58	3.69	16.5		15.8			15.6
124	12.40	14.00	3.62	3.73	16.7		16.0			15.8
125	12.50		3.66	3.76	16.9		16.2	16.6		15.9
126	12.60	14.25	3.71	3.80	17.1		16.4			16.1
127	12.70	14.38	3.75	3.84	17.3		16.6			16.2
128	12.80		3.79	3.87	17.5		16.7	17.1		16.4
129	12.90	14.63	3.83	3.91	17.7		16.9			16.5
130	13.00	14.75	3.88	3.95	17.9	18.2	17.1	17.4	16.4	16.7

Total capacity of	Capac	itv(kW)	Power Consu	umption(kW)	Current(A)/ 220V	Current(A)/ 230V	Current(A)/ 240V
indoor units*	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
131	13.10	14.88	3.92	3.98	18.1	18.4	17.3	17.6	16.6	16.9
132	13.20	15.00	3.96	4.02	18.3	18.6	17.5	17.8	16.8	17.0
133	13.30	15.13	4.01	4.06	18.5	18.7	17.7	17.9	17.0	17.2
134	13.40	15.25	4.05	4.10	18.7	18.9	17.9	18.1	17.1	17.3
135	13.50	15.38	4.09	4.14	18.9	19.1	18.1	18.3	17.3	17.5
136	13.60	15.50	4.14	4.17	19.1	19.3	18.3	18.4	17.5	17.7
137	13.70	15.63	4.18	4.21	19.3	19.4	18.5	18.6	17.7	17.8
138	13.80	15.75	4.23	4.25	19.5	19.6	18.7	18.8	17.9	18.0
139	13.90	15.88	4.27	4.29	19.7	19.8	18.9	18.9	18.1	18.1
140	14.00	16.00	4.32	4.33	20.0	20.0	19.1	19.1	18.3	18.3
141	14.02	16.01	4.33	4.32	20.0	19.9	19.1	19.1	18.3	18.3
142	14.04	16.02	4.33	4.31	20.0	19.9	19.1	19.0	18.3	18.2
143	14.06	16.03	4.33	4.30	20.0	19.8	19.1	19.0	18.3	18.2
144	14.08	16.04	4.33	4.28	20.0	19.8	19.1	18.9	18.3	18.1
145	14.10	16.06	4.33	4.27	20.0		19.2	18.9	18.4	18.1
146	14.12	16.07	4.34	4.26	20.0	19.7	19.2	18.8	18.4	18.0
147	14.15	16.08	4.34	4.25	20.0	19.6	19.2	18.7	18.4	18.0
148	14.17	16.09	4.34	4.23	20.1	19.5	19.2	18.7	18.4	17.9
149	14.19	16.10	4.34	4.22	20.1	19.5	19.2	18.6	18.4	17.9
150	14.21	16.12	4.35	4.21	20.1	19.4	19.2	18.6	18.4	17.8
151	14.23	16.13	4.35	4.20	20.1	19.4	19.2	18.5	18.4	17.8
152	14.25	16.14	4.35	4.19	20.1	19.3	19.2	18.5	18.4	17.7
153	14.27	16.15	4.35	4.17	20.1	19.3	19.2	18.4	18.4	
154	14.30	16.16	4.35	4.16	20.1	19.2	19.2	18.4	18.4	17.6
155	14.32	16.17	4.36	4.15	20.1	19.1	19.3	18.3	18.4	17.5
156	14.34	16.19	4.36	4.14	20.1	19.1	19.3	18.3	18.5	17.5
157	14.36	16.20	4.36	4.12 4.11	20.1	19.0	19.3	18.2	18.5	17.4
158	14.38	16.21	4.36 4.37		20.2 20.2	19.0	19.3	18.2	18.5	17.4 17.3
159	14.40	16.22 16.23	4.37	4.10 4.09	20.2	18.9 18.9	19.3 19.3	18.1 18.0	18.5 18.5	17.3
160 161	14.42 14.45	16.25	4.37	4.09	20.2	18.8	19.3	18.0	18.5	17.3
162	14.45	16.25	4.37	4.06	20.2	18.8	19.3	17.9	18.5	
163	14.47	16.27	4.37	4.05	20.2	18.7	19.3	17.9	18.5	17.2
164	14.49	16.28	4.38	4.04	20.2	18.6	19.3	17.8	18.5	17.1
165	14.53	16.29	4.38	4.03	20.2	18.6	19.3	17.8	18.5	17.1
166	14.55	16.31	4.38	4.01	20.2	18.5	19.4	17.7	18.6	17.0
167	14.57	16.32	4.38	4.00	20.2	18.5	19.4	17.7	18.6	
168	14.60		4.39	3.99	20.2	18.4	19.4			
169	14.62	16.34	4.39	3.98	20.3		19.4	17.6		
170	14.64		4.39	3.97	20.3		19.4	17.5		16.8
171	14.66		4.39	3.95	20.3		19.4	17.5	18.6	16.7
172	14.68		4.39	3.94	20.3		19.4	17.4	18.6	16.7
173	14.70		4.40	3.93	20.3		19.4	17.3	18.6	16.6
174	14.72	16.40	4.40	3.92	20.3		19.4	17.3	18.6	16.6
175	14.75		4.40	3.91	20.3		19.4	17.2	18.6	16.5
176	14.77	16.42	4.40	3.89	20.3	18.0	19.5	17.2	18.6	16.5
177	14.79	16.44	4.41	3.88	20.4	17.9	19.5	17.1	18.7	16.4
178	14.81	16.45	4.41	3.87	20.4	17.9	19.5	17.1	18.7	16.4
179	14.83	16.46	4.41	3.86	20.4	17.8	19.5	17.0	18.7	16.3
180	14.85	16.47	4.41	3.84	20.4		19.5	17.0	18.7	16.3
181	14.87	16.48	4.42	3.83	20.4	17.7	19.5	16.9	18.7	16.2
182	14.89		4.42	3.82	20.4		19.5	16.9		16.2

5-2-3. PUMY-P140VHM PUMY-P140VHMA(-BS)

*Before calculating the sum of total capacity of indoor units, please convert the value into the kW model capacity following the formula on 5-1-1.

Total capacity of	Capaci	ty(kW)	Power Cons	umption(kW)	Current(A)/220V	Current(A)/230V	Current(A)/240V
indoor units*	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
80	8.00	9.00	2.35	2.86	10.9	13.2	10.4	12.6	10.0	
81	8.10	9.10	2.38		11.0	13.4	10.5	12.8	10.1	12.3
82	8.20	9.20	2.41	2.93	11.1	13.5	10.7	13.0	10.2	
83	8.30	9.30	2.44		11.3		10.8		10.3	
84	8.40	9.40	2.48	2.99	11.5				10.5	
85	8.50	9.50	2.51	3.03	11.6			13.4	10.6	
86	8.60	9.60	2.54		11.7		11.2		10.8	
87	8.70	9.70	2.57		11.9				10.9	
88	8.80	9.80	2.61	3.13	12.1				11.1	
89	8.90	9.90	2.64		12.2				11.2	
90	9.00	10.00		3.19	12.3		11.8		11.3	
91	9.10	10.11	2.71	3.23	12.5				11.5	
92	9.20	10.23			12.7		12.1	14.4	11.6	
93	9.30	10.34		3.29	12.8		12.2		11.7	
94	9.40	10.46		3.33	13.0			14.7	11.9	
95	9.50	10.57	2.84		13.1					
96	9.60	10.68			13.3		12.7		12.2	
97	9.70	10.80	2.91	3.43	13.5				12.3	
98	9.80	10.91	2.95		13.6				12.5	
99	9.90	11.03			13.8				12.6	
100	10.00	11.14	3.02	3.53	14.0			15.6	12.8	
101	10.10	11.25			14.1					
102	10.20	11.37	3.09		14.3					
103 104	10.30	11.48			14.5				13.3	
104	10.40 10.50	11.60 11.71	3.16 3.20		14.6 14.8		14.0 14.1	16.2 16.4	13.4 13.6	
			3.20							
106 107	10.60 10.70	11.82 11.94		3.74 3.78	15.0 15.1				13.7 13.9	
108	10.70	12.05		3.76	15.1					
109	10.80	12.03	3.35		15.5					
110	11.00	12.17			15.7				14.4	
111	11.10	12.39	3.43		15.7		15.2		14.5	
112	11.20	12.51	3.46		16.0					
113	11.30	12.63			16.2					
114	11.40	12.75			16.4			17.8	15.0	
115	11.50	12.88			16.5				15.2	
116	11.60	13.00	3.62		16.7				15.3	
117	11.70	13.13	3.66		16.9		16.2		15.5	
118	11.80	13.25			17.1				15.7	
119	11.90	13.38			17.3				15.8	
120	12.00	13.50	3.78		17.5			18.7	16.0	
121	12.10	13.63	3.82	4.28	17.7				16.2	
122	12.20	13.75	3.86		17.8	20.0		19.1	16.4	18.3
123	12.30				18.0					
124	12.40				18.3					
125	12.50									
126	12.60				18.6					
127	12.70				18.8					
128	12.80				19.0				17.5	
129	12.90				19.2				17.6	
130	13.00				19.4					
131	13.10				19.6					
132	13.20	15.00			19.8				18.2	
133	13.30	15.13			20.0			20.9		
134	13.40	15.25			20.2				18.6	
135	13.50				20.4				18.7	
136	13.60				20.6					
137	13.70			4.88	20.8					
138	13.80				21.0			21.7		
139	13.90				21.3					
140	14.00				21.4		20.5		19.7	
141	14.10				21.7				19.9	
142	14.20				21.9					
143	14.30				22.1			22.6		
144	14.40									
145	14.50	16.66	4.87	5.19	22.5	24.0	21.5	22.9	20.6	22.0

Total capacity of	Capaci	ty(kW)	Power Consu	umption(kW)		A)/220V	Current(A)/230V	Current(A)/240V
indoor units*	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
146	14.60	16.80		5.23	22.7		21.7	23.1	20.8	
147	14.70	16.93		5.27	23.0	24.4	22.0	23.3	21.1	22.3
148	14.80	17.06		5.31	23.2	24.5	22.2	23.5		
149 150	14.90 15.00	17.20 17.33		5.35 5.39	23.4 23.6	24.7 24.9	22.4 22.6	23.6 23.8		
151	15.00	17.33			23.8		22.8	24.0		
152	15.20	17.60		5.47	24.1	25.3	23.0	24.2	22.1	23.2
153	15.30	17.73			24.3		23.3	24.4	22.3	
154	15.40	17.86		5.55	24.5	25.6	23.5	24.5	22.5	
155	15.50	18.00	5.35			25.8	23.6	24.7	22.7	
156	15.51	18.01	5.35	5.57	24.7	25.7	23.7	24.6	22.7	23.6
157	15.52	18.02	5.35		24.7	25.7	23.7	24.5		
158	15.54	18.04	5.36		24.8	25.6	23.7	24.5	22.7	
159	15.55	18.05	5.36		24.8		23.7	24.4	22.7	
160	15.57	18.06			24.8		23.7	24.4	22.7	
161	15.58	18.07	5.37	5.49	24.8		23.7	24.3	22.7	
162	15.60	18.09	5.37	5.48			23.7	24.2	22.7	
163 164	15.61 15.62	18.10 18.11	5.37 5.37	5.47 5.45	24.8 24.8		23.7 23.8	24.2	22.8 22.8	
165	15.62	18.12	5.38				23.8	24.1 24.0	22.8	
166	15.65	18.14	5.38		24.9		23.8	24.0	22.8	
167	15.67	18.15			24.9		23.8	23.9	22.8	
168	15.68	18.16			24.9		23.8	23.8		
169	15.70	18.17	5.39				23.8	23.8		
170	15.71	18.19					23.8	23.7	22.8	
171	15.73	18.20			24.9		23.8	23.6		
172	15.74	18.21	5.40	5.34	24.9	24.7	23.9	23.6	22.9	22.6
173	15.76	18.22	5.40		24.9		23.9	23.5		
174	15.77	18.24		5.31	25.0	24.5	23.9	23.5	22.9	
175	15.79	18.25		5.29	25.0	24.5	23.9	23.4	22.9	
176	15.80	18.26		5.28		24.4	23.9	23.3	22.9	
177	15.81	18.27	5.41	5.26		24.3	23.9	23.3	22.9	
178	15.83	18.29		5.25		24.3	23.9	23.2	22.9	
179 180	15.84 15.86	18.30 18.31	5.41 5.42	5.23 5.22	25.0 25.0	24.2 24.1	23.9 23.9	23.1 23.1	22.9 23.0	
181	15.87	18.32	5.42	5.22	25.0		24.0	23.0	23.0	
182	15.89	18.34	5.42	5.19		24.0	24.0	22.9	23.0	
183	15.90	18.35	5.43			23.9	24.0	22.9	23.0	
184	15.92	18.36						22.8		
185	15.93	18.37	5.43			23.8		22.8		
186	15.95	18.39	5.43	5.13	25.1	23.7	24.0	22.7	23.0	
187	15.96	18.40	5.44	5.12	25.1	23.7	24.0	22.6	23.0	21.7
188	15.97	18.41	5.44			23.6	24.0	22.6		
189	15.99	18.42				23.5		22.5		21.6
190	16.00	18.44				23.5	24.1	22.4	23.1	21.5
191	16.02	18.45				23.4	24.1	22.4	23.1	21.4
192 193	16.03	18.46				23.3	24.1	22.3	23.1	21.4
193	16.05 16.06	18.47 18.49	5.45 5.46			23.3 23.2	24.1 24.1	22.2 22.2	23.1 23.1	21.3 21.3
195	16.08	18.50					24.1	22.2	23.1	21.3
196	16.09	18.51	5.46				24.1	22.1	23.1	21.1
197	16.11	18.52	5.46		25.3		24.2	22.0		
198	16.12	18.54					24.2	21.9		
199	16.14	18.55		4.94			24.2	21.9		
200	16.15	18.56	5.47	4.93	25.3	22.8	24.2	21.8	23.2	20.9
201	16.16	18.57	5.48				24.2	21.7	23.2	
202	16.18	18.59					24.2	21.7	23.2	
203	16.19	18.60						21.6		
204	16.21	18.61	5.48		25.3		24.2	21.5		
205	16.22	18.62					24.3	21.5		
206	16.24	18.64					24.3	21.4		
207	16.25 16.27	18.65					24.3	21.3		
208	16.27	18.66	5.49	4.81	25.4	22.3	24.3	21.3	23.3	∠∪.4

5-3. CORRECTING COOLING AND HEATING CAPACITY

5-3-1. Correcting Capacity for Changes in Air Conditions

(1)The performance curve charts (Figure 1, 2) show the change ratio of capacity and input (power consumption) according to the indoor and outdoor temperature condition when defining the rated capacity (total capacity) and rated input under the standard condition in standard piping length (5m) as "1.0".

Standard conditions:

Rated cooling capacity	Indoor D.B. 27°C / W.B. 19°C Outdoor D.B. 35°C
Rated heating capacity	

- Use the rated capacity and rated input given in "5-2.".
- The input is the single value of the outdoor unit; the input of each indoor unit must be added to obtain the total input.
- (2) The capacity of each indoor unit may be obtained by multiplying the total capacity obtained in (1) by the ratio between the individual capacity at the rated time and the total capacity at the rated time.

individual capacity at the rated time Individual capacity under stated conditions = total capacity under the stated conditions × total capacity at the rated time

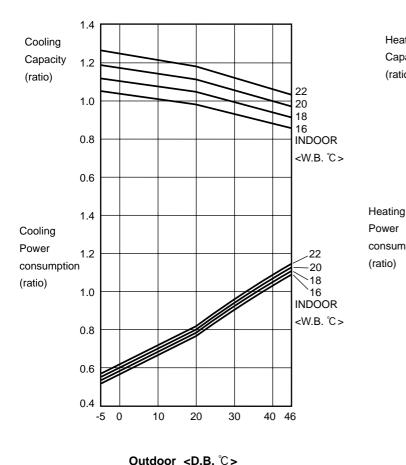
Heating

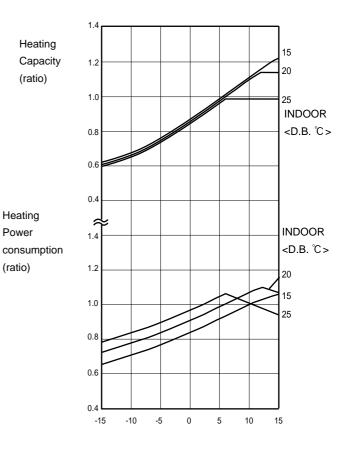
(ratio)

(3)Capacity correction factor curve

Figure 1. PUMY-P100VHM PUMY-P100VHMA PUMY-P100VHMA-BS PUMY-P125VHM PUMY-P125VHMA PUMY-P125VHMA-BS PUMY-P140VHM PUMY-P140VHMA PUMY-P140VHMA-BS Cooling performance curve

Figure 2. PUMY-P100VHM PUMY-P100VHMA PUMY-P100VHMA-BS PUMY-P125VHM PUMY-P125VHMA PUMY-P125VHMA-BS PUMY-P140VHM PUMY-P140VHMA PUMY-P140VHMA-BS Heating performance curve



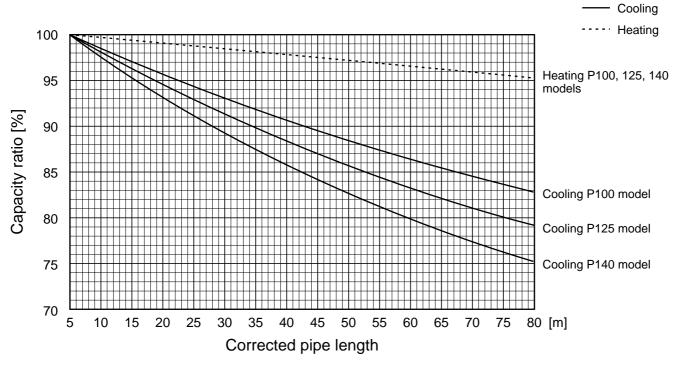


Outdoor <W.B. °C>

5-3-2. Correcting Capacity for Changes in the Length of Refrigerant Piping

- (1) During cooling, to obtain the ratio (and the equivalent piping length) of the outdoor units rated capacity and the total in-use indoor capacity, first find the capacity ratio corresponding to the standard piping length from Figure 3, and then multiply by the cooling capacity from Figure 1 to obtain the actual capacity.
- (2) During heating, to find the equivalent piping length, first find the capacity ratio corresponding to standard piping length from Figure 3, and then multiply by the heating capacity from Figure 2 to obtain the actual capacity.

(1) Capacity CORRECTION CURVE (Figure 3)



(2) Method for Obtaining the Equivalent Piping Length

Equivalent length for type $P100 \cdot 125 \cdot 140 =$ (length of piping to farthest indoor unit) + $(0.3 \times \text{number of bends in the piping})$ (m) Length of piping to farthest indoor unit: type $P100 \sim P140 \dots 80m$

5-3-3. Correction of Heating Capacity for Frost and Defrosting

If heating capacity has been reduced due to frost formation or defrosting, multiply the capacity by the appropriate correction factor from the following table to obtain the actual heating capacity.

Correction factor diagram

Outdoor Intake temperature (W.B.°C)	6	4	2	0	-2	-4	-6	-8	-10
Correction factor	1.0	0.98	0.89	0.88	0.89	0.9	0.95	0.95	0.95

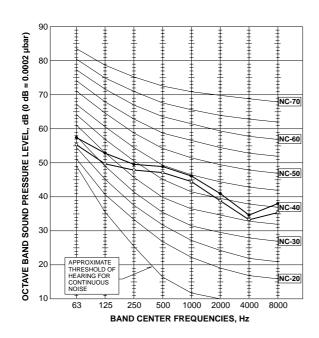
5-4. NOISE CRITERION CURVES

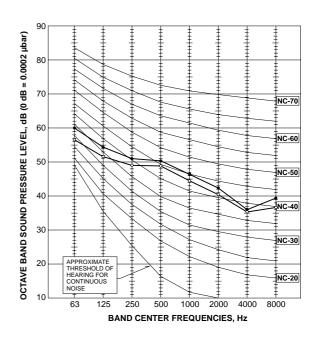
PUMY-P100VHM PUMY-P100VHMA(-BS)

MODE	SPL(dB)	LINE
COOLING	49	9
HEATING	51	•—•



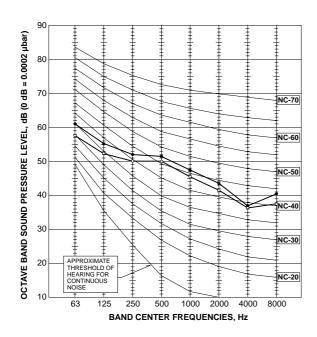
MODE	SPL(dB)	LINE
COOLING	50	$\bigcup_{i=1}^{\infty}$
HEATING	52	•

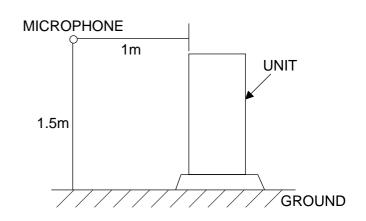




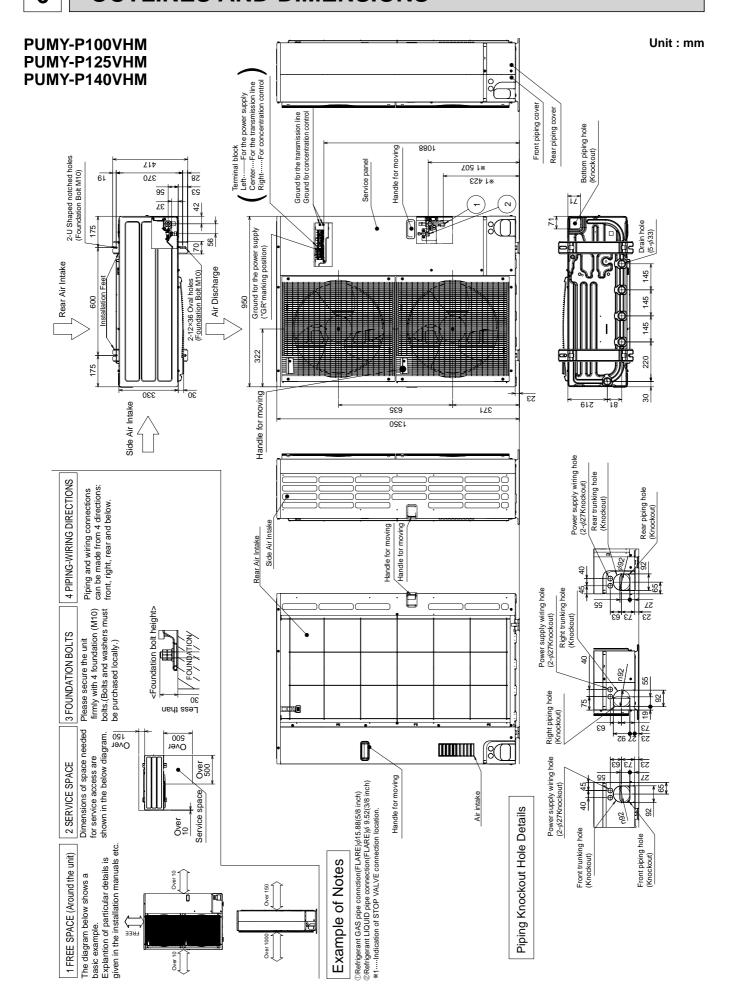
PUMY-P140VHM PUMY-P140VHMA(-BS)

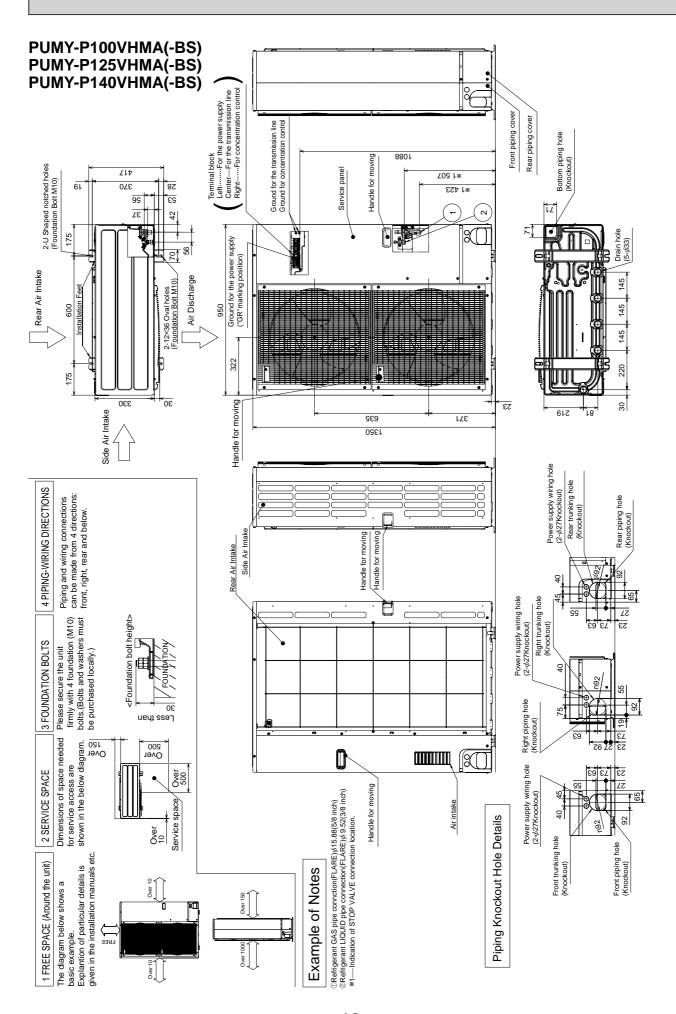
MODE	SPL(dB)	LINE
COOLING	51	\rightarrow
HEATING	53	•—•





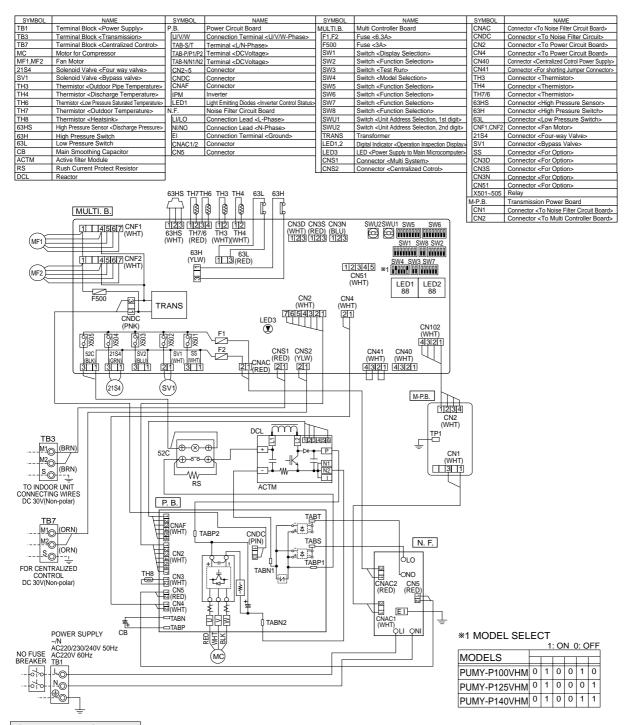
OUTLINES AND DIMENSIONS





WIRING DIAGRAM

PUMY-P100VHM PUMY-P125VHM PUMY-P140VHM



Cautions when Servicing

- <u>MARNING</u>: When the main supply is turned off, the voltage[340V] in the main capacitor will drop to 20V in approx. 2 minutes (input voltage:240V). When servicing,make sure that LED1, LED2 on the outdoor circuit board goes out, and then wait for at least 1 minute.
- Components other than the outdoor board may be faulty: Check and take corrective action, referring to the service manual.
 Do not replace the outdoor board without checking.

NOTES:

1.Refer to the wiring diagrams of the indoor units for details on wiring of each indoor unit.

Self-diagnosis function

The indoor and outdoor units can be diagnosed automatically using the self-diagnosis switch (SW1) and LED1, LED2 (LED indication) found on the multi-controller of the outdoor unit.

LED indication : Set all contacts of SW1 to OFF.

- During normal operation
- The LED indicates the drive state of the controller in the outdoor unit.

Bit	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Indication	Compressor operated	52C	21S4	SV1	(SV2)	ı	ı	Always lit

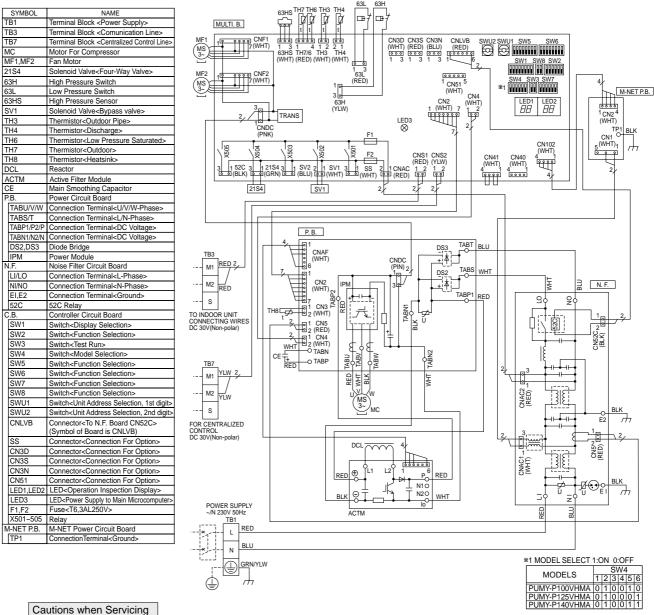
• When fault requiring inspection has occurred

The LED alternately indicates the inspection code and the location of the unit in which the fault has occurred.

[Example]
When the compressor and
SV1 are turned on during cooling



PUMY-P100VHMA(-BS) PUMY-P125VHMA(-BS) PUMY-P140VHMA(-BS)



Cautions when Servicing

MARNING: When the main supply is turned off, the voltage [340 V] in the main capacitor will drop to 20 V in approx. 2 minutes (input voltage: 240 V). When servicing, make sure that LED1, LED2 on the outdoor circuit board goes out, and then wait for at least 1 minute. Components other than the outdoor board may be faulty: Check and take corrective action, referring to the service manual.

NOTES:

- 1.Refer to the wiring diagrams of the indoor units for details on wiring of each indoor unit.
 - Self-diagnosis function

The indoor and outdoor units can be diagnosed automatically using the self-diagnosis switch (SW1) and LED1, LED2 (LED indication) found on the multi-controller of the outdoor unit.

- LED indication: Set all contacts of SW1 to OFF.
- · During normal operation

The LED indicates the drive state of the controller in the outdoor unit.

Do not replace the outdoor board without checking.

Bit	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Indication	Compressor operated	52C	21S4	SV1	(SV2)	_	1	Always lit

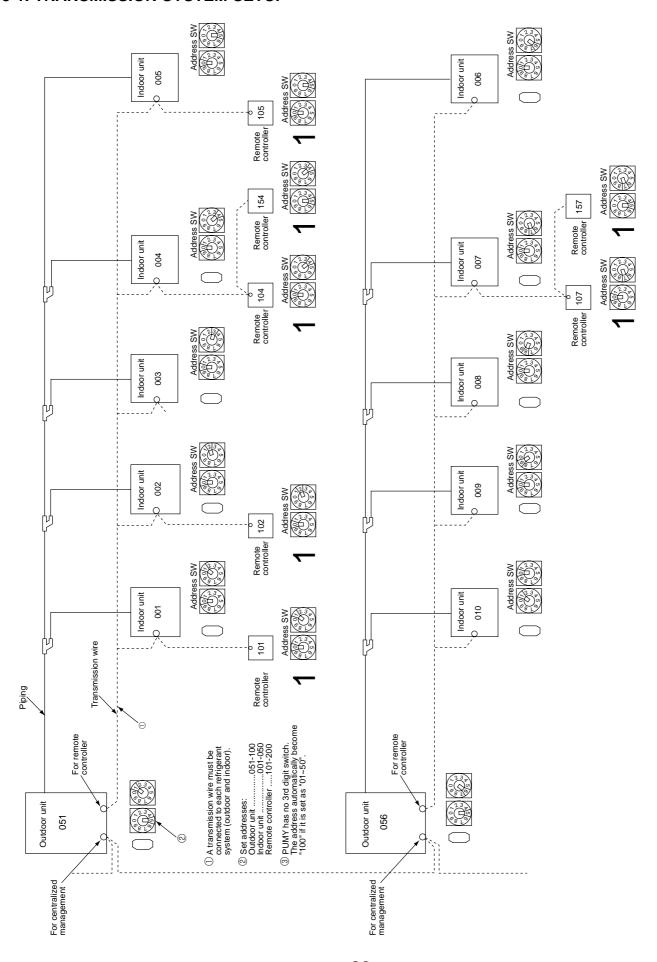
When fault requiring inspection has occurred

The LED alternately indicates the inspection code and the location of the unit in which the fault has occurred.

[Example] When the compressor and SV1 are turned on during cooling operation.

NECESSARY CONDITIONS FOR SYSTEM CONSTRUCTION

8-1. TRANSMISSION SYSTEM SETUP



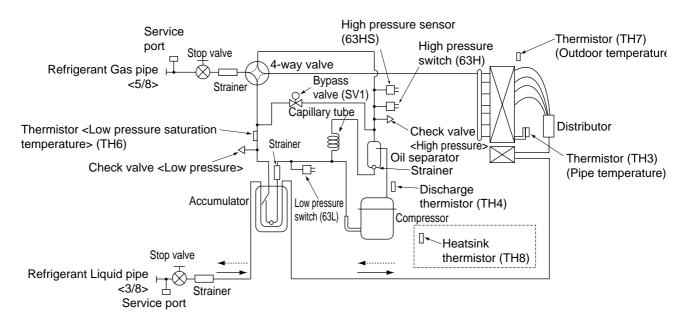
Unit:mm<inch>

8-2. REFRIGERANT SYSTEM DIAGRAM

PUMY-P100VHM PUMY-P125VHM PUMY-P100VHMA PUMY-P125VHMA PUMY-P100VHMA-BS PUMY-P125VHMA-BS

PUMY-P140VHM PUMY-P140VHMA PUMY-P140VHMA-BS

Refrigerant flow in cooling
Refrigerant flow in heating



Capillary tube for oil separator : $\phi 2.5 \times \phi 0.8 \times L1000$

Refrigerant piping specifications < dimensions of flared connector>

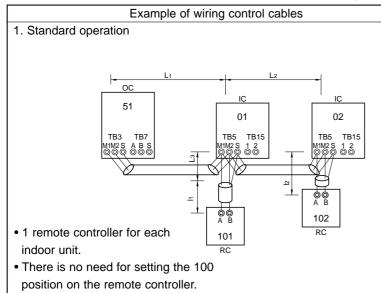
Capacity	Item	Liquid piping	Gas piping	
	P15, P20, P25, P32, P40, P50	φ6.35<1/4>	φ12.7<1/2>	
Indoor unit	P63, P80, P100	φ9.52<3/8>	φ15.88<5/8>	
	P125, P140	φ9.52<5/6>		
Outdoor unit	P100, P125, P140	φ9.52<3/8>	φ15.88<5/8>	

8-3. SYSTEM CONTROL

Example for the System

• Example for wiring control cables, wiring method and address setting, permissible lengths, and the prohibited items are listed in the standard system with detailed explanation.

A. Example of a M-NET remote controller system (address setting is necessary.)



 a. Use feed wiring to connect terminals M1 and M2 on transmission cable block (TB3) for the outdoor unit (OC) to terminals M1 and M2 on the transmission cable block (TB5) of each indoor unit (IC). Use non-polarized 2 wire.

Wiring Method and Address Setting

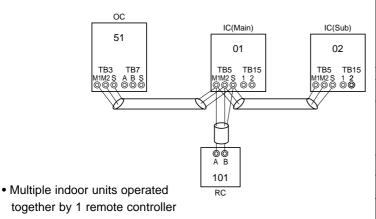
- b. Connect terminals M1 and M2 on transmission cable terminal block (TB5) for each indoor unit with the terminal block (TB6) for the remote controller (RC).
- c. Set the address setting switch (on outdoor unit P.C.B.) as shown below.

Unit	Range	Setting Method
Indoor unit (IC)	001 to 050	
Outdoor unit		Use the smallest
(OC)	051 to 100	address of all the indoor unit plus 50.
Remote controller (RC)	101 to 150	Indoor unit address plus 100.

- 2. Operation using two remote controllers
- OC 01 02 TB5 TB15 TB5 TB15 00 00 66 A B • Using 2 remote controllers 101 151 102 152 RC RC RC RC for each indoor unit. (Main) (Sub)
- a. Same as above.
- b. Same as above.
- c. Set address switch (on outdoor unit P.C.B.) as shown below.

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3. Group operation



- a. Same as above.
- b. Connect terminals M1 and M2 on transmission cable terminal block (TB5) of the IC main unit with the most recent address within the same indoor unit (IC) group to terminal block (TB6) on the remote controller.
- Set the address setting switch (on outdoor unit P.C.B.) as shown below.

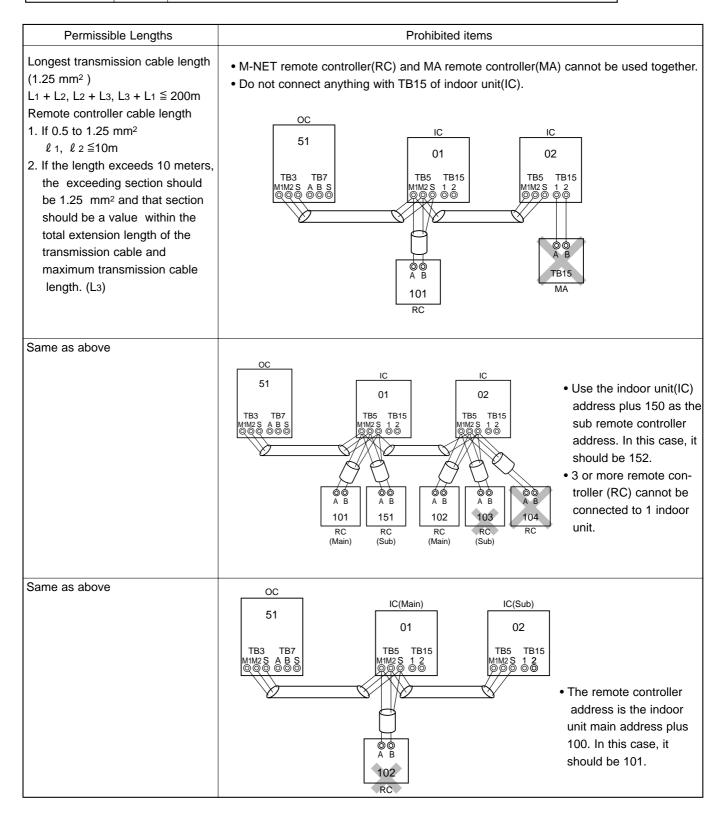
Unit	Range	Setting Method
IC (Main)	001 to 050	Use the smallest address within the
, ,		same group of indoor units.
		Use an address, other than that of
IC (Sub)	001 to 050	the IC (Main) from among the units
(5 4.5)		within the same group of indoor
		units. This must be in sequence with
		the IC (Main).
Outdoor Unit	051 to 100	Use the smallest address of all the
Outdoor Offic	001 10 100	indoor units plus 50.
Main Remote	101 to 150	Set at an IC (Main) address within
Controller	101 10 130	the same group plus 100.
Sub Remote	454 += 000	Set at an IC (Main) address within
Controller	151 to 200	the same group plus 150.

d. Use the indoor unit (IC) within the group with the most functions as the IC (Main) unit.

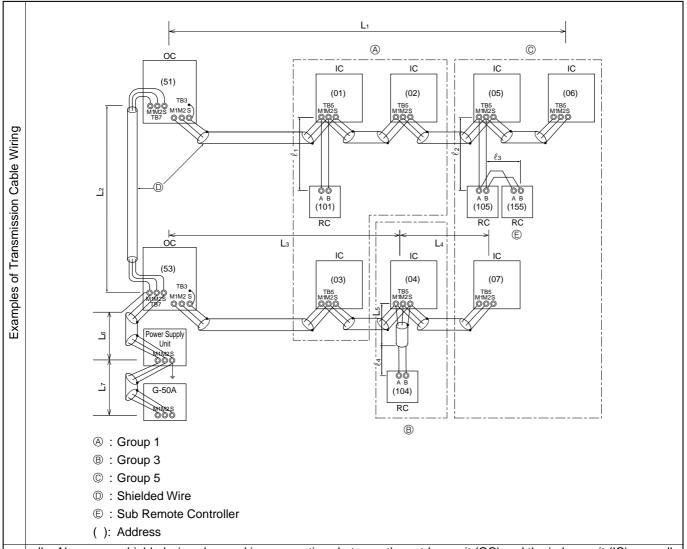
Combinations of 1through 3 above are possible.

• Name, Symbol and the Maximum Remote controller Units for Connection

Name	Symbol	Maximum units for connection			
Outdoor unit	OC	_			
Indoor unit	IC	1 OC unit can be connected to 1-8 IC units (P100 : 1-6 IC units)			
M-NET remote controller	RC	Maximum 2 RC for 1 indoor unit, Maximum 16 RC for 1 OC			



B. Example of a group operation system with 2 or more outdoor units and a M-NET remote controller. (Address settings are necessary.)



- slla. Always use shielded wire when making connections between the outdoor unit (OC) and the indoor unit (IC), as well for all OC-OC, and IC-IC wiring intervals.
- b. Use feed wiring to connect terminals M1 and M2 and the ground terminal on the transmission cable terminal block (TB3) of each outdoor unit (OC) to terminals M1 and M2 on the terminal S on the transmission cable block of the indoor unit (IC).
- c. Connect terminals M1 and M2 on the transmission cable terminal block of the indoor unit (IC) that has the most recent address within the same group to the terminal block on the remote controller (RC).
- d. Connect together terminals M1, M2 and terminal S on the terminal block for central control (TB7) for the outdoor unit (OC).
- e. DO NOT change the jumper connector CN41 on MULTI controller board.
- f. The earth processing of S terminal for the centralized control terminal block(TB7) is unnecessary. Connect the terminal S on the power supply unit with the earth.
- g. Set the address setting switch as follows.

Unit	Range	Setting Method		
IC (Main)	01 to 50	Use the smallest address within the same group of indoor units.		
IC (Sub) 01 to 50		Use an address, other than the IC (Main) in the same group of indoor units. This must be in sequence with the IC (Main).		
Outdoor Unit	51 to 100	Use the smallest address of all the indoor units plus 50.		
		*The address automatically becomes "100" if it is set as "01 - 50".		
Main Remote Controller	101 to 150	Set at an IC (Main) address within the same group plus 100.		
Sub Remote Controller	151 to 200	Set at an IC (Main) address within the same group plus 150.		
MA Remote Controller —		Unnecessary address setting (Necessary main/ sub setting)		

h. The group setting operations among the multiple indoor units is done by the remote controller (RC) after the electrical power has been turned on.

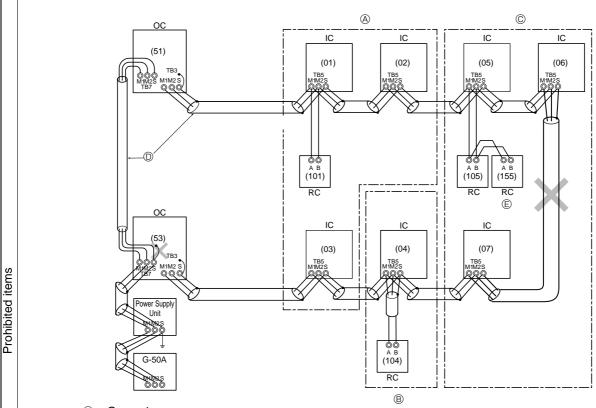
• Name, Symbol, and the Maximum Units for Connection

• Longest length via outdoor units : L1+L2+L3+L4, L1+L2+L3+L5, L1+L2+L6+L7 ≦ 500 meters (1.25mm²) Permissible Length

• Longest transmission cable length : L1, L3+L4, L3+L5, L6, L2+L6, L7 \leq 200 meters (1.25mm²)

• Remote controller cable length : ℓ 1, ℓ 2, ℓ 2+ ℓ 3, ℓ 4 \leqq 10 meters (0.5 to 1.25mm²)

If the length exceeds 10 meters, use a 1.25 mm² shielded wire. The length of this section (L8) should be included in the calculation of the maximum length and overall length.



(A): Group 1

®: Group 3

©: Group 5

①: Shielded Wire

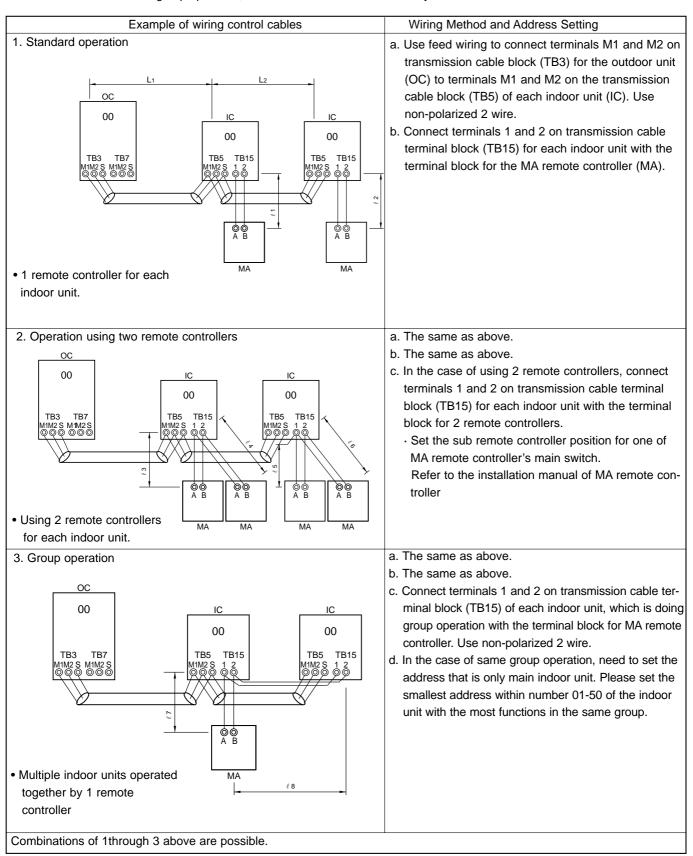
(E): Sub Remote Controller

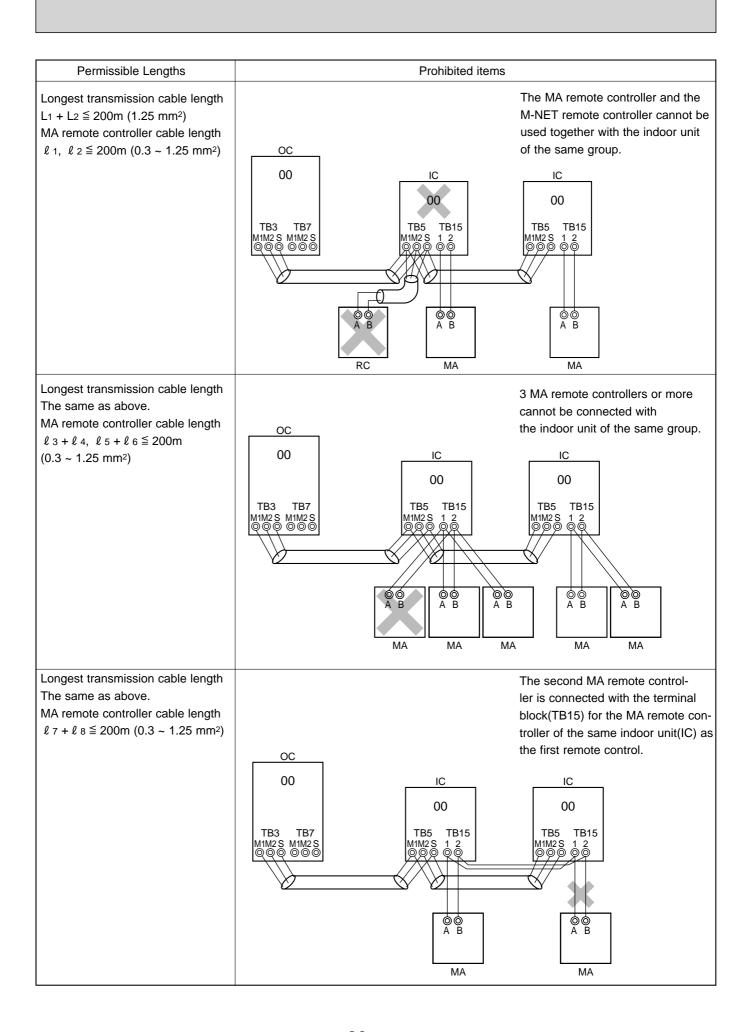
(): Address

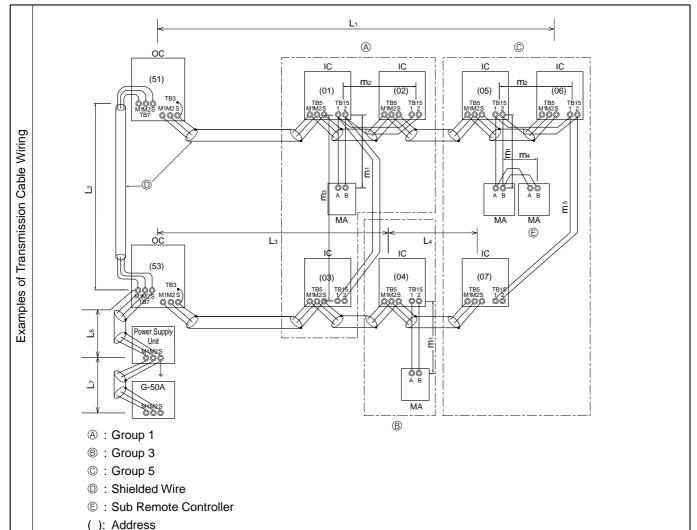
- Never connect together the terminal blocks (TB5) for transmission wires for indoor units (IC) that have been connected to different outdoor units (OC).
- Set all addresses to ensure that they are not overlapped.
- M-NET remote controller and MA remote controller cannot be connected with the indoor unit of the same group wiring together.

C. Example of a MA remote controller system (address setting is not necessary.)

NOTE: In the case of same group operation, need to set the address that is only main indoor unit.







- a. Always use shielded wire when making connections between the outdoor unit (OC) and the indoor unit (IC), as well for all OC-OC, and IC-IC wiring intervals.
- b. Use feed wiring to connect terminals M1 and M2 and the ground terminal on the transmission cable terminal block (TB3) of each outdoor unit (OC) to terminals M1 and M2 on the terminal S on the transmission cable block of the indoor unit (IC).
- c. Connect terminals M1 and M2 on the transmission cable terminal block of the indoor unit (IC) that has the most recent address within the same group to the terminal block on the remote controller (RC).
- d. Connect together terminals M1, M2 and terminal S on the terminal block for central control (TB7) for the outdoor unit (OC).
- e. DO NOT change the jumper connector CN41 on MULTI controller board.
- f. The earth processing of S terminal for the centralized control terminal block (TB7) is unnecessary. Connect the terminal S on the power supply unit with the earth.
- g. Set the address setting switch as follows.

Wiring Method Address Settings

Unit Range		Setting Method			
IC (Main) 01 to 50		Use the smallest address within the same group of indoor units.			
IC (Sub) 01 to 50		Use an address, other than the IC (Main) in the same group of indoor units. This must be in sequence with the IC (Main).			
Outdoor Unit	51 to 100	Use the smallest address of all the indoor units plus 50.			
		*The address automatically becomes "100" if it is set as "01 - 50".			
Main Remote Controller	101 to 150	Set at an IC (Main) address within the same group plus 100.			
Sub Remote Controller	151 to 200	Set at an IC (Main) address within the same group plus 150.			
MA Remote Controller —		Unnecessary address setting (Necessary main/ sub setting)			

h. The group setting operations among the multiple indoor units is done by the remote controller (RC) after the electrical power has been turned on.

• Name, Symbol, and the Maximum Units for Connection

Permissible Length

Longest length via outdoor unit (M-NET cable): $L_1+L_2+L_3+L_4$ and $L_1+L_2+L_6+L_7 \le 500$ m (1.25 mm² or more) Longest transmission cable length (M-NET cable): L_1 and L_3+L_4 and L_6 and L_2+L_6 and $L_7 \le 200$ m (1.25 mm² or more) Remote controller cable length: m1 and m1+m2+m3 and m1+m2+m3+m4 ≤ 200 m (0.3 to 1.25 mm²)

(A) IC IC IC IC (51) (05) **⊚ ⊚** A B MA (53)) (_{твз} (03)(04)(07)Prohibited items Unit MA ®

- (A): Group 1
- ®: Group 3
- ©: Group 5
- ① : Shielded Wire
- © : Sub Remote Controller
- (): Address
- Never connect together the terminal blocks (TB5) for transmission wires for indoor units (IC) that have been connected to different outdoor units (OC).
- M-NET remote controller and MA remote controller cannot be connected with the indoor unit of the same group wiring together.

9

TROUBLESHOOTING

9-1. CHECK POINTS FOR TEST RUN

9-1-1. Procedures of test run

- (1) Before test run, make sure that following work is completed.
 - · Installation related :

Make sure that the panel of cassette type and electrical wiring is done.

Otherwise electrical functions like auto vane will not operate normally.

· Piping related :

Perform leakage test of refrigerant and drain piping.

Make sure that all joints are perfectly insulated.

Check stop valves on both liquid and gas side for full open.

• Electrical wiring related :

Check ground wire, transmission cable, remote controller cable, and power supply cable for secure connection.

Make sure that all switch settings of address or adjustments for special specification systems are correctly settled.

(2) Safety check

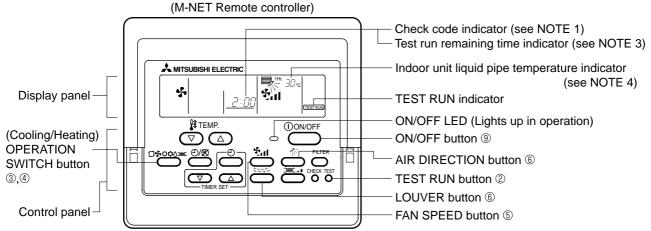
With the insulation tester of 500V, inspect the insulation resistance.

Do not touch the transmission cable and remote controller cable with the tester.

The resistance should be over 1.0 M . Do not proceed inspection if the resistance is under 1.0 M

Inspect between the outdoor unit power supply terminal block and ground first, metallic parts like refrigerant pipes or the electrical box next, then inspect all electrical wiring of outdoor unit, indoor unit, and all linked equipment.

- (3) Before operation:
 - a) Turn the power supply switch of the outdoor unit on for compressor protection. For a test run, wait at least 12 hours from this point.
 - b) Register control systems into remote controller(s). Never touch the on/ off switch of the remote controller(s). Refer to 9-1-2. Special Function Operation and Settings (for M-NET Remote Controller), this registration is unnecessary.
- (4) More than 12 hours later from power supply to the outdoor unit, turn all power switch on for test run. Perform test run according to the "Operation procedure" table of the bottom of this page. While test running, make test run reports.
- (5) When you deliver the unit after test run, instruct the end user for proper usage of the system using owners' manual and the test run report you made to certificate normal operation. If abnormalities are detected during test run, refer to "9-1-3. Countermeasures for Error During Test Run". As for DIP switch setting of outdoor unit, refer to "9-5. INTERNAL SWITCH FUNCTION TABLE".



	Operation procedure
1	Turn on the main power supply of all units at least 12 hours before test run. "HO" appears on display panel for 3 min.
2	12 hours later, press TEST RUN button twice to perform test run. "TEST RUN " appears on display panel.
3	Press OPERATION SWITCH button to make sure that air blows out.
4	Select Cooling (or Heating) by OPERATION SWITCH button to make sure that cool (or warm) air blow out.
5	Press Fan speed button to make sure that fan speed is changed by the button.
6	Press AIR DIRECTION button or LOUVER button to make sure that air direction is adjustable(horizontal, downward, upward, and each angle).
7	Check outdoor fans for normal operation.
8	Check interlocked devices (like ventilator) for normal operation, if any. This is the end of test run operation.
9	Press ON/OFF button to stop and cancel test run.

- NOTE 1: If error code appears on remote controller or remote controller malfunction, refer to "9-1-3. Countermeasures for Error During Run".
- NOTE 2 : During test run operation 2-hours off timer activates automatically and remaining time is on remote controller and test run stops 2-hours later.
- NOTE 3: During test run, the indoor liquid pipe temperature is displayed on remote controller instead of room temperature.
- NOTE 4: Depend on a model, "This function is not available" appears when air direction button is pressed. However, this is not malfunction.

9-1-2. Special Function Operation and Settings (for M-NET Remote Controller)

- It is necessary to perform "group settings" and "paired settings" at making group settings of different refrigerant systems (multiple outdoor unit).
 - (A) Group settings: Enter the indoor unit controlled by the remote controller, check the content of entries, and clear entries, etc.
- (B) Paired settings: Used to set the linked operation of a Lossnay unit.
- (1) Entering address: Follow the steps below to enter the addresses of the indoor unit using the remote controller.

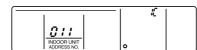
a) Group settings

- Turning off the remote controller: Press the ON/OFF button to stop operation (the indicator light will go off).
- Changing to indoor unit address display mode: If the FILTER and buttons on the remote controller are pressed simultaneously and held for 2 seconds, the display shown in Figure 1 will appear.
- Changing address: Press the temperature adjustment _____buttons to change the displayed address to the address to be entered.
- Entering the displayed address: Press the TEST RUN button to enter the indoor unit with the displayed address. The type of the unit will be displayed as shown in Figure 2 if entry is completed normally. If a selected indoor unit does not exist, an error signal will be displayed as shown in Figure 3. When this happens, check whether the indoor unit actually exists and performs entry again.
- Returning to the normal mode after completing entry: Press the FILTER and buttons simultaneously and hold for 2 seconds to return to the normal mode.

Figure 1 (A) Group setting display



Figure 2 Normal completion of entry



Type of unit is displayed

Figure 3 Entry error signal



Flashing "88" indicates entry error

b) Paired Settings

- Turn off the remote controller: Press the remote controller's ON/OFF button to turn it off (the indicator light will go off).
- Put in indoor unit address display mode: Press the FILTER and buttons on the remote controller simultaneously and hold for 2 seconds.
- * The above steps are the same as a) Group settings.
- Changing to the linked operation unit address display state: The display shown in Figure 4 will appear when the 🗗 🏶 🗘 button on the remote controller is pressed.
- Displaying the address of the Lossnay unit and linked indoor unit: In this situation, the indoor unit number will be the lowest address of the group. The Lossnay unit will not operate if this setting is incorrect.
- * If the temperature adjustment buttons are pressed, the address may be changed to the indoor units that are to be linked.
- * If the time setting ____ buttons are pressed, the address of the linked units may be changed to the address where it is desired to enter the Lossnay .
- Linking the Lossnay and the indoor unit: The display shown in Figure 5 will appear when the TEST RUN button is pressed. The indoor unit whose address is displayed and the Lossnay unit with a linked address will operate in a linked manner.
- * If it is desired to display the address of the Lossnay in the indoor unit address, display the indoor unit address in the linked unit address, and the above content will also be recorded.
- * Apart from the indoor unit with the lowest address in the group, display and enter the addresses of the other indoor unit that are to be linked with the Lossnay unit.
- Returning to the normal mode after completing entry: Press the FILTER and buttons on the remote controller simultaneously and hold for 2 seconds to return to the normal mode.

Figure 4 (B) Making paired settings

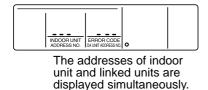
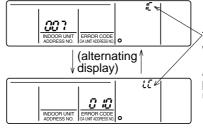


Figure 5 Completing normal entry



These alternating IC or LC displays will appear when entry is completed normally.

A flashing "88" will appear if there is a problem with the entry (indicating that the unit does not exist).

(2) Address check: Refer to section (1) regarding address entry.

a) In making group settings:

- Turn off the remote controller: Press the remote controller's ON/OFF button to stop operation (the indicator light will go off).
- Locate the indoor unit address display mode: Press the FILTER and buttons on the remote controller simultaneously and hold for 2 seconds.
- Display indoor unit address: The entered indoor units address and type will be displayed each time the button is pressed.

 * When one entry is made, only 1 address will be displayed no matter how many times the ⊕ button is pressed.
- Returning to the normal mode after completing check: Simultaneously press the FILTER and buttons on the remote controller and hold for 2 seconds to return to the normal mode.

b) In making paired settings:

- Turn off the remote controller: Press the remote controller's ON/OFF button to stop operation (the indicator light will go off).
- Put into indoor unit address display mode: Press the FILTER and buttons on the remote controller simultaneously and hold for two seconds.
- Changing to the linked operation unit address display state: Press the ☐ ⊕ ⇔ button on the remote control.
- Displaying the address of the indoor unit to be checked: Change the address to that of the indoor unit to be checked by pressing the temperature adjustment buttons .
- Displaying the address of the linked Lossnay unit: Press the ${\mathfrak O}$ button to display the addresses of the linked Lossnay and indoor unit in alternation.
- Displaying the addresses of other entered units: The addresses of the other entered units will be displayed in alternating blinking after resting the ⊕ button again.
- Returning to the normal mode after completing the check: Simultaneously press the FILTER and buttons on the remote controller and hold for 2 seconds to return to the normal mode.

(3) Clearing an address: Refer to section (1) regarding the address entry and section (2) regarding checking addresses.

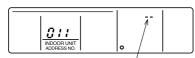
a) In making group settings:

- Turn off the remote controller: The procedure is same as a) in (2) Address check.
- Put into the indoor unit address display mode: The procedure is same as a) in (2) Address check.
- Displaying the indoor unit address to be cleared: The procedure is same as a) in (2) Address check.
- Clearing indoor unit address :Pressing the 👸-ឆ្នី- button on the remote controller twice will clear the address entry of the displayed indoor unit, resulting in the display shown in Figure 6.

The display shown in Figure 7 will appear if an abnormality occurs and the entry is not cleared. Please repeat the clearing procedure.

• Returning to the normal mode after clearing an address: The procedure is same as a) in (2) Address check.

Figure 6 Display after address has been cleared normally



"--" will appear in the room temperature display location.

Figure 7 Display when an abnormality has occurred during clearing

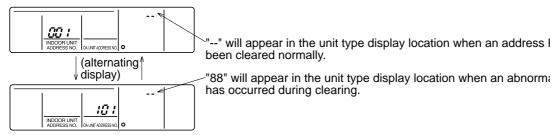


"88" will appear in the room temperature display location.

b) In making paired settings:

- Turn off the remote controller: The procedure is same as b) in (2) Address check.
- Put into the indoor unit address display mode: The procedure is same as b) in (2) Address check.
- Put into the linked unit address display mode: The procedure is same as b) in (2) Address check.
- Display the address of the Lossnay unit or the indoor unit to be cleared.
- Deleting the address of a linked indoor unit: Pressing the 👸 🗗 🕏 to button on the remote controller twice will clear the address entry of the displayed indoor unit, resulting in the display shown in Figure 8.
- Returning to the normal mode after clearing an address: The procedure is same as b) in (2) Address check.

Figure 8 Display after address has been cleared normally



9-1-3. Countermeasures for Error During Test Run

• If a problem occurs during test run, a code number will appear in the temperature display area on the remote controller (or LED on the outdoor unit), and the air conditioning system will automatically cease operating. Determine the nature of the abnormality and apply corrective measures.

	Travelle	Detected unit			Devende	
Check code	Trouble		Outdoor	Remote controller	Remarks	
0403	Serial transmission trouble		0	00.111.011.01	Outdoor unit Multi controller board ~ Power board communication trouble	
1102	Discharge temperature trouble		0		Check delay code 1202	
1300	Low Pressure trouble		Ō		Check delay code 1400	
1302	High pressure trouble		Ō		Check delay code 1402	
1500	Excessive refrigerant replenishment		Ŏ		Check delay code 1600	
1501	Insufficient refrigerant trouble		Ŏ		Check delay code 1601	
1505	Vacuum operation protection		Ō			
2500	Water leakage	0				
2502	Drain pump trouble	Ō	0			
2503	Drain sensor trouble (THd)	Ö				
4100	Overcurrent trouble (Overload, compressor lock)		0		Check delay code 4350	
4115	Power synchronization signal trouble		0		Check delay code 4165	
4220	Inverter trouble		0		Check delay code 4320	
4230	Overheat protection of radiator panel		0		Check delay code 4330	
4250	Power module trouble or Overcurrent trouble		0		Check delay code 4350	
4400	Fan controller trouble (Outdoor)		0		Check delay code 4500	
4400	,				Check delay code 4500	
5101	Air inlet sensor trouble (TH21) or	0			Oh sala dalam as da 4000	
	Discharge temperature sensor trouble (TH4)		0		Check delay code 1202	
5102	Liquid pipe temp.sensor trouble (TH22) or	0				
	Low pressure saturated temp.sensor trouble (TH6)		0		Check delay code 1211	
5103	Gas pipe temperature sensor trouble (TH23)	0				
5105	Piping temperature sensor trouble (TH3)		0		Check delay code 1205	
5106	Outdoor temperature sensor trouble (TH7)		0		Check delay code 1221	
5110	Heatsink temperature sensor trouble (TH8)		0		Check delay code 1214	
5201	Pressure sensor trouble (63HS)		0		Check delay code 1402	
5300	Current sensor trouble	_	0		Check delay code 4310	
6600	Duplicated unit address setting	0	0	0	Only M-NET Remote controller is detected.	
6602	Transmission error (Transmission processor hardware error)	0	0	0	Only M-NET Remote controller is detected.	
6603	Transmission error (Transmission route BUSY)	0	0	0	Only M-NET Remote controller is detected.	
6606	Transmission and reception error (Communication trouble with transmission processor)	0	0	0	Only M-NET Remote controller is detected.	
6607	Transmission and reception error (No ACK error)	0		0	Only M-NET Remote controller is detected.	
6608	Transmission and reception error (No responsive frame error)	0		0	Only M-NET Remote controller is detected.	
6831	MA communication receive signal error (no receive signal)	0		0	Only MA Remote controller is detected.	
6832	MA communication send signal error (starting bit derection error)	0		0	Only MA Remote controller is detected.	
6833	MA communication send error (H/W error)	0		0	Only MA Remote controller is detected.	
6834	MA communication receive error (Synchronous recovery error)	0		0	Only MA Remote controller is detected.	
7100	Total capacity error		0			
7101	Capacity code error	0	0			
7102	Connecting unit number error		0			
7105	Address set error		0			
7111	Remote controller sensor trouble			\circ		

NOTE)

When the outdoor unit detects No ACK error/ No responsive frame error, an object indoor unit is treated as a stop, and not assumed to be abnormal.

Self-diagnosis function

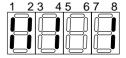
The indoor and outdoor units can be diagnosed automatically using the self-diagnosis switch (SW1) and LED1, LED2 (LED indication) found on the multi-controller of the outdoor unit. LED indication: Set all contacts of SW1 to OFF.

During normal operation

The LED indicates the drive state of the controller in the outdoor unit.

Bit	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Indication	Compressor operated	52C	21S4	SV1	(SV2)	_	_	Always lit

[Example]
When the compressor and
SV1 are turned during cooling
operation.



Display	Abnormal point and detecting method	Causes	Check points
1102	High discharging temperature	① Over-heated compressor operation is	Check intake super heat.
	Abnormal if discharge temperature thermistor	caused by shortage of refrigerant	Check leakage of refrigerant.
	(TH4) exceeds 125°C or 110°C continuously	② Defective operation of stop valve	Charge additional refrigerant.
	for 5 minutes.	3 Defective thermistor	② Check if stop valve is full open.
	Abnormal if pressure detected by high pressure	Defective outdoor controller board	③④ Turn off and check if 5101 is
	sensor and converted to saturation temperature	Defective action of linear expansion	displayed when the power is put
	exceeds 40°C during defrosting and discharge	valve	again. When 5101 is displayed, refer
	temperature thermistor (TH4) exceeds 110°C.		to "Check points" for 5101.
	1 (001 de- 1)	© 01	⑤ Check linear expansion valve.
1300	Low pressure (63L worked) Abnormal if 63L is worked (under- 0.03MPa)	 Stop valve of outdoor unit is closed during operation. 	① Check stop valve.
	during compressor operation.	② Disconnection or loose connection of	②~④ Check the connector (63L) on outdoor
	63L: Low-pressure switch	connector (63L) on outdoor controller	controller board.
	Joseph Procedure Switch	board	controller board.
		③ Disconnection or loose connection of 63L	
		Defective outdoor controller board	
		⑤ Leakage or shortage of refrigerant	⑤ Correct to proper amount of refrigerant.
		Malfunction of linear expansion valve	Check linear expansion valve.
1302	(1) High pressure (High-pressure switch	① Short cycle of indoor unit	①~⑥ Check indoor unit and repair
	63H worked)	② Clogged filter of indoor unit	defectives.
	Abnormal if high-pressure switch 63H is	③ Decreased airflow caused by dirt of	
	worked	indoor fan	
	(*) during compressor operation.	Dirt of indoor heat exchanger	
	* 4.15 MPa	⑤ Locked indoor fan motor	
	62LL Lligh procesure queitab	Malfunction of indoor fan motor Defective apprecian of step yelve	Charle if aton valve in full onen
	63H: High-pressure switch	⑦ Defective operation of stop valve (Not full open)	① Check if stop valve is full open.
	(2) High pressure	Clogged or broken pipe	Check piping and repair defectives.
	(High - pressure sensor 63HS detect)	Locked outdoor fan motor	Shook piping and repair defectives: Shook piping and repair defec
	Abnormal if high-pressure sensor detects	Malfunction of outdoor fan motor	defectives.
	4.31MPa or more (or over 4.15MPa for	Short cycle of outdoor unit	
	3 minutes) during the compressor operation.	© Dirt of outdoor heat exchanger	
		Decreased airflow caused by defective	Check the inspected temperature of
		inspection of outside temperature	outside temperature thermistor on
		thermistor (It detects lower temperature	LED display.
		than actual temperature.)	
		Disconnection or contact failure of	[®] Check the connector (63H) on outdoor
		connector (63H) on outdoor controller	controller board.
		board	
		(b) Disconnection or contact failure of 63H connection	
		Defective outdoor controller board	
		Defective outdoor controller board Defective action of linear expansion	Check linear expansion valve.
		valve	Shook iinoan oxpanoion varvo.
		® Malfunction of fan driving circuit	® Replace outdoor controller board.
		Solenoid valve (SV1) performance	Check the solenoid valve performance.
		failure (High-pressure cannot be	
		controlled by SV1)	
		② High-pressure sensor defective	② Check the high-pressure sensor.
		High-pressure sensor input circuit	② Check the high-pressure sensor.
		defective in multi controller board.	
1500	Too low superheat due to less discharge	① Disconnection or loose connection of	①② Check the installation conditions of
	Too low superheat due to low discharge temperature	discharge temperature thermistor. (TH4)	
	Abnormal if discharge super heat is	② Defective holder of discharge temperature	
	continuously detected less than or equal to	thermistor.	
	-15°C even though linear expansion valve has		
	minimum open pulse after compressor starts		
	operating for 10 minutes.		

Dionie		I	
Display	Abnormal point and detecting method	Causes	Check points
1501	Refrigerant shortage When the conditions of below detecting mode I or II are satisfied during the compressor operation.	Gas leakage, Gas shortage When heating operation, scant refrigerant operation (When heating, air flow or thermo OFF are mixed-	Check the refrigerant amount. Check the operation condition and refrigerant amount.
	<detecting i="" mode=""> When the below conditions are satisfied completely. Compressor is operating in HEAT mode. Discharge super heat is 80°C or more. Difference of outer temperature thermistor (TH7) and outdoor piping temp. thermistor (TH3) applies to the formula of (TH7-TH3) High-pressure sensor is below about 2.04MPa. Detecting mode II > When the below conditions are satisfied completely. Compressor is operating. When cooling, discharge super heat is 80°C or more. When heating, discharge super heat is 90°C or more. High pressure sensor is below about 2.32MPa. </detecting>	operation, it cause a refrigerant shortage operation.) 3 Ball valve performance failure (not full opened.) 4 Error detection of discharge super heat 1) High-pressure sensor defective 2) Discharge temperature thermistor defective 3) Thermistor input circuit defective and high-pressure sensor defective in multi controller board	3 Check the ball valve is full opened. 4 1) Check the resistance of discharge temperature thermistor. 3) According to "Outdoor unit functions", set the SW2 and check the high-pressure sensor level. According to "Outdoor unit functions", check the discharge temp. thermistor level. When the high-pressure sensor and discharge temp. thermistor are normal if the above mentioned detecting pressure level and temp. are big different from the actual pressure and temp. replace the multi controller board.
		Error detection of TH7/TH3 1) Thermistor defective 2) Thermistor input circuit defective in multi controller board	 Check the resistance of thermistor. According to "Outdoor unit functions", check the outdoor pipe temp. thermistor level. According to "Outdoor unit functions", check the outer temp. thermistor level.
2500 (Float switch model)	Water leakage 1. Suspensive abnormality when float switch detects to be in the water and drain pump turns on and off except during cooling or dry mode. 2. Abnormal when detecting that the drain pump turns on and off again within 1 hour after the detection of water leakage suspensive abnormality, and repeats the detection twice. <2500> is displayed. 3. The unit continues to detect abnormality while turned off. 4. To release water leakage suspensive abnormality · When not detecting that the drain pump turns off and on within 1 hour after detecting suspensive abnormality. · When turning to cooling operation or dry operation. · Detected that [liquid pipe temperature − room temperature]≦ -10deg[-18°F]	Defective drain Clogged drain pump Clogged drain pipe Adverse flow of drain in other units Defective moving part of float switch Foreign matter on the moving part of float switch(ex. sludge etc.) Defective float switch	Check the drain function. Check moving part of float switch. Check the value of resistance with the float switch ON/OFF.
	Operation mode: When drain pump turns on a	 ←→	ept during cooling/dry mode
	Drain pump ON OFF		
	Float switch ON OFF 15 sec. 1 15 sec.	15 sec. 15 sec.	15 sec.
	In the water In th Water leakage suspe	In the water In the air ensive abnormality	In the water Water leakage abnormality
		Within 1 hour Within 1	1 hour

Display	Abnormal point and detecting method	Causes	Check points
2502	Drain pump (DP)	Malfunction of drain pump	① Check if drain-up machine works.
(Drain	① Let drain sensor self-heated, and if	② Defective drain	② Check drain function.
sensor	temperature rises slightly, as suspensive	Clogged drain pump	
model)	abnormality operation stops and changes to	Clogged drain pipe	
	protect mode of restarting in 3 minutes.	③ Water drops on drain sensor	③ Check the setting of lead wire of drain
	② Drain pump is abnormal if the condition	Drops of drain trickles from lead wire.	sensor and check clogs of the filter.
	above is detected during suspensive	Clogged filter is causing wave of drain.	
	abnormality. <2502> is displayed.	Defective indoor controller board	Replace indoor controller board when
	③ Malfunction of drain pipe is constantly		there is no problem in the above
	detected during drain pump		mentioned ①~③.
	operation.		
	④ The unit enters to forced outdoor unit stop	⑤ Both of above mentioned ①~④ and the	Check whether the indoor linear
1	when following conditions, a) and b), are	indoor linear expansion valve full-closed	expansion valve leaks or not.
	satisfied (while the above mentioned	failure (leakage) happens synchronistically.	expansion valve leaks of flot.
	detection is performed).	Tanara (raaraga) happana aynamanataany.	
	a) The drain sensor detects to be		
	soaked in the water 10 times in a row.		
	b) Detected that		
	[liquid pipe temperature –		
	room temperature]≦ -10deg[-18°F] for	(Note) Address/Attribute displayed on	
	30 minutes constantly.	the remote controller shows the indoor	
	When the drain sensor detects to be	unit which is cause of trouble.	
	NOT soaked in the water, the detection		
	record of a) and b) will be cleared.)		
	※ Drain pump abnormality (above ①~③) is		
	detected before it becomes an outdoor unit		
	forced stop condition.		
	When indoor unit detects above @ condition,		
	outdoor unit in same refrigerant sytem stops.		
	Also, indoor unit except for Fan or OFF		
	mode unit stop. <2502> is displayed on		
	stopped unit.		
	Detection timing of forced outdoor unit stop Constantly detected during unit energies.		
	Constantly detected during unit operation and stop		
	Releasing of forced outdoor unit stop		
	Reset power supply of both abnormal indoor		
	unit and its outdoor unit in same refrigerant		
	system. Forced outdoor unit stop cannot be		
	released by remote controller OFF.		
	•		
	NOTE)		
	Above-mentioned ①~③ and ④~⑦ are		
	detected independently.		

Display	Abnormal point and detecting method	Causes	Check points
2502 (Float switch model)	Drain pump (DP) ① Judge whether the sensor is in the water or in the air by turning the float switch ON/OFF. In the water: Detected that the float switch is ON for 15 seconds. In the air:Detected that the float switch is OFF for 15 seconds. ② When the float switch remains to be turned ON for 3 minutes after detected to be in the water, the drain pump is judged to be abnormal and <2502> will be displayed. *It takes 3 minutes and 15 seconds to detect abnormality including the time to judge to be in the water.	Malfunction of drain pump Defective drain Clogged drain pump Clogged drain pipe Defective moving part of float switch Foreign matter on the moving part of float switch(ex. sludge etc.) Defective float switch Defective indoor controller board Defective driving circuit of drain pump Defective input circuit of float switch	Check if drain-up machine works. Check drain function. Check moving part of float switch. Check the value of resistance with the float switch ON/OFF. Change the indoor controller board.
	 ③ The unit continue to detect abnormality while turned off. ④ When the conditions below 1, 2 and forced outdoor unit stop condition are met 1. Detected that [liquid pipe temperature – room temperature]≦ -10deg[-18°F] for 30 minutes constantly. 2. Float switch detects to be in the water for 15 minutes constantly. *Before forced outdoor unit stop condition is met, the unit always detects ①-③ above. ⑤ The indoor unit detecting ④ above stops due to detecting abnormality the outdoor unit in same refrigerant system (compressor is inhibited to operate). The unit which stops due to detecting abnormality displays <2502>. ⑥ Detection timing of forced outdoor unit stop Constantly detected during unit operation and stop ⑦ Releasing of forced outdoor unit stop Reset power supply of both abnormal indoor unit and its outdoor unit in same refrigerant system. Forced outdoor unit stop cannot be released by remote controller OFF. NOTE) Above-mentioned ①~③ and ④~② are detected independently. 	 ⑥ Both of above mentioned ①~⑤ and the indoor linear expansion valve full-closed failure (leakage) happens synchronistically. (Note) Address/Attribute displayed on the remote controller shows the indoor unit which is cause of trouble. 	© Check whether the indoor linear expansion valve leaks or not.
2503	Drain sensor (THd, DS) When the drain sensor detects short/open while the operation.	Connector (CN31) contact failure (insertion failure) Thermistor wiring disconnection or half disconnection	Check whether the indoor controller board connector (CN31) is disconnected or not. Check whether the thermistor wiring is disconnected or not.
		Thermistor defective Indoor controller board (detecting circuit) failure	 ③ Check the resistance of thermistor. ④ If abnormality is not found in the method of the above-mentioned from ① to ③, it is defective of the indoor controller board.
4100	Compressor overcurrent interruption (When compressor locked) Abnormal if overcurrent of DC bus or compressor is detected within 30 seconds after compressor starts operating.	Stop valve is closed. Decrease of power supply voltage Looseness, disconnection or converse of compressor wiring connection	Open stop valve. Check facility of power supply. Correct the wiring (U·V·W phase) to compressor. Check compressor.
		Defective compressor	Cneck compressor. Beplace outdoor power circuit board.
	Over current : 27.5A	© Defective outdoor power board	Nepiace outdoor power circuit board.

Display	Abnormal point and detecting method	Causes	Check points
4220	Overvoltage or voltage shortage Abnormal if any of followings are detected during compressor operation; • Decrease of DC bus voltage to 310V • Instantaneous decrease of DC bus voltage to 200V.	Decrease of power supply voltage Disconnection of compressor wiring Defective 52C	Check the facility of power supply. Correct the wiring (U-V-W phase) to compressor. (Outdoor power circuit board). VHM:Replace 52C. VHMA:Replace noise filter circuit board (Including 52C).
	Increase of DC bus voltage to 400V. Decrease of input current of outdoor unit to 0.1A only if operation frequency is more than or equal to 40Hz or compressor current is more than or equal to 6A.	Defective ACT module Disconnection or loose connection of CN5 on the outdoor power circuit board Defective 52C drive circuit of outdoor power circuit board Disconnection or loose connection of CN2 on the outdoor power circuit board Defective ACT module drive circuit of outdoor controller circuit board Disconnection or loose connection of CNAF	 Replace ACT module. Check CN5 wiring on the outdoor power circuit board. Replace outdoor power circuit board. Check CN2 wiring on the outdoor power circuit board. Replace outdoor power circuit board. Replace outdoor power circuit board. Check CNAF wiring. The 4220 error history can be confirmed 12345678 with SW1 No.189.
4230	Temperature of heatsink Abnormal if heatsink thermistor (TH8) detects 85°C	The outdoor fan motor is locked. Failure of outdoor fan motor Air flow path is clogged. Rise of ambient temperature	 ①② Check outdoor fan. ③ Check air flow path for cooling. ④ Check if there is something which causes temperature rise around outdoor unit. (Upper limit of ambient temperature is 46°C.) Turn off power, and on again to check if 4230 is displayed within 30 minutes.
		Defective thermistor Defective input circuit of outdoor power circuit board	 © Check thermistor <th8> temperature by micro computer.</th8> ® Replace outdoor power circuit board.
4250	(1) Power module Check abnormality by driving power module in case over current is detected.	 7 Failure of outdoor fan drive circuit Outdoor stop valve is closed. Decrease of power supply voltage Looseness, disconnection or converse of compressor wiring connection Defective compressor Defective outdoor power circuit board 	 Replace outdoor controller circuit board. Open stop valve. Check facility of power supply. Correct the wiring (U·V·W phase) to compressor. (Outdoor power circuit board). Check compressor. Replace outdoor power circuit board.
	(2) Compressor overcurrent interruption Abnormal if overcurrent DC bus or compressor is detected after compressor starts operating for 30 seconds. Over current: 27.5A	Stop valve of outdoor unit is closed. Decrease of power supply voltage Looseness, disconnection or converse of compressor wiring connection Defective fan of indoor/outdoor units Short cycle of indoor/outdoor units Defective input circuit of outdoor controller board	Open stop valve. Check facility of power supply. Correct the wiring (U·V·W phase) to compressor. (Outdoor power circuit board). Check indoor/outdoor fan. Solve short cycle. Replace outdoor controller circuit board.
		① Defective compressor	 Check compressor. Before the replacement of the outdoor controller circuit board, disconnect the wiring to compressor from the outdoor power circuit board and check the output voltage among phases, U, V, W, during test run (SW7-1 ON). No defect on board if voltage among phases (U-V, V-W and W-U) is same. Make sure to perform the voltage check with same performing frequency.
4400	Outdoor fan motor The outdoor fan motor is considered to be abnormal if the rotational frequency of fan motor is abnormal when detected during	Failure in the operation of the DC fan motor Failure in the outdoor circuit controller board	② Check the voltage of the outdoor circuit
	operation. Fan motor rotational frequency is abnormal if; • 100 rpm or below detected continuously for 15 seconds at 20°C or more outside air temperature • 50 rpm or below or 1500 rpm or more detected continuously for 1 minute.		controller board during operation. 3 Replace the outdoor circuit controller board. (when the failure is still indicated even after performing the check points ① above.)

Display	Abnormal point and detecting method	Causes	Check points
5101	Room temperature thermistor (TH21)		
	When controller detects short (high temp.)/open (low temp.) in thermistor during the operation, the operation stops and the operation changes to protect mode of restarting in 3 minutes. If the thermistor does not recover in 3 minutes, the operation stops due to detecting abnormality. In this time, <5101> is displayed. Then, if the thermistor recover in 3 minutes, it operates normally.	① Connector (CN20) contact failure	 Check whether the connector (CN20) in the indoor controller board is connected or not.
		② Thermistor wiring disconnection or half disconnection	© Check whether the thermistor wiring is disconnected or not.
		③ Thermistor failure	© Check the resistance of thermistor. $0^{\circ}\text{C}\cdots 15\text{k}\Omega$ $10^{\circ}\text{C}\cdots 9.6\text{k}\Omega$ $20^{\circ}\text{C}\cdots 6.3\text{k}\Omega$ $30^{\circ}\text{C}\cdots 4.3\text{k}\Omega$ $40^{\circ}\text{C}\cdots 3.0\text{k}\Omega$
	Short: Detected 90°C or more Open: Detected –40°C or less	Detecting circuit failure in the indoor controller board	When there is no problem in above mentioned ①②③, replace the indoor controller board.
	Discharge temperature thermistor (TH4)		controller board.
	When controller detects short/open in thermistor during the operation, the outdoor unit stops once and restarts operation in 3 minutes. When the detected temperature is normal at just before of restarting, the outdoor unit restarts.	① Connector (TH4) contact failure	Check whether the connector (TH4) in the multi controller board is connected or not.
	When controller detects short/open in thermistor at just before of restarting, the unit stops due to detecting abnormality. In this time, <5101> is displayed.	② Thermistor wiring disconnection or half disconnection	© Check whether the thermistor wiring is disconnected or not.
	③ For 10 minutes after starting compressor, for defrosting or for 3 minutes after recover of defrosting, above-mentioned short/open are not detected. Short: 216°Cor more (1kΩ) Open: 0°C or less (700kΩ) Note) When outdoor temperature thermistor (TH7) is 5°C or less on cooling,	③ Thermistor failure	$\label{eq:continuous}$ Check the resistance of thermistor. When the resistance is not below value, replace the thermistor. $0^{\circ}\text{C}\cdots$ about $700\text{k}\Omega$ $10^{\circ}\text{C}\cdots$ about $410\text{k}\Omega$ $20^{\circ}\text{C}\cdots$ about $450\text{k}\Omega$ $30^{\circ}\text{C}\cdots$ about $160\text{k}\Omega$ $40^{\circ}\text{C}\cdots$ about $104\text{k}\Omega$ 12345678
	open detecting is not determined as abnormality.	Multi controller board input circuit failure	When the temperature in multi controller board is not an actual temperature, replace the multi controller board. 1.3: Open 219.4: Short

Abnormal point and detecting method	Causes	Check points
Liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH22)		
When the thermistor detects short/open during the operation, the operation stops and the operation changes to protect mode of restarting in 3 minutes. If the thermistor does not recover in 3 minutes, the operation stops due to detecting abnormality. In this time, <5102> is displayed. Then, if the thermistor recover in 3 minutes, it operates normally.	1) Connector (CN21) contact failure	Check whether the connector (CN21) in the indoor controller board is connected or not.
	Thermistor wiring disconnection or half disconnection	© Check whether the thermistor wiring is disconnected or not.
Short: Detected 90°C or more	3) Thermistor failure	③ Check the resistance of thermistor.
Open: Detected -40°C or less		0°C····15kΩ 10°C···9.6kΩ 20°C···6.3kΩ 30°C···4.3kΩ 40°C···3.0kΩ
	Detecting circuit failure in the indoor controller board	When there is no problem in above mentioned ①②③, replace the indoor controller board.
Low pressure saturation temperature thermistor (TH6)		
When controller detects short/open in thermistor during the operation, the outdoor unit stops once and restarts operation in 3 minutes. When the detected temperature is normal at just before of restarting, the outdoor unit restarts.	1) Connector (TH6) contact failure	Check whether the connector (TH6) in the multi controller board is connected or not.
When controller detects short/open in thermistor at just before of restarting, the unit stops due to detecting abnormality. In this time, <5102> is displayed.	Thermistor wiring disconnection or half disconnection	② Check whether the thermistor wiring is disconnected or not.
③ For 10 minutes after starting compressor in heating mode, above-mentioned short/open are not detected. Short: 90°C or more Open: -40°C or less	3) Thermistor failure	$^{\odot}$ Check the resistance of thermistor. $0^{\circ}\text{C}15\text{k}\Omega$ $10^{\circ}\text{C}9.6\text{k}\Omega$ $20^{\circ}\text{C}6.3\text{k}\Omega$ $30^{\circ}\text{C}4.3\text{k}\Omega$ $40^{\circ}\text{C}3.0\text{k}\Omega$
	Multi controller board input circuit failure	Set the SW1 to on When the temperature in multi controller board is not an actual temperature, replace the multi controller board. -42.5: Open 91.9: Short
	Liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH22) When the thermistor detects short/open during the operation, the operation stops and the operation changes to protect mode of restarting in 3 minutes. If the thermistor does not recover in 3 minutes, the operation stops due to detecting abnormality. In this time, <5102> is displayed. Then, if the thermistor recover in 3 minutes, it operates normally. Short: Detected 90°C or more Open: Detected -40°C or less Low pressure saturation temperature thermistor (TH6) When controller detects short/open in thermistor during the operation, the outdoor unit stops once and restarts operation in 3 minutes. When the detected temperature is normal at just before of restarting, the outdoor unit restarts. When controller detects short/open in thermistor at just before of restarting, the unit stops due to detecting abnormality. In this time, <5102> is displayed. For 10 minutes after starting compressor in heating mode, above-mentioned short/open are not detected. Short: 90°C or more	Liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH22) When the thermistor detects short/open during the operation, the operation stops and the operation changes to protect mode of restarting in 3 minutes. If the thermistor does not recover in 3 minutes, the operation stops due to detecting abnormality. In this time, <5102> is displayed. Then, if the thermistor recover in 3 minutes, it operates normally. Short: Detected 90°C or more Open: Detected -40°C or less 4) Detecting circuit failure 4) Detecting circuit failure Thermistor failure 4) Detecting circuit failure 1) Connector (CN21) contact failure in the fail disconnection or half disconnection in 3 minutes. When the detected temperature is normal at just before of restarting, the outdoor unit restarts. When controller detects short/open in thermistor at just before of restarting, the outdoor unit restarts. When controller detects short/open in thermistor at just before of restarting, the unit stops due to detecting abnormality. In this time, <5102> is displayed. For 10 minutes after starting compressor in heating mode, above-mentioned short/open are not detected. Short: 90°C or more Open: -40°C or less 4) Multi controller board input circuit

Display	Abnormal point and detecting method	Causes	Check points
5103	Gas pipe temperature thermistor (TH23)		
	When the thermistor detects short/open after 3 minutes-continuous thermo ON during cooling or dry operation, the operation stops and the operation changes to protect mode of restarting in 3 minutes. If the thermistor does not recover in 3 minutes, the operation stops due to detecting abnormality. In this time, <5103> is displayed. Then, if the	1) Connector (CN29) contact failure	Check whether the connector (CN29) in the indoor controller board is connected or not.
		Thermistor wiring disconnection or half disconnection	© Check whether the thermistor wiring is disconnected or not.
	thermistor recover in 3 minutes, it operates normally.	3) Thermistor failure	③ Check the resistance of thermistor. 0°C····15kΩ 10°C···9.6kΩ
	Short: Detected 90°C or more		20°C···6.3kΩ 30°C···4.3kΩ 40°C···3.0kΩ
	Open: Detected -40°C or less		
		Detecting circuit failure in the indoor controller board	When there is no problem in above mentioned ①②③, replace the indoor controller board.
5105	Pipe temperature / judging defrost thermistor (TH3)		
	When controller detects short/open in thermistor during the operation, the outdoor unit stops once and restarts operation in 3 minutes. When the detected temperature is normal at just before of restarting, the outdoor unit restarts.	1) Connector (TH3) contact failure	Check whether the connector (TH3) in the multi controller board is connected or not.
	When controller detects short/open in thermistor at just before of restarting, the unit stops due to detecting abnormality. In this time, <5105> is displayed.	Thermistor wiring disconnection or half disconnection	© Check whether the thermistor wiring is disconnected or not.
	$^{\textcircled{3}}$ For 10 minutes after starting compressor, for defrosting or for 3 minutes after recover of defrosting, above-mentioned short/open are not detected. Short: 88°C or more $(0.4k\Omega)$ Open: -39°C or less $(115k\Omega)$	3) Thermistor failure	$\begin{tabular}{lll} \hline \begin{tabular}{lll} \hline \end{tabular} \\ \hline \begin{tabular}{lll} \hline \begin{tabular}{lll} \hline \end{tabular} \\ \hline \end{tabular} \\ \hline \begin{tabular}{lll} \hline \end{tabular} \\ \hline$
		Multi controller board input circuit failure	Set the SW1 to When the temperature in multi controller board is not an actual temperature, replace the multi controller board.
			-42.5: Open 91.9: Short

Display	Abnormal point and detecting method	Causes	Check points
5106	Outdoor temperature thermistor (TH7)		
	When controller detects short/open in thermistor during the operation, the outdoor unit stops once and restarts	1) Connector (TH7) contact failure	Check whether the connector (TH7) in the multi controller board is connected or not.
	operation in 3 minutes. When the detected temperature is normal at just before of restarting, the outdoor unit restarts.	Thermistor wiring disconnection or half disconnection	© Check whether the thermistor wiring is disconnected or not.
	When controller detects short/open in thermistor at just before of restarting, the unit stops due to detecting abnormality. In this time, <5106> is displayed.	3) Thermistor failure	③ Check the resistance of thermistor. When the resistance is not below value, replace the thermistor. 0°C····15kΩ 10°C···9.6kΩ
	③ For 10 minutes after starting compressor, for defrosting or for 3 minutes after recover of defrosting, above-mentioned short/open are not detected. Short: 90°C or more		20°C···6.3kΩ 30°C···4.3kΩ 40°C···3.0kΩ
	Open: -40°C or less	Multi controller board input circuit failure	When the temperature in multi controller board is not an actual temperature, replace the multi controller board.
			-42.5: Open 91.9: Short
5110	Heatsink temperature thermistor (TH8) (internal thermistor of power module)	1) Connector (TH8) contact failure	Check whether the connector (TH8) in the power circuit board.
	When controller detects short/open in thermistor during the operation, the outdoor unit stops once and restarts operation in 3 minutes. When the detected temperature is normal at just before of	Thermistor wiring disconnection or half disconnection	② Check whether the thermistor wiring is disconnected or not.
	restarting, the outdoor unit restarts. When controller detects short/open in thermistor at just before of restarting, the unit stops due to detecting abnormality. In this time, <5110> is displayed.	3) Thermistor failure	 ③ Check the resistance of thermistor. When the resistance is not below value, replace the thermistor. 0°C ·····180kΩ 10°C·····105kΩ
	③ For 10 minutes after starting compressor, for defrosting or for 3 minutes after recover of defrosting, above-mentioned short/open are not detected.		20°C······63kΩ 30°C······39kΩ 40°C······25kΩ
	Short:102°C or more Open: -27°C or less	4) Power board input circuit failure	Set the SW1 to on When the temperature in multi controller board is not an actual temperature, replace the power board.
			-81.0: Open 999.9: Short

Display	Abnormal point and detecting method	Causes	Check points
5201	Pressure sensor (63HS)		
	When detected pressure in high-pressure sensor is 1 MPa or less during the operation, the compressor stops and restarts operation in 3 minutes.	1) High-pressure sensor failure	① Check the high-pressure sensor.
	When the detected pressure is 1 MPa or less at just before of restarting, the compressor stops due to detecting abnormality. In this time, <5201> is	Internal pressure decreases by gas leakage	② Check the internal pressure.
	displayed. ③ For 3 minutes after starting compressor, for defrosting, or for 3 minutes after recover of defrosting, abnormality is not detected as abnormality.	Connector contact failure or disconnection	③ Check the high-pressure sensor.
		Multi controller board input circuit failure	Check the high-pressure sensor.
5300	Current sensor error Abnormal if current sensor detects –1.5A to 1.5A during compressor operation. (This error is ignored in case of SW7-1 ON.)	Disconnection of compressor wiring Defective circuit of current sensor on outdoor power circuit board	Correct the wiring (U-V-W phase) to compressor. (Outdoor power circuit board). Replace outdoor power circuit board.
6600	Duplex address error Detected error when transmission of unit with the same address is confirmed. Note) Address/Attribute displayed on the remote controller shows the controller detecting abnormality.	There are 2 units or more with the same address among the outdoor unit or indoor unit or lossnay controller, remote controller.	① Look for the unit, which is source of abnormality with the same address. When the same address is found, correct the address and turn off power supply of outdoor unit, indoor unit, and lossnay for 2 minutes or more as the same time. Then, turn on power supply.
		When noise has occurred in the transmission signal, and the signal has changed.	② Check the transmitted wave and the noise on the transmission line.
6602	Transmission processor H/W error " 1 " is shown on the transmission line though the transmission processor transmitted " 0". Note) Address/Attribute displayed on the remote controller shows the controller detecting abnormality.	1) When the wiring for either of the indoor unit, the outdoor unit or lossnay transmission line is constructed or polarity is changed with the power supply turned on, the transmission waves change in case that the transmission data collides mutually. It causes to detect error.	When the transmission line is constructed with the current flowed, turn off power supply of outdoor unit, indoor unit and lossnay for 2 minutes or more as the same time. Then, turn on power supply.
		2) Transmission processor circuit failure3) When the transmission data has changed by the noise.	② Check the transmitted wave and the noise on the transmission line.

Display	Abnormal point and detecting method	Causes	Check points
6603	Transmission bus busy error ① Over error by collision Abnormality when the state, which cannot be transmitted by collision of transmission, is consecutive for 8 to 10 minutes.	The transmission processor cannot be transmitted since a short cycle voltage of the noise etc. mixes on the transmission line consecutively.	① Check whether the transmission line of the indoor unit, fresh master, lossnay and remote controller is connected to the outdoor unit terminal board (TB7) for centralized controller or not.
	② The state that data cannot to be output to the transmission line by noise for 8 to 10 minutes consecutively. Note) Address/Attribute displayed on the remote controller shows the controller detecting abnormality.	2) The transmission volume increases and cannot be transmitted since the wiring method is mistaken and the routing technique to the terminal board (TB3) for the transmission line of the outdoor unit and the terminal board (TB7) for centralized control cannot be transmitted.	② Check whether the transmission line with the other refrigerant system of the indoor unit and lossnay is connected to the outdoor unit terminal board (TB3) for transmission or not.
		3) The share becomes high since the data exists together to other transmitted data by a defective repeater (function which connects and intercepts the transmission of controlling system and centralized control system), and it causes abnormal detection.	③ Check whether the outdoor unit terminal board for transmission line (TB3) and for centralized controller (TB7) are connected or not.
			Check the transmitted wave and the noise on the transmission line.
6606	Signal communication error with transmission processor Signal communication error between unit processor and transmission processor Note) Address/Attribute displayed on the remote controller shows the controller detecting abnormality.	1) Tha data of the unit/transmission processor was not normally transmitted due to accidental disturbance such as noise and lightening surge. 2) The address transmission from the unit processor was not normally transmitted by the hardware of transmission processor defective.	Turn off power supply of outdoor unit, indoor unit, and lossnay for 2minutes or more at the same time. Then, turn on power supply. It normally recovers from the malfunction that happens by chance. When same abnormality occurs again, it is defective of the controller.

From the preceding page.

isplay	Abnormal point and detecting method	Causes	Check points
6607	No ACK (Acknowledgement)	Factor that not related to origin	
	① Abnormality which controller of the sending side detects when there is no answer (ACK) from other side though data was transmitted once. It is detected 6 times every 30 seconds continuously.	Since the address switch was changed with the passed current, the unit in the last address does not exist.	Turn off power supply of outdoor unit, indoor unit fresh master and lossnay for 2 minutes or more at the same time. Then, turn on power supply. It recovers normally at the malfunction that happens accidentally.
	Note) Address/Attribute displayed on the	2) Decline of transmission voltage and signal by transmission cable tolerance over The furthest point200m Remote controller cable(12m) (Refer to 8-3.)	Check the address switch in the address, which occurs abnormality.
	remote controller shows the controller, which did not send back replay (ACK).	3) Decline of transmission cable voltage and signal by unmatched kind of cable. Shield cable-CVVS,CPEVS Cable diameter1.25 mm² or more	Check whether the transmission cablis connected / loosen or not at origin. (Terminal board or connector)
		 Decline of transmission cable voltage and signal by a number of over-connected units. 	Check whether the transmission cable tolerance is over or not.
		Mis-operation of origin controller, which happens accidentally	Check whether the kind of transmission cable is mistaken or not.
		6) Origin controller defective	When there is any trouble from above ①-⑤, turn off power supply of outdoor unit, indoor unit and lossnay for 2 minutes or more at the same time. Then, turn on power supply.
			 = When there is not any trouble in single refrigerant system (1outdoor unit) from above⊕-⑤, controller is defective in displayed address and attribute. = When there is not any trouble in different refrigerant system (2outdoor
			unit or more) from above①-⑤, determine it after ⑥. ⑥ When the address, which should not exist, is an origin, since there is the indoor unit which memorizes the
	When the cause of displayed address and attribute is on the outdoor unit side. (The indoor unit detects when there is no reply (ACK) on transmitting from the	Contact failure of outdoor unit or indoor unit transmission cable. Indoor unit transmission connector (CN2M) disconnection.	address data, cancel the unnecessar address data by the manual setting function of remote controller. However, they are limited to the system, which sets the group betwee
	indoor unit to the outdoor unit.)	Sending/receiving signal circuit failure in the indoor/outdoor unit.	different refrigerant systems, or which fresh master /lossnay are connected. When there is not any trouble from
	When the cause of displayed address and attribute is on the indoor unit side.	1) When operating with multi refrigerant system indoor units, the remote controller transmits the signal to the indoor unit after the other refrigerant system outdoor unit is turned off or turned on again in 2 minutes, and detects abnormality.	above ①-⑥, replace the displayed address/attribute controller board. In this time, when the error does not recover to normal, the outdoor unit multi controller board (repeater circuit defective is expected.
		Contact failure of remote controller or indoor unit transmission cable	Check the recovery by replacing the multi controller board one by one.
	(The remote controller detects when there is no reply (ACK) on transmitting	Indoor unit transmission connector (CN2M) disconnection	
	from the remote controller to the indoor unit.)	 Sending/receiving signal circuit failure in the indoor unit or remote controller 	

Continued to the next page.

Display	Abnormal point and detecting method	Causes	Check points
6607	3) When the cause of displayed address and attribute is on the remote controller side (The indoor unit detects when there is no reply (ACK) on transmitting from the indoor unit to the remote controller unit.)	1) When operating with multi refrigerant system indoor units, the indoor units transmits the signal to the remote controller after the other refrigerant system outdoor unit is turned off or turned on again in 2 minutes, and detects abnormality.	
		Contact failure of remote controller or indoor unit transmission cable.	
		Indoor unit transmission connector (CN2M) disconnection.	
		Sending/receiving signal circuit failure in the indoor unit or remote controller.	
	4) When the cause of displayed address and attribute is on the fresh master side (The indoor unit detects when there is no reply (ACK) on transmitting from the indoor unit to the fresh master.)	1) When synchronized operation with other refrigerant system fresh master, the indoor units transmit the signal to the fresh master after the fresh master and same refrigerant system outdoor unit is turned off or turned on again in 2 minutes, and detects abnormality.	
		Contact failure of fresh master or indoor unit transmission cable	
		Indoor unit or fresh master transmission connector (CN2M) disconnection.	
		Sending/receiving signal circuit failure in the indoor unit or fresh master.	
	5) When the cause of displayed address and attribute is on the lossnay side (The indoor unit detects when there is no reply (ACK) on transmitting from the indoor unit to the lossnay.)	When the lossnay power supply is Off, the indoor unit detects abnormality at signal transmitting to the lossnay.	

Continued to the next page.

Display	ne previous page. Abnormal point and detecting method	Causes	Check points
6607	, is not the point and accounty memoral	2) When synchronized operation with lossnay in other refrigerant system, the indoor units transmit the signal to the lossnay after the lossnay and same refrigerant system outdoor unit are turned off or turned on again in 2 minutes, and detects abnormality.	G. I.
		Contact failure of lossnay or indoor unit transmission cable.	
		Indoor unit transmission connector (CN2M) disconnection.	
		Sending/receiving signal circuit failure in the indoor unit or lossnay.	
	When the controller of displayed address and attribute is not recognized	Since the address switch was changed with the current passed, the unit in the last address does not exist.	
		2) Since the fresh master/ lossnay address are changed after synchronized setting of fresh master/ lossnay by the remote controller, abnormality is detected at transmitting from the indoor unit.	
6608	No response Though there was a reply (ACK) of having received signal from the other	Transmission repeats the failure by the noise etc.	Check the transmission wave and noise on the transmission cable.
	side, it is the abnormality when the response command does not return. The sending side detects the abnormality continuously 6 times every 30 seconds. Note) Address/Attribute displayed on the remote controller shows the controller, which did not response.	2) Decline of transmission voltage and signal by transmission cable tolerance over. • The furthest point200m • Remote controller cable(12m) (Refer to 8-3.)	② Turn off power supply of outdoor unit, indoor unit and lossnay for 2 minutes or more at the same time. Then, turn on power supply again. It recovers normally at the malfunction that happens by chance. When same abnormality occurs again, it is defective of displayed address and attribute.
		3) Decline of transmission line voltage and signal by unmatched kind of cable. · Shield wire-CVVS,CPEVS wire diameter1.25mm²or more	
		Mis-operation of origin controller, which happens by chance.	

Display	Abnormal point and detecting method	Causes	Check points
6831 6834	Signal reception(Remote controller) Following symptoms are regarded as abnormality. 1) When the remote controller cannot receive the signal from indoor controller normally even once for 3 minutes 2) When the remote controller cannot receive the signal even once for 2 minutes	Defect of the transmission and reception circuit of the remote controller. Defect of the transmission and reception circuit of the indoor controller board Noise occurs on the transmission cable of the remote controller All remote controllers are set as sub-remote controller.	The state of the remote controller. According to the results, perform the following process. When "RC OK" is displayed The remote controller is normal. Turn off the power supply and turn it on again. If "HO" is displayed for 4 minutes or more, replace the indoor controller board.
6832 6833	Signal transmission(Remote controller) Following symptoms are regarded as abnormality. 1) When sub-remote controller cannot transmit the signal to the transmission path for 6 minutes 2) When the remote controller cannot finish transmitting the signal for 30 times on end	Defect of the transmission and reception circuit of the remote controller Noise occurs on the transmission cable of the remote controller There are 2 main remote controllers.	When "RC NG" is displayed Replace the remote controller. When "RC 6832 or 6833" or "ERC 00-66" is displayed These displays may be due to noise, etc. Set one remote controller to main remote controller and the other to sub-remote controller.
7100	When connected total models of the indoor units exceed the specified level (130% of the outdoor unit models), error code <7100> is displayed.	1) Connecting total models of the indoor unit exceed the specified level. PUMY-P100 (~ code 26) PUMY-P125 (~ code 33) PUMY-P140 (~ code 38) 2) There is a mistake in the registration of model name code of the outdoor unit.	Check the total models of connected indoor unit. Check the model code registration switch (indoor controller board SW2) of connected indoor unit. Check the model code registration switch (outdoor multi controller board SW4) of the outdoor unit.

Display	Abnormal point and detecting method	Causes	Check points	
7101	Capacity code error When the connected indoor unit models cannot be connected, <7101> is displayed.	The indoor unit models is not possible to connect. [PUMY-P100/125/140VHM] The indoor unit of 20-140(code 4-28) is possible to connect. [PUMY-P100/125/140VHMA] The indoor unit of 15-40(Code 3-28) is possible to connect.	Check points ① Check the model code registration switch (indoor controller board SW2) in the connected indoor unit. ② The outdoor unit SW1 operation can check model code of the connected indoor units. Code of indoor unit No.1 on 1234 567 8 Code of indoor unit No.2 on 1234 567 8 Code of indoor unit No.3 on 1234 567 8 Code of indoor unit No.4 on 1234 567 8 Code of indoor unit No.5 on 1234 567 8 Code of indoor unit No.6 on 1234 567 8 Code of indoor unit No.7 on 1234 567 8 Code of indoor unit No.8 on 1234 567 8	
7102	Number of connecting unit over When the number of connecting unit exceeds limitations, error code <7102> is displayed. Even if the indoor unit is not connected, becomes <7102> is display.	Number of connecting unit exceeds limitations. It is assumed abnormality excluding the following cases; 1) The indoor unit can be totally connected up to 6(P100)/8(P125, 140) units.	Check whether the connecting unit exceeds a number of limitations or not.	
7105	Address setting error Address setting of the outdoor unit is wrong.	1 unit. Addresses wrong setting of the outdoor unit. The outdoor unit is not set in 000 or in the range of 51-100.	Check the address setting of the outdoor unit. The address should be set in 000 or 51-100. When the setting is out of the range, reset it, turn off power supply of the outdoor unit, indoor unit and lossnay for 2 minutes or more at the same time, and turn on power supply again.	
7111	Remote controller sensor In the case of M-NET remote controller, it is an abnormality when incapable response returns from the M-NET remote controller during the operation.	When an old type remote controller for M-NET is used, the remote controller sensor is specified (SW1-1 is ON).	Replace the remote controller to M-NET remote controller.	
0403	Serial communication error Abnormal if serial communication between outdoor multi board and outdoor power board is defective.	Breaking of wire or contact failure of connector CN2 Breaking of wire or contact failure of connector CN4 Defective communication circuit of outdoor power board Defective communication circuit of outdoor multi board for power board	Check connection of each connector CN2, CN4. Replace outdoor power board. Replace outdoor multi board.	

9-2. REMOTE CONTROLLER DIAGNOSIS

· MA remote controller is equipped with the diagnosis function

If the air conditioner cannot be operated from the remote controller, diagnose the remote controller as explained below.

 $\ensuremath{\mathbb{O}}$ First, check that the power-on indicator is lit.

If the correct voltage (DC12 V) is not supplied to the remote controller, the indicator will not light.

If this occurs, check the remote controller's wiring and the indoor unit.



② Switch to the remote controller self-diagnosis mode.

Press the CHECK button for 5 seconds or more. The display content will change as shown below.

RE



3 Remote controller self-diagnosis result

[When the remote controller is functioning correctly]



Check for other possible causes, as there is no problem with the remote controller.

[When the remote controller malfunctions]

Press the (FILTER) button to start self-diagnosis.

(Error display 1) "NG" flashes. → The remote controller's transmitting-receiving circuit is defective.



The remote controller must be replaced with a new one.

[Where the remote controller is not defective, but cannot be operated.] (Error display 2) [E3], [6833] or [6832] flashes. \rightarrow Transmission is not possible.



There might be noise or interference on the transmission path, or the indoor unit or other remote controllers are defective. Check the transmission path and other controllers.

(Error display 3) "ERC" and the number of data errors are displayed.

→ Data error has occurred.



The number of data errors is the difference between the number of bits sent from the remote controller and the number actually transmitted through the transmission path. If such a problem is occurring, the transmitted data is affected by noise, etc. Check the transmission path.

When the number of data errors is "02":

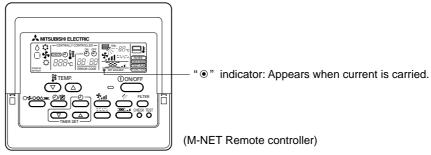
Transmission data from remote controller

Transmission data on transmission path

4 To cancel remote controller diagnosis

Press the CHECK button for 5 seconds or more. Remote controller diagnosis will be cancelled, "PLEASE WAIT" and operation lamp will blink. After approximately 30 seconds, the state in effect before the diagnosis will be restored.

9-3. REMOTE CONTROLLER TROUBLE



(1) For M-NET remote controller systems

Symptom or inspection code	Cause	Inspection method and solution
Though the content of operation is displayed on the remote controller, some indoor units do not operate.		Check the part where the abnormality occurs. The entire system In the entire refrigerant system In same group only In indoor unit only
Though the indoor unit operates, the display of the remote controller goes out soon.	The power supply of the indoor unit is not on. The fuse on the indoor unit controller board is blown.	<in case="" entire="" in<br="" of="" or="" system="" the="">the entire refrigerant system></in>
(is not displayed on the remote controller. (M-NET remote controller is not fed.)	The power supply of the outdoor unit is not on. The connector of transmission outdoor power board is not connected. The number of connected indoor unit in the refrigeration system is over the limit or the number of connected remote controller is over the limit. M-NET remote controller is connected to MA remote controller cable. The transmission line of the indoor/outdoor unit is shorted or down. M-NET remote controller cable is shorted or down. Transmission of outdoor power board failure.	Check the self-diagnosis LED of the outdoor unit. Check the items shown in the left that are related to the outdoor unit. In case of same group only or indoor unit only>
"HO" keeps being displayed or it is displayed periodically. ("HO" is usually displayed about 3 minutes after the power supply of the outdoor unit is on.)	The power supply for the feeding expansion unit for the transmission line is not on. The address of the outdoor unit remains "00". The address of the indoor unit or the remote controller is not set correctly. MA remote controller is connected to the transmission line of the indoor/outdoor unit.	Check the items shown in the left that are related to the indoor unit.
The remote controller does not operate though (③) is displayed.	The transmission line of the indoor/outdoor unit is connected to TB15. The transmission line of the indoor/outdoor unit is shorted, down or badly contacted.	

(2) For MA remote controller systems

Symptom or inspection code	Cause	Inspection method and solution
Though the content of operation is displayed on the remote controller, some indoor units do not operate.	The power supply of the indoor unit is not on. Wiring between indoor units in same group is not finished. The indoor unit and Slim model are connected to same group. The fuse on the indoor unit controller board is blown.	Check the part where the abnormality occurs. The entire system In the entire refrigerant system
Though the indoor unit operates, the display of the remote controller goes out soon. () is not displayed on the remote	 The power supply of the indoor unit (Master) is not on. In case of connecting the system controller, the setting of the system controller does not correspond to that of MA remote controller. The fuse on the indoor unit (Master) controller board is blown. The remote controller is not fed until the power supply of both indoor unit 	③ In same group only ④ 1 indoor unit only <in case="" entire="" in="" of="" or="" refrigerant="" system="" the=""></in>
controller. (MA remote controller is not fed.)	and outdoor unit is on and the start-up of both units is finished normally. The power supply of the indoor unit is not on. The power supply of the outdoor unit is not on. The number of connected remote controller is over the limit (Maximum: 2 units) or the number of connected indoor unit that is over the limit (Maximum: 16 units). The address of the indoor unit is "00" and the address for the outdoor unit is the one other than "00". The transmission line of the indoor/outdoor unit is connected to TB15. MA remote controller is connected to the transmission line of the indoor/outdoor unit. The remote controller cable is shorted or down. The power supply cable or the transmission line is shorted or down. The fuse on the indoor unit controller board is blown.	Check the self-diagnosis LED of the outdoor unit. Check the items shown in the left that are related to the outdoor unit. In case of same group only or 1 indoor unit only> Check the items shown in the left that are related to the indoor unit.
"PLEASE WAIT" keeps being displayed or it is displayed periodically. ("PLEASE WAIT" is usually displayed about 3 minutes after the power supply of the outdoor unit is on.)	The power supply of the outdoor unit is not on. The power supply of the feeding expansion unit for the transmission line is not on. The setting of MA remote controller is not main remote controller, but sub-remote controller. MA remote controller is connected to the transmission line of the indoor/outdoor unit.	
The remote controller does not operate though () is displayed.	The power supply of the indoor unit (Master) is not on. The transmission line of the indoor/outdoor unit is connected to TB15. The transmission line of the indoor/outdoor unit is shorted, down or badly contacted. The fuse on the indoor unit controller board is blown.	

9-4. THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOM DO NOT REPRESENT TROUBLE (EMERGENCY)

Symptom	Display of remote controller	CAUSE
Even the cooling (heating) operation selection button is pressed, the indoor unit cannot be operated.	"Cooling (Heating)" blinks	The indoor unit can not cool (heat) if other indoor units are heating (cooling).
The auto vane runs freely.	Normal display	Because of the control operation of auto vane, it may change over to horizontal blow automatically from the downward blow in cooling in case the downward blow operation has been continued for 1 hour. At defrosting in heating, hot adjusting and thermostat OFF, it automatically changes over to horizontal blow.
Fan setting changes during heating.	Normal display	Ultra-low speed operation is commenced at thermostat OFF. Light air automatically change over to set value by time or piping temperature at thermostat ON.
Fan stops during heating operation.	"Defrost 🌣 "	The fan is to stop during defrosting.
Fan does not stop while operation has been stopped.	Light out	Fan is to run for 1 minute after stopping to exhaust residual heat (only in heating).
No setting of fan while start SW has been turned on.	STAND BY ❖	Ultra-low speed operation for 5 minutes after SW ON or until piping temperature becomes 35C. There low speed operate for 2 minutes, and then set notch is commenced. (Hot adjust control)
Indoor unit remote controller shows "HO" or "PLEASE WAIT" indicator for about 2 minutes when turning ON power supply.	"HO" blinks "PLEASE WAIT" blinks	System is being driven. Operate remote controller again after "HO" or "PLEASE WAIT" disappears.
Drain pump does not stop while unit has been stopped.	Light out	After a stop of cooling operation, unit continues to operate drain pump for 3 minutes and then stops it.
Drain pump does not stop while unit has been stopped.	_	Unit continues to operate drain pump if drainage is generated, even during a stop.

9-5. INTERNAL SWITCH FUNCTION TABLE PUMY-P100VHM PUMY-P125VHM PUMY-P140VHM PUMY-P100VHMA PUMY-P125VHMA PUMY-P140VHMA PUMY-P100VHMA-BS PUMY-P125VHMA-BS PUMY-P140VHMA-BS

Operation in Each Switch Setting Switch Step **Function** Remarks ON OFF When to Set <Initial Setting> switch SWU1 <u>₩</u> 1st digit Before turning Rotary the power on SWU2 SWU₂ SWU1 SWU₂ SWU1 2nd digit (2nd digit) (1st digit) (2nd digit) (1st digit) Can be set <Initial Setting> SW1 Digital either during ON ON [Display 1~8 operation or not. Switching 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 With centralized Without centralized 1 Selects operating system startup <Initial Setting> controller controller Before turning the 2 Connection Information Clear Switch power on Clear Do not clear OFF to ON any time after the power is turned on. ON THE 3 Abnormal data clear switch input Clear abnormal data Normal SW2 During compressor running **Function** 4 Pump down 1 2 3 4 5 6 Run adjustment mode Normal Switching Before turning the power on Disable 5 Enable Auto change over from Remote controller 6 1 ON/ OFF from outdoor unit ON **OFF** <Initial Setting> Any time after the SW3 Trial ONpower is turned on. operation Outdoor unit OFF 2 Mode setting Heating Cooling MODELS <Initial Setting> PUMY-P100 Set for each capacity. SW4 Before the power Model 1~6 is turned on. PUMY-P125 Switching PUMY-P140 Normal **Enable** 1 Pressure limitation value change <Initial Setting> Change the indoor unit's LEV opening at Enable Can be set when off or during operation 2 Normal ON _____ start OFF Fixing the indoor units linear expansion 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 3 SW5 Fix Normal valve opening

*1 SW5-7 Refrigerant shortage amount is measured during heating operation	١.
(Refrigerant piping is long etc.)	

in heating operation, set the opening of linear ex-

Fix the operation frequency

Switching the target sub cool.

pansion valve on indoor unit *2

Change the indoor unit's LEV opening

During the FAN or COOL mode, and thermo-OFF

or stop in heating operation, set the opening of

linear expansion valve on indoor unit *1
During the FAN or COOL mode, and thermo-OFF

Function

switching

4

5

6

7

8

at defrost

Fix

Enable

Enable

Active

Active

OFF to ON during com-

Can be set when off or during operation

pressor running.

Normal

Normal

Normal

Inactive

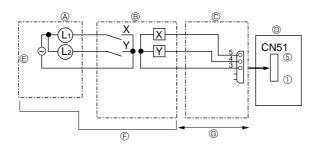
Inactive

^{*2} SW5-8 Countermeasure against room temperature rise for indoor unit in FAN, COOL, and thermo-OFF (heating) mode.

	Curitob	Cton	Forester	Operatio	n in Each S	December	
	Switch	Step	Function	ON	ON OFF When to Set		Remarks
		1	_	_	_	_	<initial setting=""></initial>
		2	Switch of current limitation reading in a different way	Enable	Normal	Before turning the power on.	
		3	_	_	_	_	ON OFF
	SW6 function	4	Restriction of maximum frequency	Enable	Normal	Can be set when off or during	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
	switching	5	Ignore refrigerant filling abnormality	Enable	Normal	operation	
<u>.=</u>		6	Switching the target discharge pressure (Pdm)	Enable	Normal		
Outdoor unit		7	Switching (1) the target evaporation temperature (ETm)	Enable	Normal		
Outdo		8	Switching (2) the target evaporation temperature (ETm)	Enable	Normal		
	SW7	1	Ignore current sensor abnormality	Enable	Normal	Before turning the power on.	<initial setting=""></initial>
		2	_	_	_		
		3	_	_	_	_	ON TOTAL
	function switching	4	_	_	_		OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6
]	5	_	_	_		
		6	Forced defrost	Forced defrost	Normal	During compressor running in heating mode.	
	SW8 function	1	Silent mode/ Demand Control Selection (see next page)	Demand Control	Silent mode	Can be set when off or during	<initial setting=""></initial>
	switching	2	Change of defrosting control	Enable (For high humidity)	Normal	operation	OFF 1 2

9-6. OUTDOOR UNIT INPUT/OUTPUT CONNECTOR

• State (CN51)



- (A) Distant control board
- ® Relay circuit
- © Lamp power supply © Procure locally
 - © Max. 10m

E Relay power supply

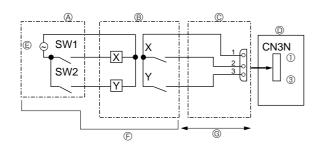
© Procure locally

- © External output adapter (PAC-SA88HA-E)
- Outdoor unit control board

L₁: Error display lamp

L2 : Compressor operation lamp
X, Y : Relay (Coil standard of 0.9W or less for DC 12V)
X, Y : Relay (DC1mA)

• Auto change over (CN3N)

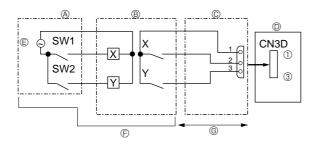


- Remote control panel
- ® Relay circuit
- © External input adapter (PAC-SC36NA)
- Outdoor unit control board

6NA)	© Max. 10m

	ON	OFF
SW1	Heating	Cooling
SW2	Validity of SW1	Invalidity of SW1

• Silent Mode / Demand Control (CN3D)



- A Remote control panel
- ® Relay circuit
- © External input adapter (PAC-SC36NA)
- Outdoor unit control board
- © Relay power supply
- © Procure locally
- © Max. 10m

	ON	OFF
SW1	Heating	Cooling
SW2	Validity of SW1	Invalidity of SW1

The silent mode and the demand control are selected by switching the Dip switch 8-1 on outdoor controller board.

It is possible to set it to the following power sonsumption (compared with ratings) by setting SW1,2.

	Outdoor controller board DIP SW8-1	SW1	SW2	Function
Silent mode	OFF	ON		Silent mode operation
Demand control	ON	OFF	OFF	100% (Normal)
		ON	OFF	75%
		ON	ON	50%
		OFF	ON	0% (Stop)

9-7. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS

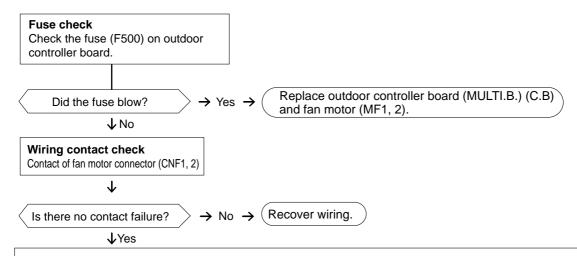
PUMY-P100VHM PUMY-P125VHM PUMY-P140VHM PUMY-P100VHMA PUMY-P125VHMA PUMY-P140VHMA PUMY-P100VHMA-BS PUMY-P125VHMA-BS

Parts name			Check points	
Thermistor (TH3) <outdoor pipe=""> Thermistor (TH4)</outdoor>		connector then measure temperature 10°C ~30°C)	the resistance with a teste	er.
<discharge></discharge>		Normal	Abnormal]
Thermistor (TH6) < Low pressure saturated	TH4	160kΩ~410kΩ		
temperature>	TH3			
Thermistor (TH7) <outdoor></outdoor>	TH6	4.3kΩ~9.6kΩ	Open or short	
Thermistor (TH8)	TH7			
<heatsink></heatsink>	TH8	39kΩ~105kΩ		
Fan motor(MF1,MF2)	Refer to next pa	ge.		
Solenoid valve coil <four-way valve=""></four-way>		sistance between the ter temperature 20°C)	minals with a tester.	
(21S4)		Normal	Abnormal	
	14	435±150Ω	Open or short	
Motor for compressor (MC)	Measure the res (Winding temper	istance between the terr rature 20°C)	ninals with a tester.	
		Normal	Abnormal	
w w		0.188Ω	Open or short	
Solenoid valve coil <bypass valve=""></bypass>		istance between the terr emperature 20°C)	ninals with a tester.	
(SV1)	Nor	mal	Abnormal	
	1197:	±10Ω	Open or short	

Check method of DC fan motor (fan motor / outdoor controller circuit board)

- ① Notes
 - · High voltage is applied to the connecter (CNF1, 2) for the fan motor. Give attention to the service.
 - Do not pull out the connector (CNF1, 2) for the motor with the power supply on. (It causes trouble of the outdoor controller circuit board and fan motor.)
- Self check

Symptom: The outdoor fan cannot turn around.

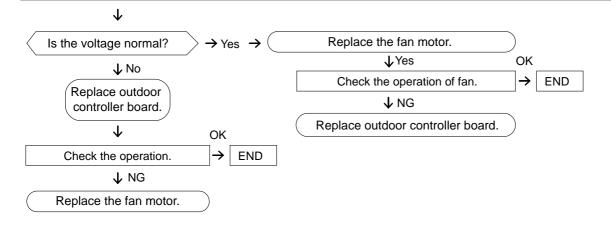


Power supply check(Remove the connector (CNF1, 2))

Measure the voltage in the outdoor controller circuit board.

TEST POINT ①: Vpc (between 1 (+) and 4 (-) of the fan connector): Vpc DC280-340V (When ACTM stops), DC350V (When ACTM is operating)

TEST POINT ②: Vcc (between 5 (+) and 4 (-) of the fan connector): Vcc DC15V



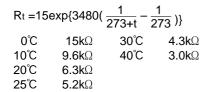
9-8. HOW TO CHECK THE COMPONENTS

<Thermistor feature chart>

Low temperature thermistors

- Thermistor < Outdoor pipe> (TH3)
- Thermistor <Low pressure saturated temperature> (TH6)
- Thermistor < Outdoor> (TH7)

Thermistor R0 = $15k\Omega \pm 3\%$ B constant = $3480 \pm 2\%$



Medium temperature thermistor

• Heatsink temperature thermistor (TH8)

Thermistor R50 = $17k\Omega \pm 2\%$ B constant = $4170 \pm 3\%$

Rt =17exp{4170(
$$\frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{323}$$
)}

0℃	180k $Ω$
25℃	50k $Ω$
50°C	$17k\Omega$
70℃	8 k Ω
90℃	$4k\Omega$

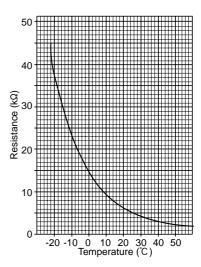
High temperature thermistor

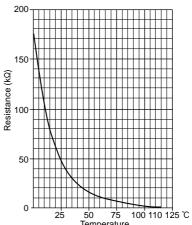
• Thermistor < Discharge> (TH4)

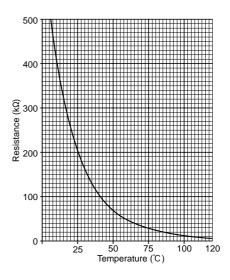
Thermistor R120 = 7.465k Ω ± 2% B constant = 4057 ± 2%

Rt =7.465exp{4057(
$$\frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{393}$$
)}

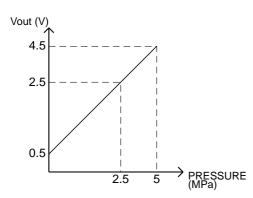
20℃	$250k\Omega$	70°C	$34k\Omega$
30℃	160k $Ω$	80℃	$24k\Omega$
40℃	104k $Ω$	90℃	17.5k $Ω$
50℃	70 k Ω	100℃	13.0k $Ω$
60℃	$48k\Omega$	110℃	9.8 k Ω

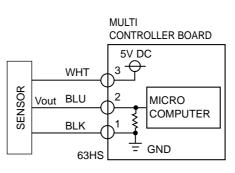






<HIGH PRESSURE SENSOR>



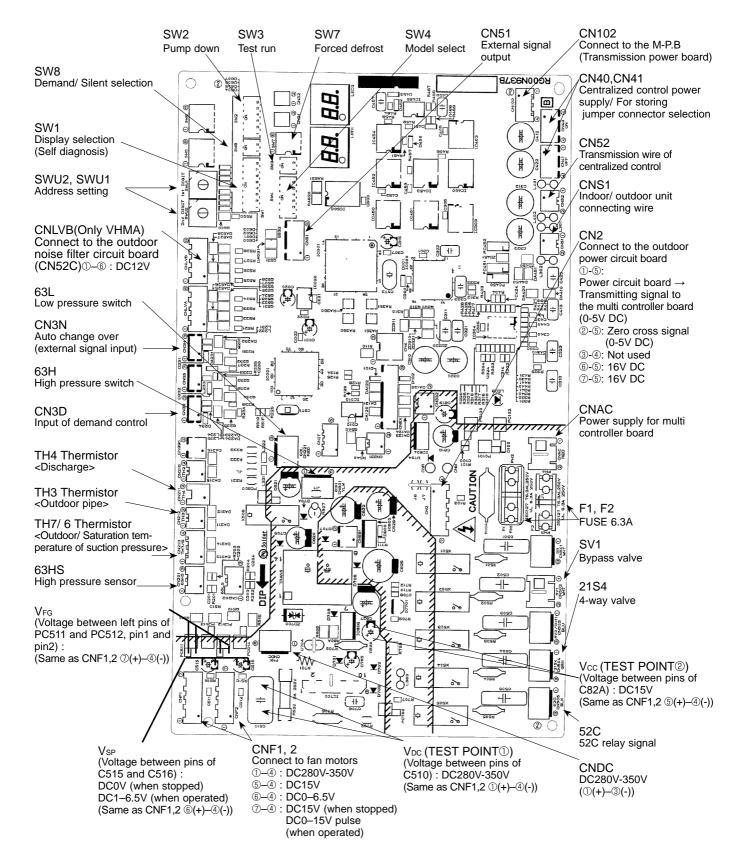


9-9. TEST POINT DIAGRAM

Outdoor multi controller board

PUMY-P100VHM PUMY-P125VHM PUMY-P100VHMA PUMY-P125VHMA PUMY-P100VHMA-BS PUMY-P125VHMA-BS

PUMY-P140VHM PUMY-P140VHMA PUMY-P140VHMA-BS



Outdoor power circuit board

PUMY-P100VHM

PUMY-P125VHM

PUMY-P140VHM

PUMY-P100VHMA

PUMY-P125VHMA

PUMY-P140VHMA

PUMY-P100VHMA-BS

PUMY-P125VHMA-BS

PUMY-P140VHMA-BS

Brief Check of POWER MODULE

* Usually, they are in a state of being short-circuited if they are broken. Measure the resistance in the following points (connectors, etc.). If they are short-circuited, it means that they are broken.

1. Check of POWER MODULE

①.Check of DIODE circuit

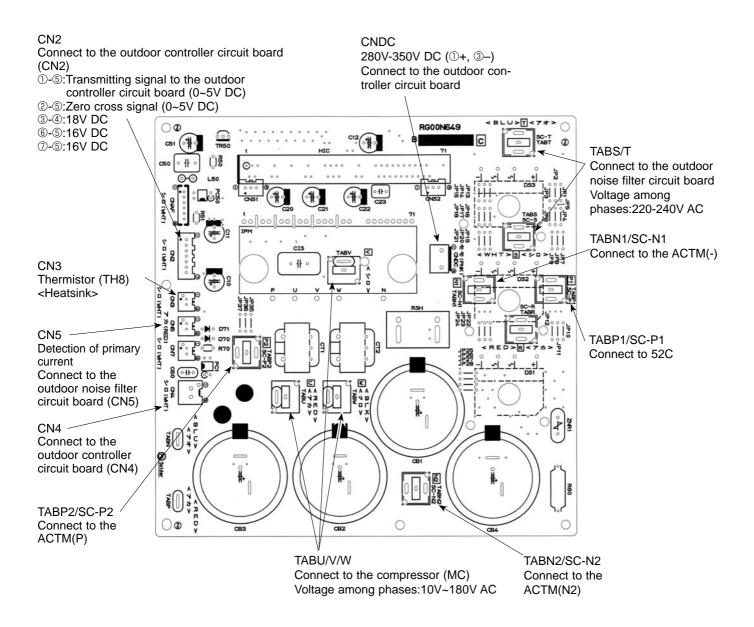
S-P1, T-P1, S-N1, T-N1

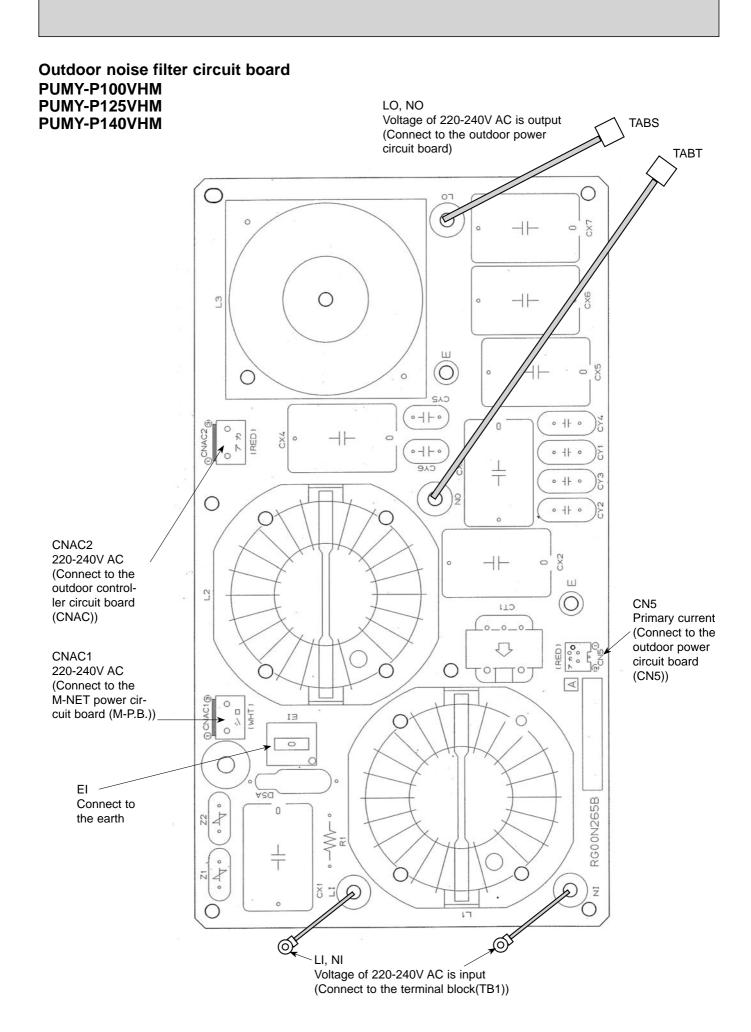
②.Check of IGBT circuit

P2-U, P2-V, P2-W, N2-U, N2-V, N2-W

Note: The marks, [L], [N], [N1], [N2], [P1], [P2], [U], [V] and [W]

shown in the diagram are not actually printed on the board.

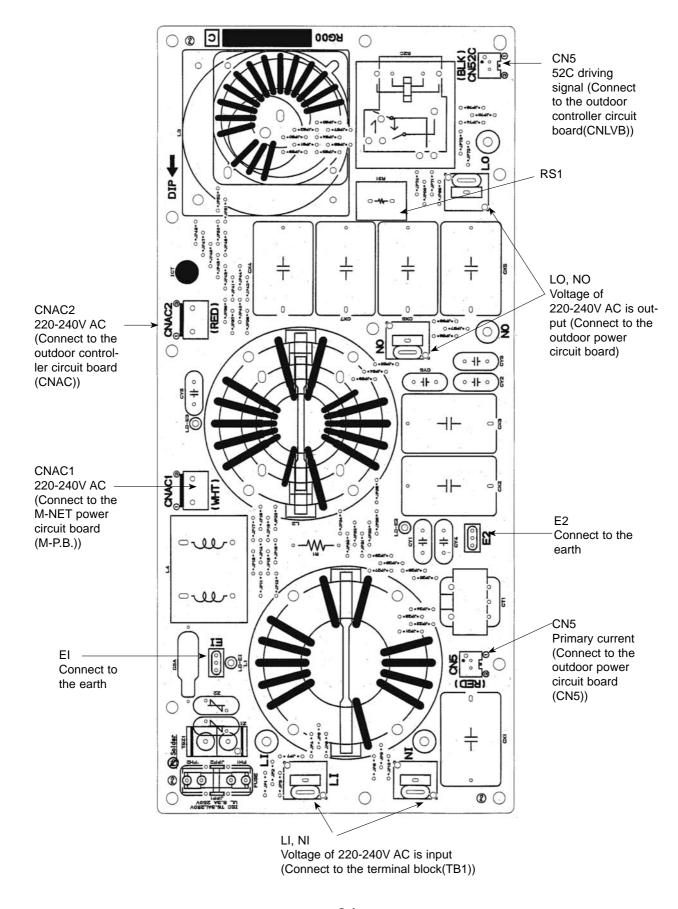




Outdoor noise filter circuit board

PUMY-P100VHMA PUMY-P125VHMA PUMY-P100VHMA-BS PUMY-P125VHMA-BS

PUMY-P140VHMA PUMY-P140VHMA-BS



Transmission power board

CN1 Connect to the outdoor

noise filter circuit board

①-③: 220-240V AC

PUMY-P100VHM PUMY-P100VHMA PUMY-P100VHMA-BS PUMY-P125VHM PUMY-P125VHMA PUMY-P125VHMA-BS PUMY-P140VHM PUMY-P140VHMA PUMY-P140VHMA-BS

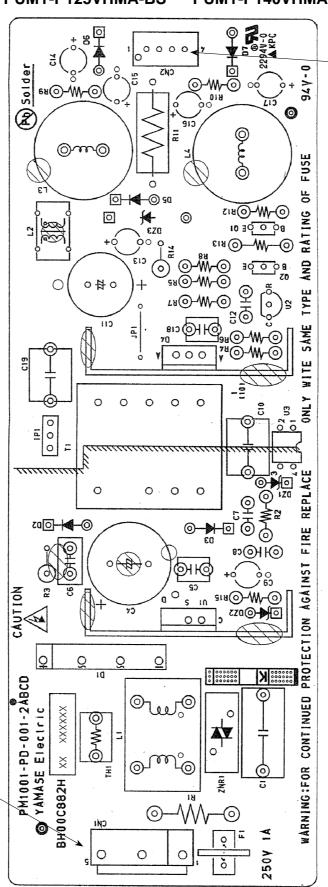
CN₂

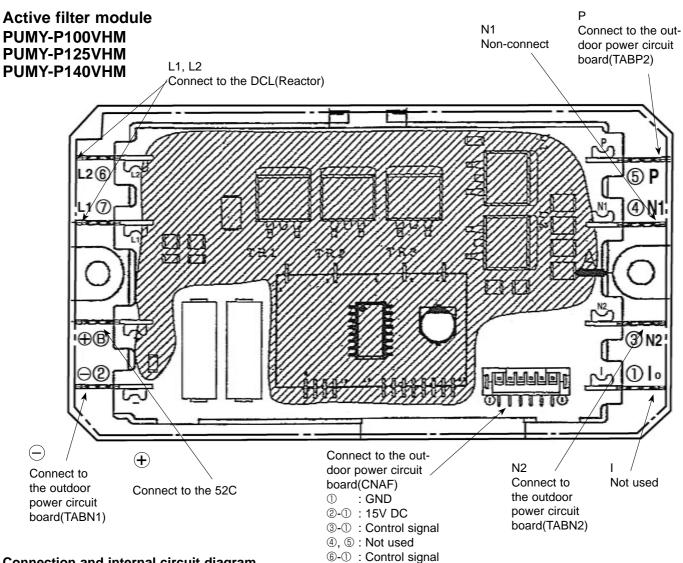
controller board

①-②: 24-30V DC

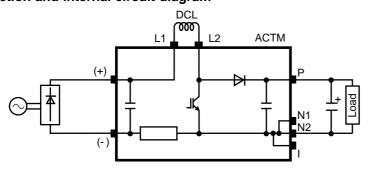
3-4: 24-30V DC

Connect to the outdoor multi





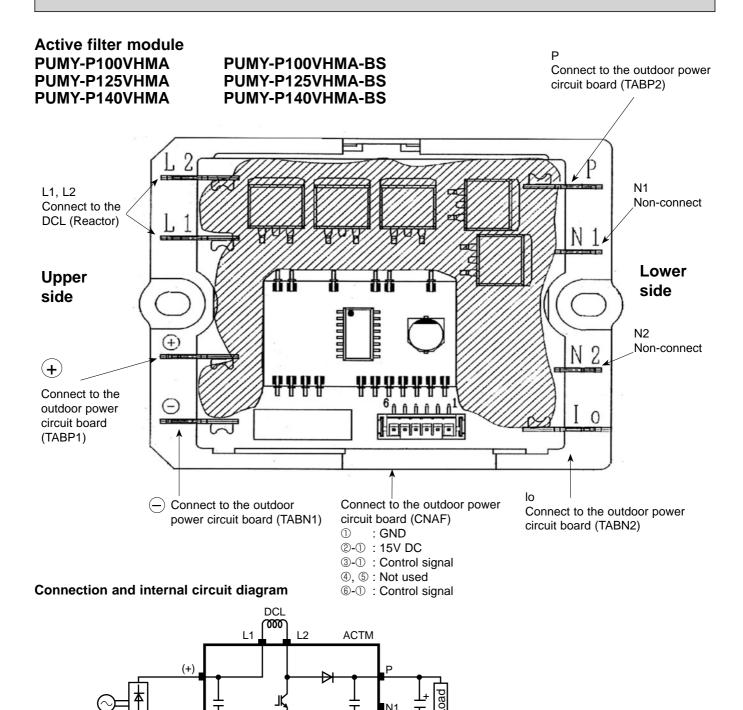
Connection and internal circuit diagram



Tester check points of Acive filter module

	Error condition	Normal value (reference)	Symptom when the unit is in trouble
(-) and N1 / N2 / I	open	less than 1Ω	① The unit does not operate (can not be switched ON)
() and I 0	short	100kΩ ~ 1MΩ	① The breaker operates
(–) and L2	open	*	① The unit does not operate (can not be switched ON) ②4220 Abnormal stop (9-10. No.189 "ACTM error" display)
Dandlo	short	100kΩ ~ 1MΩ	① The breaker operates
P and L2	open	*	① The unit does not operate (can not be switched ON) ②4220 Abnormal stop (9-10. No.189 "ACTM error" display)
P and N1 / N2 / I	short	100kΩ ~ 1MΩ	① The breaker operates
Pand N1/N2/1	open	*	① The unit does not operate (can not be switched ON) ②4220 Abnormal stop (9-10. No.189 "ACTM error" display)
1.2 and N11 / N12 / I	short	100kΩ ~ 1MΩ	① The breaker operates
L2 and N1 / N2 / I	open	*	① The unit does not operate (can not be switched ON) ②4220 Abnormal stop (9-10. No.189 "ACTM error" display)

^{*} The symptom when the unit is in open error condition is described to determine open error by tester check.



Tester check points of Acive filter module

	Error condition	Normal value (reference)	Symptom when the unit is in trouble
(–) and lo	open	less than 1Ω	① The unit does not operate (can not be switched ON)
() and I 2	short	100kΩ ~ 1MΩ	① The breaker operates
(–) and L2	open	*	① The unit does not operate (can not be switched ON) ②4220 Abnormal stop (9-10. No.189 "ACTM error" display)
P and L2	short	100kΩ ~ 1MΩ	① The breaker operates
P and L2	open	*	① The unit does not operate (can not be switched ON) ②4220 Abnormal stop (9-10. No.189 "ACTM error" display)
P and Io	short	100kΩ ~ 1MΩ	① The breaker operates
F and io	open	*	① The unit does not operate (can not be switched ON) ②4220 Abnormal stop (9-10. No.189 "ACTM error" display)
L2 and lo	short	100kΩ ~ 1MΩ	① The breaker operates
LZ aliū lū	open	*	① The unit does not operate (can not be switched ON) ②4220 Abnormal stop (9-10. No.189 "ACTM error" display)

lo

^{*} The symptom when the unit is in open error condition is described to determine open error by tester check.

			\(\frac{1}{2}\)
7		80	NOIGO
		Lighting always	Lighting always ON: light on OFF: light off
			 When abnormality occurs, check display.
No.7 unit c	heck	No.8 unit check	No.6 unit check No.7 unit check No.8 unit check Check: light on Normal: light off
TH7 abnorn	nality	TH8 abnormality	Outdoor fan rotational TH7 abnormality TH8 abnormality Display input microprocessor frequency abnormality
63HS abnorr	nality	start over current interception abnormality	63HS abnormality start over current protection (abnormality)
Current sensor open/short	sor	serial communication abnormality	
Outdoor fan rotational fre- TH7 abnormality quency abnormality delay	llity	start over current inter- ception abnormality delay	Display all abnormalities
Low-pressure 63HS abnormality abnormality delay	ality	start over current inter- ception abnormality delay	remaining in abnormality
Current sensor open/short delay	sor delay	communication(POWER BOARD)abnormality delay	delay
Outdoor fan rotational TH7 abnormality frequency abnormality delay	ality	start over current inter- ception abnormality delay	start over current inter- ception abnormality delay Display all abnormalities
Low-pressure 63HS abnormality abnormality delay	mality		start over current inter- ception abnormality delay remaining in abnormality
Circont concor	roon	DD/M/DD/doitopian.mago	

No.5 unit check

TH4 abnormality TH3 abnormality

Insufficient refrigerant Current sensor amount abnormality abnormality Over capacity address error

Over current interception Voltage abnormality

Heatsink
Over current interception | Voltage abnorn
Abnormality in the Address double | Indoor unit

(SV2) 2

SV1

21S4 က

52C N

Compressor operation

Relay output display

Check display

00000000

Display mode

SW1 setting 12345678 0000~9999 (Alternating display of addresses and error code)

No.2 unit check No.3 unit check No.4 unit check

No.1 unit check

1 10000000 Indoor unit check status

11000000 Protection input 4 |00100000 | Protection input

3 $^{\circ}$

01000000 Protection input

Discharge temperature abnormality

SHd(low discharge temperature) abnormality

High-pressure abnormality

Display on the LED1, 2 (display data)

Frozen protection delay abnormality delay TH4 TH3 abnormality abnormality delay

Voltage abnormality Insufficient refrigerant Current sensor delay abnormality delay

5 10100000 Abnormality delay display 1 High-pressure SHdivw display abnormality delay abnormality delay abnormality delay abnormality delay dela

Heatsink overheating delay

TH4 abnormality TH3 abnormality delay

Current sensor communication(POWER pen/short delay BOARD)abnormatity delay delay history

Voltage abnormality Insufficient refrigerant Current sensor delay abnormality delay

Discharge temperature abnormality delay

8 00010000 Abnomality delay history 1 High-pressure SHdlow discharge temperature) abnormality delay abnormality delay

7 | 11100000 | Abnormality delay display 3

9 | 10010000 | Abnommality delay history 2 | Heatsink | Over current interception delay interception delay

10 01010000 Abnormality delay history 3

TH6 abnormality delay

Frozen protection delay abnormally delay

11	1010000	11 11010000 Abnormality code history 1 (the latest)								 Display abnormalities up to 	
120	0110000	12 00110000 Abnomality code history 2		Delay code		Abnormality delay	Delay code	Abnormality delay	ty delay	present (including abnormality	
7.3	011000	1.3 1.011.00.00 Abnormality code history 3		1202		Discharge temperature abnormality	1402	High-pressure abnormality	abnormality	terminals)	
- 6	77	Abnormality code history 4		2	_	Discharge temperature sensor (TH4) abnormality	_	Pressure sensor (63HS) abnormality	HS) abnormality		
4 i	00001111	14 O I I OOOO Abnomianty code mistory 4			5 Outdoor pipe tempera	1205 Outdoor pipe temperature sensor (TH3) abnormality		1600 Over charge refrigerant abnormality	rant abnormality	•History record in 1 is the	
15 1	1110000	15 11110000 Abnormality code history 5	Alternating display of addresses	1211	_	Saturation temperature of suction pressure sensor (TH6) abnormality	1	1601 Insufficient refrigerant abnormality	ant abnormality	latest; records become older	
160	0001000	16 00001000 Abnormality code history 6	0000-9999 and abnormality code	ode 1214	_	Heatsink thermistor (TH8) abnormality	4320	Frequency converter insufficient wiring voltage abnormality	r insufficient mality	in sequence; history record	
171	0001000	17 10001000 Abnomality code history 7	(including abnormality delay code)	ode) 1221		Outside air temperature sensor (TH7) abnormality	4330	Heatsink temperature abnormality	re abnormality	in 10 is the oldest.	
180	1001000	18 01001000 Abnormality code history 8					4350	Power module abnormality	abnormality		
191	1001000	19 11001000 Abnormality code history 9									
200	0101000	20 00101000 Abnormality code history 10 (the oldest)									
211	0101000	21 10101000 Cumulative time	0~9999(unit::1-hour)							Display of cumulative	
220	1101000	22 01101000 Cumulative time	0~9999(unit::10-hour)							compressor operating time	
23 1	1101000	Outdoor unit operation display	23 11101000 Outdoor unit operation display Excitation Current Restart after 3 minutes Compressor		operation Abnormality(detection)	(1					
240	00011000	Indoor unit operation mode	24 00011000 Indoor unit operation mode No.1 unit mode No.2 unit mode No.3 unit		le No.4 unit mode	No.5 unit mode No.	.6 unit mo	de No.7 unit mode	No.8 unit mode	mode No.4 unit mode No.5 unit mode No.6 unit mode No.7 unit mode No.8 unit mode Stop fan: light on Heating: light flashing	
25 1	0011000	Indoor unit operation display	25 10011000 Indoor unit operation display No.1 unit operation No.2 unit operation No.3 unit op		n No.4 unit operation	No.5 unit operation No.6	s unit operati	on No.7 unit operation	No.8 unit operation	No.4 unit operation No.5 unit operation No.6 unit operation No.7 unit operation No.8 unit operation Thermo ON : light on Thermo OFF : light off	
260	1011000	26 01011000 Capacity code (No. 1 indoor unit)								Display of indoor unit	
27 1	1011000	27 11011000 Capacity code (No. 2 indoor unit)	0~255							capacity code	SW:s 0 1
28 0	00111000	28 00111000 Capacity code (No. 3 indoor unit)								The No. 1 unit will start from	setting .OFF .ON
29 1	0111000	29 10111000 Capacity code (No. 4 indoor unit)								the address with the lowest)
30 (1111000	30 01111000 Capacity code (No. 5 indoor unit)								number	

	SW1 setting				Disp	Display on the LED1, 2 (display data)	D1, 2 (display	data)			Notes
<u> </u>	12345678	Display mode	_	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	SOLO
31	11111000	IC1 operation mode									 Display of indoor unit
32	000000100	32 00000100 IC2 operation mode			Cooling	Cooling	Heating	Heating			operating mode
33	10000100	33 10000100 IC3 operation mode	OFF	Fan	thermo	thermo	thermo	thermo			
34	01000100	34 01000100 IC4 operation mode			NO	OFF	NO	OFF			
35	11000100	11000100 IC5 operation mode									
36	00100100	00100100 OC operation mode	ON/OFF	Heating/Cooling Abnormal/Normal	Abnormal/Normal	DEFROST/NO Refrigerant pull backino Excitation current/no 3-min.delay/no	Refrigerant pull back/no	Excitation current/no	3-min.delay/no		Light on/light off
37	10100100	External connection status	P97:Autochange over permission CN3N1-3 input	P96:Autochange over fixed mode CN3N1-2 input	P95:Undefined CN3S1-2 input	P94:Demand CN3D1-3 input	P93:Silent CN3D1-2 input				Input: light off No input: light on
38		01100100 Communication demand capacity	0~255								Display of communication demand capacity
39	11100100	11100100 Number of compressor ON/OFF	0000~9999 (unit: 010)	nit : 010)							
4	00010100	40 00010100 Compressor operating current	0~999.9 (A)								
4	10010100	41 10010100 Input current of outdoor unit	0~999.9 (A)								
42	01010100	42 01010100 Thermo ON operating time	0000~9999 (unit: 010)	nit : 010)							
4.6	11010100	43 11010100 Total capacity of thermo on	0~255								
44	00110100	00110100 Number of indoor units	0~255 (Max. 8 unit)	t unit)							
45	10110100	10110100 DC bus voltage	(V) 6.999-0								
46	01110100	State of LEV control	Td over heat SHd decrea prevention	Se	Min.Sj correction depends on Td	LEV opening LEV opening Correction of correction correction high compres depends on Td ratio preventi	LEV opening Correction of correction high compressic depends on Td ratio prevention	Correction of high compression ratio prevention			
47	. 11110100	State of compressor frequency control 1	Discharge pressure control	Discharge temperature control			Discharge pressure(heating) Backup	Max. Hz control	Freeze prevention control		
48	00001100	State of compressor frequency control 2	Heatsink over heat pre-	Secondary current control	Input current control		Frequency restrain of receipt voltage change				
49	10001100	Protection input				Frozen protection TH6 abnormality abnormality	TH6 abnormality	Power module abnormality			
20	01001100	The second current value when micro computer of POWER BOARD abnormality is detected	0~999.9[Arms]	[St				,			
51	11001100	The radiator panel temperature when microcomputer of POWER BOARD abnormality is detected	99.9~999.9(-99.9~999.9(Short/Open:-99.9 or 999.9)	99.9 or 999.9)						
	Sta	State of compressor frequency(Hz) control (Words)	(Hz) control (M	Vords) Content	1t						
	iğ i	Discharge pressure control		Hz con	control by pressure limitation	re limitation					
	i Dis	Discharge temperature control	0	Hz cor	ntrol by dische	control by discharge temperature limitation	ure limitation				
	SE SE	Max.Hz control		Max.H	Max.Hz limitation when pov	Max.Hz limitation when power supply on Hz control by bynass valve	oply on				
	A P	Abnormal rise of Pd control		Contro	of that restrain	Control that restrains abnormal rise of discharge pressure	se of discharge	e pressure			
	He	Heatsink over heat prevention control	on control	Heatsi	nk over heat	Heatsink over heat prevention control	ntrol				
	Se	Secondary current control		Secon	Secondary current control	ontrol					
	로 로	Hz correction of receipt voltage decrease prevention Max.Hz correction control due to voltage decrease	decrease pre	vention Max.H	z correction c	ontrol due to v	voltage decrea	sse			
	H	Hz restrain of receipt voltage change	e change	Мах.Н	z correction c	Max.Hz correction control due to receipt voltage change	receipt voltage	change			

SW1 setting	Display on the LED1, 2 (display data)	0 10 10 10
No. 12345678 Display mode	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	INOIES
64 00000010 Operational frequency	0~FF(16 progressive)	Display of actual operating frequency
65 10000010 Target frequency	0~255	Display of target frequency
66 01000010 Outdoor fan control step number	0~15 5~15	Display of number of outdoor
		fan control steps (target)
69 10100010 IC1 LEV Opening pulse		Display of opening pulse of
70 01100010 IC2 LEV Opening pulse	0~2000	indoor LEV
71 11100010 IC3 LEV Opening pulse		
72 00010010 IC4 LEV Opening pulse		
73 10010010 IC5 LEV Opening pulse		
74 01010010 High-pressure sensor (Pd) kgf/cm ²		Display of outdoor subcool
75 11010010 TH4(Td) °C	6.66-	(SC) data and detection data
76 00110010 TH6(ET) °C		from high-pressure sensor and
77 10110010 TH7(Outdoor-temp.) °C		each thermistor
78 01110010 TH3(Outdoor pipe) °C		
80 00001010 TH8(Power module) °C		
81 10001010 IC1 TH23(Gas) °C	6.99.9 ~ 999.9	
82 01001010 IC2 TH23(Gas) °C	(When the indoor unit is not connected, it is displayed as"0".)	
83 11001010 IC3 TH23(Gas) °C		
84 00101010 IC4 TH23(Gas) °C		
85 10101010 IC5 TH23(Gas) °C		
86 01101010 IC1 TH22(Liquid) °C		
87 11101010 IC2 TH22(Liquid) °C		
88 00011010 IC3 TH22(Liquid) °C		
89 10011010 IC4 TH22 (Liquid) °C		
90 01011010 IC5 TH22 (Liquid) °C		
91 11011010 IC1 TH21(Intake) °C		
92 00111010 IC2 TH21 (Intake) °C		
93 10111010 IC3 TH21 (Intake) °C		
94 01111010 IC4 TH21 (Intake) °C		
95 11111010 IC5 TH21 (Intake) °C		
96 00000110 Outdoor SC (cooling) °C	-99.9 ~ 999.9	

SW1 setting			Displ	Display on the LED1, 2 (display data)	LED1, 2	(display c	lata)			N Otor
12345678	8 Uispiay IIIode		1 2	3	4	2	9	7	∞	NOIGO
97 10000110	Target subcool step		-2~4							Display of target subcool step data
98 01000110) IC1 SC/SH °C									Display of indoor SC/SH data
99 11000110	IC2 SC/SH °C		6.99.9 ~ 999.9							
100 00100110	C3 SC/SH °C		during heating: subcool (SC)/during cooling: superheat (SH)	Dcool (SC	;)/during	cooling: s	uperheat (SH)		
101 10100110) IC4 SC/SH °C									
102 01100110	C5 SC/SH °C									
103 11100110	Discharge superheat (SHd)	၁့	6.666~6.66-							Display of discharge superheat data
105 10010110	Target Pd display (heating)	kgf/cm²	Pdm(0.0~30.0)							Display of all control target data
106 01010110	Target ET display (cooling)	ပ	ETm(-2.0~23.0)							
107 11010110	Target outdoor SC (cooling)	ပ	SCm(0.0~20.0)							
108 00110110	Target indoor SC/SH (IC1)	ပ	SCm/SHm(0.0~20.0)	0.0)						
109 10110110	Target indoor SC/SH (IC2)	ပွ								
110 01110110	Target indoor SC/SH (IC3)	ပ								
111 11110110	Target indoor SC/SH (IC4)	ပ								
112 00001110	Target indoor SC/SH (IC5)	ပ								
121 10011110	TH4 (Td) °F									Display of detection data from
122 01011110	TH3 (Outdoor pipe) °F		-99.9~999.9 [°F]							high-pressure sensor and each
123 11011110	TH6 (ET) °F									thermistor
124 00111110	TH7 (Outdoor temp.) °F									
125 10111110	High pressure sensor (Pd) PSIG	ניז	0.0~711.0 [PSIG]							
126 01111110	TH8 (Power module) °F		-99.9~999.9 [°F]							
128 00000001	1 Actual frequency of abnormality delay	/ delay	0~FF(16 progressive)	ive)						Display of actual frequency at time of abnormality delay
129 10000001	Fan step number at time of abnormality delay	nality delay	0~15							Display of fan step number at time of abnormality delay
131 11000001	1 C1 LEV opening pulse abnormality delay	ality delay								Display of opening pulse of indoor LEV
132 00100001	1 IC2 LEV opening pulse abnormality delay	ality delay	0~2000							at time of abnormality delay
133 10100001	1 IC3 LEV opening pulse abnormality delay	ality delay								
134 01100001	1 C4 LEV opening pulse abnormality delay	ality delay								
135 11100001	IC5 LEV opening pulse abnormality delay	ality delay								

100,10001 Hyperessure serior data at time of abnormality delay C 100,10001 Hyperessure serior data at time of abnormality delay C 100,10001 Hyperessure serior data at time of abnormality delay C 100,10001 Hyperessure serior data at time of abnormality delay C 100,10001 Hyperessure serior data at time of abnormality delay C 100,10001 Hyperessure data at time of abnormality dela	_ :	SW1 setting				Display	on the L	ED1, 2 (Display on the LED1, 2 (display data)	ata)		
10010001 High-pressure sensor data at time of abnormality delay "C Appropriate time of abnor	2		ı	_	2	3	4	2			8	Notes
10010001 TH4 sensor data at time of abnormality delay "C 11010001 TH6 sensor data at time of abnormality delay "C 11010001 TH6 sensor data at time of abnormality delay "C 11010001 TH8 sensor data at time of abnormality delay "C 10110001 CC SC (cooling) at time of abnormality delay "C 10110001 CC SC (cooling) at time of abnormality delay "C 10010001 CS SC/SH at time of abnormality delay "C 10010001 CS SC/SH at time of abnormality delay "C 10010001 CS SC/SH at time of abnormality delay "C 10010001 CS SC/SH at time of abnormality delay "C 10010001 CS SC/SH at time of abnormality delay "C 10010001 CS TH21 Intake "F 10010001 CC TH21 Intake "F 10010001 CC TH21 Intake "F 100110001 CT TH21 Intake "F 10011001 CT TH21 Intake "F 10011001 CT TH21 Intake "F 10011001 CT TH21 Cas "F 10011001 CT TH23 Cas "F 1001001 CT TH23 Cas "F	13(5 00010001	High-pressure sensor data at time of abnormality delay kgf/cm	7								Display of data from high-pressure sensor,
11010001 THS sensor data at time of abnormality delay °C 00110001 THS sensor data at time of abnormality delay °C 00110001 THS sensor data at time of abnormality delay °C 00110001 CC SC (cooling) at time of abnormality delay °C 00110001 ICS SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C 00110001 ICS SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C 001001001 ICS SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C 01001001 ICS SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C 01001001 ICS SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C 01001001 ICS TH21 Intake °F 01101001 ICS TH21 Intake °F 01101001 ICS TH21 Intake °F 011011001 ICS TH21 Intake °F 01101001 ICS TH21 Intake °F 011011001 ICS TH22 Gas °F 011011001 ICS TH23 Gas °F 011011001 ICS TH23 Gas °F 011011001 ICS TH23 Gas °F 01101001 I	13,	7 10010001										all thermistors, and SC/SH at time of
1010 0001 TH3 sensor data at time of abnormality delay °C -99.9 ~ 999.9 1011 0001 TH8 sensor data at time of abnormality delay °C -99.9 ~ 999.9 1011 0001 CC SC (cooling) at time of abnormality delay °C -99.9 ~ 999.9 1010 0001 CC SC/SM at time of abnormality delay °C	138	9 01010001										abnormality delay
00110001 TH8 sensor data at time of abnormality delay °C -99.9 ~ 999.9 10110001 CC SC (cooling) at time of abnormality delay °C -99.9 ~ 999.9 11110001 ICI SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C C 10001001 ICI SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C C 10001001 ICI SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C C 10001001 ICI SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C C 10001001 ICI SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C C 11001001 ICI SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C C 11001001 ICI TH21 Intake °F	139	9 11010001										
10110001 CC SC (cooling) at time of abnormality delay ° C 11110001 CI SC/SH at time of abnormality delay ° C 11110001 CI SC/SH at time of abnormality delay ° C 10001001 CI SC/SH at time of abnormality delay ° C 10001001 CI SC/SH at time of abnormality delay ° C 10001001 CI SC/SH at time of abnormality delay ° C 11001001 CI SC/SH at time of abnormality delay ° C 11001001 CI THZ1 Intake ° F 11001001 CI THZ1 Intake ° F 10011001 CI THZ1 Gas ° F 10011001 CI THZ3 Gas ° F	14(000110001										
01110001 IC2 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C 00001001 IC3 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C 00001001 IC3 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C 01001001 IC4 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C 01001001 IC4 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C 01001001 IC5 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C 01001001 IC5 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C 010101001 IC5 TH21 Intake °F 010101001 IC3 TH21 Intake °F 01011001 IC5 TH21 Intake °F 01011001 IC6 TH21 Intake °F 01011001 IC7 TH21 Intake °F 01011001 IC7 TH21 Intake °F 010111001 IC7 TH23 Gas °F 011111001 IC7 TH23 Gas °F 011111001 IC5 TH23 Gas °F 011111001 IC6 TH23 Gas °F 01111001 IC6 TH23 Gas °F 011111001 IC6 TH23 Gas °F	14,	1 10110001			6.666							
11110001 IC2 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C 10001001 IC3 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C 10001001 IC3 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C 10001001 IC3 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C 10001001 IC3 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C 11001001 IC3 TH21 Intake °F 100101001 IC3 TH21 Intake °F 100101001 IC3 TH21 Intake °F 100101001 IC3 TH21 Intake °F 10011001 IC3 TH23 Gas °F 10010010 IC3 TH23 Gas °F 10010	14,	2 01110001										
00001001 IC3 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C 10001001 IC4 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C 01001001 IC5 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C 11001001 IC5 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C 11001001 IC5 TH21 Intake °F P 100101001 IC5 TH21 Intake °F -99.9 - 999.9 [°F] 10011001 IC5 TH21 Intake °F -99.9 - 999.9 [°F] 10011001 IC5 TH21 Intake °F -99.9 - 999.9 [°F] 10011001 IC7 TH21 Intake °F -99.9 - 999.9 [°F] 10011001 IC7 TH21 Intake °F -99.9 - 999.9 [°F] 10011001 IC7 TH21 Intake °F -99.9 - 999.9 [°F] 10011001 IC7 TH21 Intake °F -99.9 - 999.9 [°F] 10011001 IC7 TH21 Intake °F -99.9 - 999.9 [°F] 10011001 IC7 TH23 Gas °F -99.9 - 999.9 [°F] 10111001 IC7 TH23 Gas °F -99.9 - 999.9 [°F] 101000101 IC7 TH23 Gas °F -99.9 - 999.9 [°F]	14,	3 11110001										
10001001 IC4 SC/SH at time of abnormality delay of 201001001 C5 CiCSH at time of abnormality delay of 201001001 C5 CiCSH at time of abnormality delay of 20100101 C5 CiCSH at time of abnormality delay of 20100101 C5 CiCSH at time of abnormality delay of 20100101 C5 CiCSH at time of 20100101 C5 CiCSH at time of 20100101 C6	14,	4 00001001										
11001001 ICS SC/SH at time of abnormality delay °C 11001001 IC1 TH21 Intake °F 100101001 IC2 TH21 Intake °F 101010001 IC3 TH21 Intake °F 101010001 IC3 TH21 Intake °F 100110001 IC5 TH21 Intake °F 100110001 IC7 TH23 Gas °F 100111001 IC3 TH23 Gas °F 101111001 IC4 TH23 Gas °F 101111001 IC5 TH23 Gas °F 101111001 IC5 TH23 Gas °F 101000101 IC5 TH23 Gas °F	14{	5 10001001										
11001001 ICT TH21 Intake °F 00101001 ICZ TH21 Intake °F 10101001 IC3 TH21 Intake °F 00101001 IC3 TH21 Intake °F 11010101 IC5 TH21 Intake °F 00011001 IC7 TH21 Intake °F 10011001 IC7 TH21 Intake °F 00111001 IC7 TH21 Intake °F 01011001 IC7 TH21 Intake °F 01011001 IC7 TH21 Intake °F 01011001 IC7 TH23 Gas °F 01111001 IC3 TH23 Gas °F 01111001 IC5 TH23 Gas °F 010000101 IC6 TH23 Gas °F 00000101 IC7 TH23 Gas °F 010000101 IC7 TH23 Gas °F	14(5 01001001										
00101001 IC2 TH21 Intake °F 101010001 IC3 TH21 Intake °F 00101001 IC3 TH21 Intake °F 11101001 IC5 TH21 Intake °F 100011001 IC5 TH21 Intake °F -99.9 ~ 999.9 [°F] 10011001 IC5 TH21 Intake °F (When the indoor unit is not connected, it is displayed as "32".) 11011001 IC3 TH23 Gas °F (When the indoor unit is not connected, it is displayed as "32".) 10111001 IC3 TH23 Gas °F (When the indoor unit is not connected, it is displayed as "32".) 10111001 IC3 TH23 Gas °F (When the indoor unit is not connected, it is displayed as "32".) 10111001 IC3 TH23 Gas °F (When the indoor unit is not connected, it is displayed as "32".) 10111001 IC3 TH23 Gas °F (When the indoor unit is not connected, it is displayed as "32".) 101000101 IC5 TH23 Gas °F (When the indoor unit is not connected, it is displayed as "32".)	14.	11001001	IC1 TH21 Intake °F									Display of detection data from each
10101001 IC3 TH21 Intake °F 01101001 IC4 TH21 Intake °F 11101001 IC5 TH21 Intake °F 00011001 IC6 TH21 Intake °F 10011001 IC7 TH21 Intake °F 11011001 IC7 TH21 Intake °F 11011001 IC7 TH23 Gas °F 10111001 IC2 TH23 Gas °F 11111001 IC5 TH23 Gas °F 11111001 IC5 TH23 Gas °F 11111001 IC5 TH23 Gas °F 11111001 IC6 TH23 Gas °F 110000101 IC6 TH23 Gas °F 100000101 IC6 TH23 Gas °F	14{	9 00101001	IC2 TH21 Intake °F									indoor thermistor
01101001 IC4 TH21 Intake °F 11101001 IC5 TH21 Intake °F 00011001 IC6 TH21 Intake °F 10011001 IC7 TH21 Intake °F 01011001 IC7 TH21 Intake °F 11011001 IC7 TH23 Gas °F 00111001 IC2 TH23 Gas °F 11111001 IC5 TH23 Gas °F 11111001 IC5 TH23 Gas °F 11111001 IC6 TH23 Gas °F 110000101 IC6 TH23 Gas °F 100000101 IC6 TH23 Gas °F 100000101 IC6 TH23 Gas °F	14(9 10101001	IC3 TH21 Intake °F									
11101001 IC5 TH21 Intake °F 00011001 IC6 TH21 Intake °F 10011001 IC7 TH21 Intake °F 11011001 IC8 TH21 Intake °F 11011001 IC1 TH23 Gas °F 001111001 IC2 TH23 Gas °F 11111001 IC5 TH23 Gas °F 11111001 IC5 TH23 Gas °F 11111001 IC5 TH23 Gas °F 110000101 IC6 TH23 Gas °F 100000101 IC6 TH23 Gas °F 100000101 IC6 TH23 Gas °F	15(01101001	IC4 TH21 Intake °F									
00011001 IC6 TH21 Intake °F 10011001 IC7 TH21 Intake °F 01011001 IC8 TH21 Intake °F 11011001 IC1 TH23 Gas °F 10111001 IC2 TH23 Gas °F 01111001 IC4 TH23 Gas °F 11111001 IC5 TH23 Gas °F 11111001 IC5 TH23 Gas °F 100000101 IC6 TH23 Gas °F 100000101 IC6 TH23 Gas °F 100000101 IC6 TH23 Gas °F	15,	11101001	IC5 TH21 Intake °F									
10011001 IC7 TH21 Intake °F 01011001 IC8 TH21 Intake °F 11011001 IC1 TH23 Gas °F 00111001 IC2 TH23 Gas °F 01111001 IC3 TH23 Gas °F 11111001 IC5 TH23 Gas °F 11111001 IC5 TH23 Gas °F 110000101 IC6 TH23 Gas °F 10000101 IC6 TH23 Gas °F 10000101 IC6 TH23 Gas °F	15,	2 00011001	IC6 TH21 Intake °F									
01011001 IC8 TH21 Intake °F 11011001 IC1 TH23 Gas °F 00111001 IC2 TH23 Gas °F 01111001 IC3 TH23 Gas °F 11111001 IC5 TH23 Gas °F 00000101 IC6 TH23 Gas °F 10000101 IC6 TH23 Gas °F 010000101 IC7 TH23 Gas °F	15,	3 10011001	IC7 TH21 Intake °F	-99.9 ~	999.9 ['	Ĕ						
155 11011001 IC1 TH23 Gas °F 156 00111001 IC2 TH23 Gas °F 157 10111001 IC3 TH23 Gas °F 158 011111001 IC4 TH23 Gas °F 160 00000101 IC6 TH23 Gas °F 161 10000101 IC7 TH23 Gas °F 162 01000101 IC8 TH23 Gas °F	15,	4 01011001	IC8 TH21 Intake °F	(When	the indo	or unit is	not con	nected, ii	t is displa	yed as":	32".)	
156 00111001 IC2 TH23 Gas °F 157 10111001 IC3 TH23 Gas °F 158 01111001 IC4 TH23 Gas °F 160 00000101 IC5 TH23 Gas °F 161 10000101 IC7 TH23 Gas °F 162 01000101 IC8 TH23 Gas °F	15,	5 11011001	IC1 TH23 Gas °F									
157 10111001 IC3 TH23 Gas °F 158 01111001 IC4 TH23 Gas °F 159 11111001 IC5 TH23 Gas °F 160 00000101 IC6 TH23 Gas °F 161 10000101 IC7 TH23 Gas °F 162 01000101 IC8 TH23 Gas °F	15(5 00111001	IC2 TH23 Gas °F									
158 01111001 IC4 TH23 Gas °F 159 11111001 IC5 TH23 Gas °F 160 00000101 IC6 TH23 Gas °F 161 10000101 IC7 TH23 Gas °F 162 01000101 IC8 TH23 Gas °F	15.	7 10111001	IC3 TH23 Gas °F									
159 11111001 IC5 TH23 Gas °F 160 00000101 IC6 TH23 Gas °F 161 10000101 IC7 TH23 Gas °F 162 01000101 IC8 TH23 Gas °F	158	9 01111001	IC4 TH23 Gas °F									
160 00000101 IC6 TH23 Gas °F 161 10000101 IC7 TH23 Gas °F 162 01000101 IC8 TH23 Gas °F	156		IC5 TH23 Gas °F									
161 10000101 IC7 TH23 Gas °F 162 01000101 IC8 TH23 Gas °F	16(00000101	IC6 TH23 Gas °F									
162 01000101 IC8 TH23 Gas °F	16.	1 10000101	IC7 TH23 Gas °F	ı								
	16,	2 01000101	IC8 TH23 Gas °F									

SW	SW1 setting				Display c	Display on the LED1, 2 (display data)	11, 2 (disp	olay data)			
NO.	12345678	Uispiay mode	_	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	Notes
170 01	170 01010101	ROM version monitor									Display of version data of ROM
171 11	171 11010101	ROM type									Display of ROM type
172 00	172 00110101	Check Sum code									Display of check sum code of ROM
173 10	10110101	IC1 TH22 Liquid °F									Display of detection data from each
174 01	1110101	174 01110101 IC2 TH22 Liquid °F									indoor liquid pipe thermistor
175 11	1110101	175 11110101 IC3 TH22 Liquid °F									
176 00	00001101	IC4 TH22 Liquid °F	~ 6 66-	4º1 6 666	_						
177 10	0001101	10001101 IC5 TH22 Liquid °F	(When t	the indoor	unit is no	(When the indoor unit is not connected, it is displayed as "32".)	d,it is dis	played as'	"32".)		
178 01	1001101	178 01001101 IC6 TH22 Liquid °F									
179 11	11001101	IC7 TH22 Liquid °F									
180 00)101101	180 00101101 IC8 TH22 Liquid °F									
189 10)111101	10111101 4220 Error history			ACTM			CT sensor disconn- ection	Under	Over Voltage	
192 00	0000011	192 00000011 Actual frequency at time of abnormality									Display of actual frequency at time of abnormality
193 10	0000011	193 10000011 Fan step number at time of abnormality	0~FF(1	0~FF(16progressive)	ive)						Display of fan step number at time of abnormality
195 11	1000011	195 11000011 IC1 LEV opening pulse at time of abnormality	0~20								Display of opening pulse of indoor LEV
196 00	00100011	IC2 LEV opening pulse at time of abnormality									at time of abnormality
197 10)100011	10100011 IC3 LEV opening pulse at time of abnormality	0~2000								
198 01	1100011	198 01100011 IC4 LEV opening pulse at time of abnormality									
199 11	11100011	IC5 LEV opening pulse at time of abnormality									
200 00	200 00010011	High-pressure sensor data at abnormality kgf/cm²									Display of data from high-pressure sensor
201 10	010011	201 10010011 TH4 sensor data at time of abnormality °C									and all thermistors at time of abnormality
202 01	01010011	TH6 sensor data at time of abnormality °C									Display of data from SC/SH and all
203 11	203 11010011	TH3 sensor data at time of abnormality °C									thermistors at time of abnormality
204 00)110011	204 00110011 TH8 sensor data at time of abnormality °C									
206 01	206 01110011	IC1 SC/SH at time of abnormality °C	-99.9 ~ 999.9	6.666							
207 11	11110011	IC2 SC/SH at time of abnormality °C									
208 00	0001011	208 00001011 IC3 SC/SH at time of abnormality °C									
209 10	0001011	209 10001011 IC4 SC/SH at time of abnormality °C									
210 01	210 01001011	IC5 SC/SH at time of abnormality °C									

1234 211 1100	Bining I MO			Dispiay orı u	ne LED1, z	Display on the LED1, 2 (display data)	data)	1
211 1100	12345678 Display mode	-	2	3 4	2	9	7 8	Notes
2011 1170	11001011 IC6 Capacity code							Display of indoor unit capacity mode
212 0010	212 00101011 IC7 Capacity code	0~255						
213 1010	213 10101011 IC8 Capacity code							
214 0110	214 01101011 IC6 operation mode			Cooling Coolir	Cooling Heating	Heating		Display of indoor unit operating mode
215 11101011	1011 IC7 operation mode	OFF	Fan	thermo thermo thermo	thermo	thermo		
216 00011011	1011 IC8 operation mode			ON OFF	NO	OFF		
217 10011011	1011 C6 LEV opening pulse							Display of opening pulse of indoor LEV
218 01011011	1011 IC7 LEV opening pulse	0~2000						
219 11011011	1011 IC8 LEV opening pulse							
220 00111011	1011 IC6 TH23(Gas) °C							Display of data from high-pressure sensor,
221 10111011	1011 IC7 TH23(Gas) °C							all thermistors, and outdoor SC
222 01111011	1011 IC8 TH23(Gas) °C							
223 11111011	1011 IC6 TH22(Liquid) °C							
224 0000	224 00000111 IC7 TH22(Liquid) °C	6.666 ~ 6.66-	6.666					
225 1000	225 10000111 IC8 TH22(Liquid) °C	(When t	ne indoc	(When the indoor unit is not connected, it is displayed as"0".)	connected	, it is displ	ayed as"0".)	
226 0100	226 01000111 IC6 TH21(Intake) °C							
227 1100	227 11000111 IC7 TH21(Intake) °C							
228 00100111	0111 IC8 TH21(Intake) °C	T						
229 10100111	10111 IC6 SC/SH °C	° 0 00-	0 000					Display of indoor SC/SH data
230 01100111	0111 IC7 SC/SH °C	7 4	0.000	diring profing in the profit of the profit o		i di di	(I) took	
231 11100111	0111 IC8 SC/SH °C	5	dalliy.s	(CS) IDOSON	na fillinn	all ig.supe	115at (511)	
232 00010111	0111 IC6 target SC/SH °C							Display of all control target data
233 10010111		SCm/SHm (0.0~14.0)	lm (0.0-	.14.0)				
234 01010111	0111 IC8 target SC/SH °C							
235 11010111	0111 IC6 LEV opening pulse at abnormality delay							Display of opening pulse of indoor LEV
236 00110111	0111 IC7 LEV opening pulse at abnormality delay	0~2000						at time of abnormality
237 10110111	0111 IC8 LEV opening pulse at abnormality delay							
238 0111	238 01110111 IC6 SC/SH at abnormality delay °C							Display of SC/ SH data at time of
239 1111	11110111 IC7 SC/SH at abnormality delay °C	3 ~ 6.66-	~ 999.9					abnormality
240 0000	240 00001111 IC8 SC/SH at abnormality delay °C							
241 10001111	1111 IC6 LEV opening pulse at time of abnormality							Display of opening pulse of indoor LEV
242 01001111	1111 IC7 LEV opening pulse at time of abnormality	0~2000						at time of abnormality
243 11001111	1111 IC8 LEV opening pulse at time of abnormality							
244 00101111	1111 IC6 SC/SH at abnormality °C							Display of SC/ SH data at time of
245 10101111	IC7 SC/SH at abnormality	3 ~ 6.66-	6.666					abnormality
246 01101111	1111 IC8 SC/SH at abnormality °C							

10 ELECTRICAL WIRING

This chapter provides an introduction to electrical wiring for the CITY MULTI-S series, including notes concerning power wiring, wiring for control (transmission wires and remote controller wires), and the frequency converter.

10-1. OVERVIEW OF POWER WIRING

- (1) Use a separate power supply for the outdoor unit and indoor unit.
- (2) Bear in mind ambient conditions (ambient temperature, direct sunlight, rain water,etc.) when proceeding with the wiring and connections.
- (3) The wire size is the minimum value for metal conduit wiring. The power cord size should be 1 rank thicker consideration of voltage drops. Make sure the power-supply voltage does not drop more than 10 %.
- (4) Specific wiring requirements should adhere to the wiring regulations of the region.
- (5) Power supply cords of parts of appliances for outdoor use shall not be lighter than polychloroprene sheathed flexible cord (design 245 IEC57). For example, use wiring such as YZW.
- (6) Install an earth longer than other cables.

⚠ Warning:

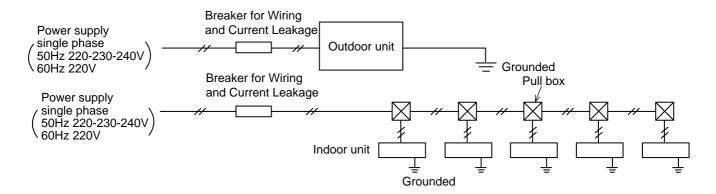
- · Be sure to use specified wires to connect so that no external force is imparted to terminal connections. If connections are not fixed firmly, it may cause heating or fire.
- · Be sure to use the appropriate type of overcurrent protection switch. Note that generated overcurrent may include some amount of direct current.

A Caution:

- · Some installation site may require attachment of an earth leakage breaker. If no earth leakage breaker is installed, it may cause an electric shock.
- · Do not use anything other than breaker and fuse with correct capacity. Using fuse and wire or copper wire with too large capacity may cause a malfunction of unit or fire.

10-2. WIRE DIAMETER AND MAIN POWER SWITCH CAPACITY

10-2-1. Wiring diagram for main power supply



10-2-2. Power supply wire diameter and capacity

	Power Supply*2	Minimum	Wire Thickness	(mm²)	Breaker for	Breaker for Current Leakage
Model	Fower Supply	Main Cable	Branch	Ground	Wiring*1	Breaker for Current Leakage
Outdoor Unit P100-140	~/N AC 220/230/240V 50Hz ~/N AC 220V 60Hz	5.5(6)	_	5.5(6)	32 A	32 A 30 mA 0.1 sec. or less
I Indoor I Init	~/N AC 220/230/240V 50Hz ~/N AC 220V 60Hz	1.5	1.5	1.5	15 A	15 A 30 mA 0.1 sec. or less

^{*1.} A breaker with at least 3.0mm contact separation in each pole shall be provided. Use earth leakage breaker (NV).

^{*2.} Max. Permissive system Impedance: 0.22(Ω)

10-3. DESIGN FOR CONTROL WIRING

Please note that the types and numbers of control wires needed by the CITY MULTI-S series will depend on the remote controllers and whether they are linked with the system.

10-3-1. Selection number of control wires

		M-NET remote controller
	Use	Remote controller used in system control operations. • Group operation involving different refrigerant systems. • Linked operation with upper control system.
	Remote controller → indoor unit	
Transmission wires	Wires connecting → indoor units	2 wires (non-polar)
smis	Wires connecting → indoor units with outdoor unit	2 wires (non-polar)
Tran	Wires connecting → outdoor units	

10-3-2. Control signal wires

• Transmission wires

• Types of transmission cables : Shielding wire CVVS or CPEVS.

Cable diameter: More than 1.25 mm²
Maximum wiring length: Within 200 m

10-3-3. M-NET Remote controller wiring

Kind of remote control cable	Shielding wire MVVS
Cable diameter	0.5 to 1.25 mm ²
Remarks	When cable exceeds 10m, use cable with the same
	specifications as 10-3-2.

10-3-4. MA Remote control cables

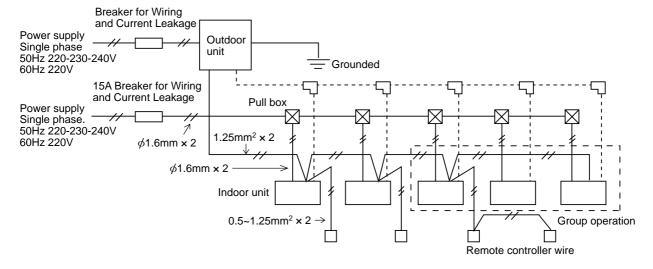
Kind of remote control cable	2-core cable (unshielded)
Cable diameter	0.3 to 1.25 mm ²

10-4. SYSTEM SWITCH SETTING

In order to identify the destinations of signals to the outdoor units, indoor units, and remote controller of the MULTI-S series, each microprocessor must be assigned an identification number (address). The addresses of outdoor units, indoor units, and remote controller must be set using their settings switches. Please consult the installation manual that comes with each unit for detailed information on setting procedures.

10-5. EXAMPLE EXTERNAL WIRING DIAGRAM FOR A BASIC SYSTEM

10-5-1. Example using a M-NET remote controller



10-6. METHOD FOR OBTAINING ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS WHEN A CAPACITY AGREEMENT IS TO BE SIGNED WITH AN ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY

The electrical characteristics of connected indoor unit system for air conditioning systems, including the MULTI-S series, will depend on the arrangement of the indoor and outdoor units.

First read the data on the selected indoor and outdoor units and then use the following formulas to calculate the electrical characteristics before applying for a capacity agreement with the local electric power company.

10-6-1. Obtaining the electrical characteristics of a CITY MULTI-S series system

(1) Procedure for obtaining total power consumption

	Page numbers in this technical manual	Power consumption
Total power consumption of each indoor unit	See the technical manual of each indoor unit	①
*1 Power consumption of outdoor unit	Standard capacity table— Refer to 5-2.	2
Total power consumption of system	See the technical manual of each indoor unit	①+② <kw></kw>

^{*1} Please note that the power consumption of the outdoor unit will vary depending on the total capacity of the selected indoor units.

(2) Method of obtaining total current

	Page numbers in this technical manual	Subtotal
Total current through each indoor unit	See the technical manual of each indoor unit	0
*2 Current through outdoor unit	Standard capacity table— Refer to 5-2.	2
Total current through system	See the technical manual of each indoor unit	①+② <a>

^{*2} Please note that the current through the outdoor unit will vary depending on the total capacity of the selected indoor units.

(3) Method of obtaining system power factor

Use the following formula and the total power and current obtained in parts \odot and \circledcirc on the previous page to calculate the system power factor.

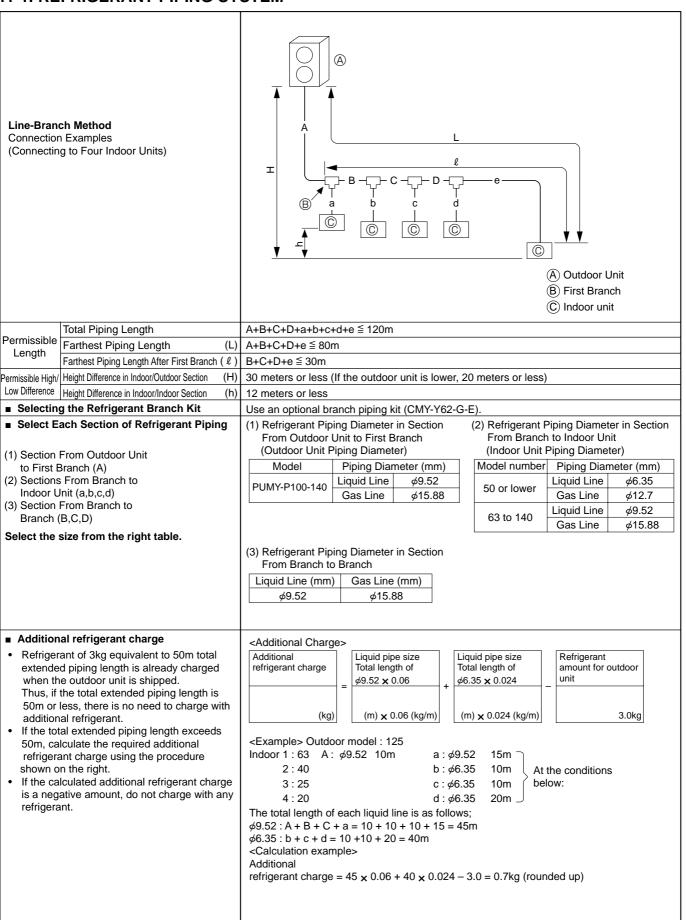
System power factor =
(Total system power consumption)
(Total system current x voltage) × 100%

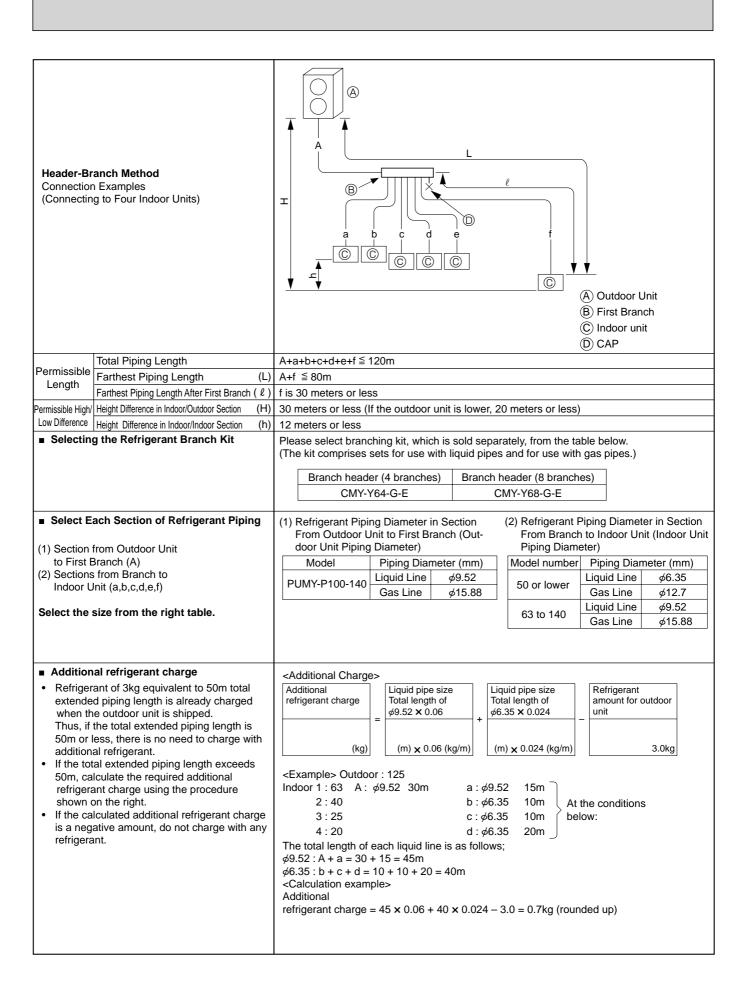
10-6-2. Applying to an electric power company for power and total current

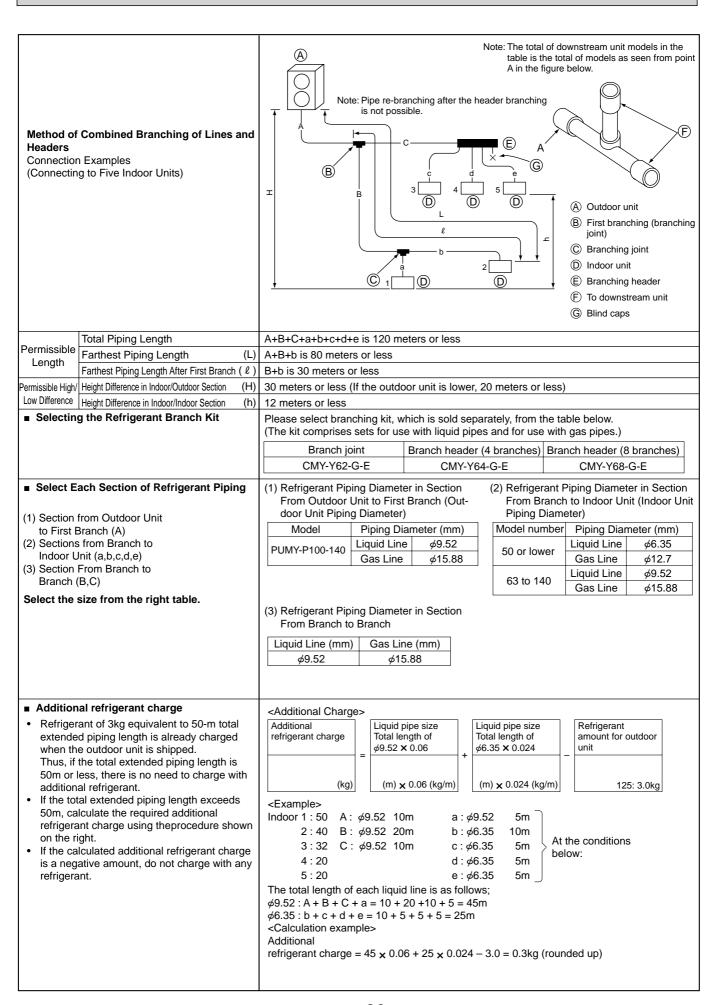
Calculations should be performed separately for heating and cooling employing the same methods; use the largest resulting value in your application to the electric power company.

REFRIGERANT PIPING TASKS

11-1. REFRIGERANT PIPING SYSTEM







11-2. PRECAUTIONS AGAINST REFRIGERANT LEAKAGE

11-2-1. Introduction

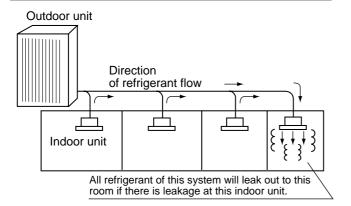
R410A refrigerant of this air conditioner is non-toxic and non-flammable but leaking of large amount from an indoor unit into the room where the unit is installed may be del-

To prevent possible injury, the rooms should be large enough to keep the R410A concentration specified by KHK: (a high pressure gas safety association) installation guidelines \$0010 as follows.

Maximum concentration

Maximum refrigerant concentration of R410A of a room is 0.30 kg/m³ accordance with the installation guidelines. To facilitate calculation, the maximum concentration is expressed in units of kg/m³ (kg of R410A per m³)

Maximum concentration of R410A: 0.3kg/m³ (KHK installation guidelines S0010)



11-2-2. Confirming procedure of R410A concentration

Follow (1) to (3) to confirm the R410A concentration and take appropriate treatment, if necessary.

(1) Calculate total refrigerant amount by each refrigerant system.

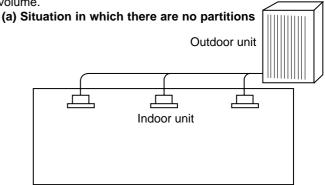
Total refrigerant amount is precharged refrigerant amount at ex-factory plus additional charged amount at field installation.

Note:

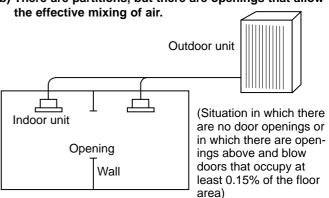
When single refrigeration system is consists of several independent refrigeration circuit, figure out the total refrigerant amount by each independent refrigerant circuit.

(2) Calculate room volumes (m3) and find the room with the smallest volume

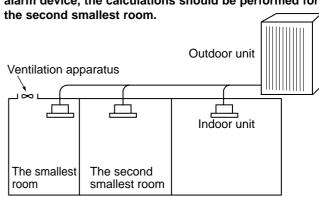
The part with □ represents the room with the smallest volume.



(b) There are partitions, but there are openings that allow



(c) If the smallest room has mechanical ventilation apparatus that is linked to a household gas detection and alarm device, the calculations should be performed for



(3) Use the results of calculations (1) and (2) to calculate the refrigerant concentration:

Total refrigerant in the refrigerating unit (kg) ≤ maximum concentration(kg/m³)

The smallest room in which an indoor unit has been installed (m3)

Maximum concentration of R410A:0.3kg/m³

If the calculation results do not exceed the maximum concentration, perform the same calculations for the larger second and third room, etc., until it has been determined that nowhere will the maximum concentration be exceeded.

DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

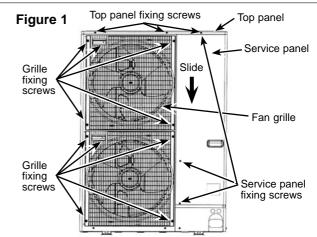
OUTDOOR UNIT: PUMY-P100VHM PUMY-P125VHM PUMY-P140VHMA PUMY-P100VHMA PUMY-P125VHMA PUMY-P140VHMA PUMY-P100VHMA-BS PUMY-P125VHMA-BS PUMY-P140VHMA-BS

OPERATING PROCEDURE

1. Removing the service panel and top panel

- (1) Remove 3 service panel fixing screws (5 \times 10) and slide the hook on the right downward to remove the service panel.
- (2) Remove screws (3 for front, 3 for rear/5 x 10) of the top panel and remove it.

PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATION



2. Removing the fan motor (MF1, MF2)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See figure 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See figure 1.)
- (3) Remove 5 fan grille fixing screws (5 \times 10) to detach the fan grille. (See figure 1.)
- (4) Remove a nut (for right handed screw of M6) to detach the propeller. (See photo 1.)
- (5) Disconnect the connectors, CNF1 and CNF2 on Multi controller board in electrical parts box.
- (6) Remove 4 fan motor fixing screws (5 \times 25) to detach the fan motor. (See photo 2.)

Photo 1 Front panel Photo 2 Fan motor Fan motor fixing screws motor

Fan motor fixing screws

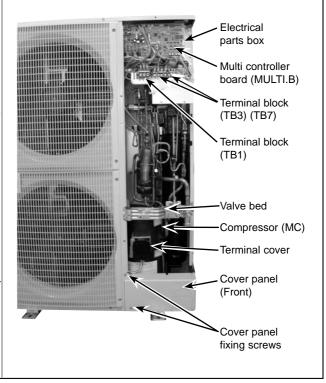
3. Removing the electrical parts box

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See figure 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See figure 1.)
- (3) Disconnect the connecting wire from terminal block.
- (4) Remove all the following connectors from Multi controller board; fan motor, thermistor <Outdoor pipe>, thermistor <Discharge>, thermistor <Low pressure saturated temp>, thermistor <Outdoor>, high pressure switch, high pressure sensor, low pressure switch, 4-way valve coil and bypass valve coil.

Pull out the disconnected wire from the electrical parts box. <Diagram symbol in the connector housing>

- Fan motor (CNF1, CNF2)
- Thermistor < Outdoor pipe> (TH3)
- Thermistor <Discharge> (TH4)
- Thermistor <Low pressure saturated temp, Outdoor> (TH6/7)
- High pressure switch (63H)
- High pressure sensor (63HS)
- Low pressure switch (63L)
- 4-way valve coil (21S4)
- Bypass valve coil (SV1)
- (5) Remove the terminal cover and disconnect the compressor lead wire.

Photo 3



Continued to the next page.

From the previous page.

OPERATING PROCEDURE

(6) Remove electrical parts box fixing screw (4 x 10) and detach the electrical parts box by pulling it upward. The electrical parts box is fixed with 2 hooks on the left and 1 hook on the right.

PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATION

Photo 4

Electrical parts

box fixing screw

Electrical parts box

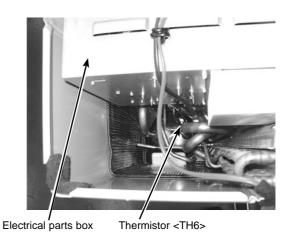
4. Removing the thermistor <Low pressure saturated temp.> (TH6)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See figure 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See figure 1.)
- (3) Disconnect the connectors, TH6 and TH7 (red), on the Multi controller board in the electrical parts box.
- (4) Loosen the wire clamps on top of the electrical parts box.
- (5) Pull out the thermistor <Low pressure saturated temp.> (TH6) from the sensor holder.

Note: In case of replacing thermistor <Low pressure saturated temp.> (TH6), replace it together with thermistor <Outdoor> (TH7) since they are combined together.

Refer to No.5 below to remove thermistor <Outdoor(TH7)>.

Photo 5



5. Removing the thermistor <Outdoor> (TH7)

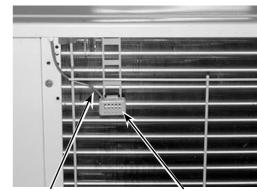
- (1) Remove the service panel. (See figure 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See figure 1.)
- (3) Disconnect the connector TH7 (red) on the Multi controller board in the electrical parts box.
- (4) Loosen the wire clamps on top of the electrical parts box. (See photo 4.)
- (5) Pull out the thermistor <Outdoor> (TH7) from the sensor holder.

Note: In case of replacing thermistor <Outdoor> (TH7), replace it together with thermistor <Low pressure saturated temp> (TH6), since they are combined together.

Refer to No.4 above to remove thermistor <Low pressure saturated temp>.

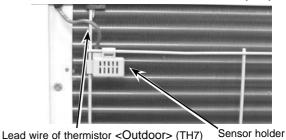
Photo 6

PUMY-P100/125/140VHM



Thermistor < Outdoor> (TH7) Sensor holder

PUMY-P100/125/140VHMA(-BS)



OPERATING PROCEDURE

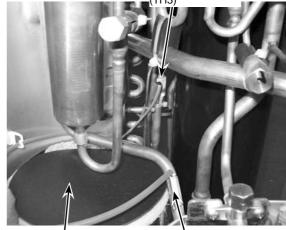
Removing the thermistor <Outdoor pipe> (TH3) and thermistor <Discharge> (TH4)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See figure 1.)
- (2) Disconnect the connectors, TH3 (white) and TH4 (white), on the Multi controller board in the electrical parts box.
- (3) Loosen the clamp for the lead wire in the rear of the electrical parts box.
- (4) Pull out the thermistor <Outdoor pipe> (TH3) and thermistor <Discharge> (TH4) from the sensor holder.

PHOTOS

Photo 7

Thermistor <Outdoor pipe>



Compressor (MC)

Thermistor <Discharge> (TH4)

7. Removing the 4-way valve coil (21S4)

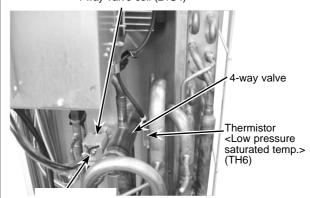
- (1) Remove the service panel. (See figure 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See figure 1.)

[Removing the 4-way valve coil]

- (3) Remove 4-way valve coil fixing screw (M4 x 6).
- (4) Remove the 4-way valve coil by sliding the coil toward you.
- (5) Disconnect the connector 21S4 (green) on the Multi controller board in the electrical parts box.

Photo 8

4-way valve coil (21S4)



4-way valve coil fixing screw

8. Removing the 4-way valve

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See figure 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See figure 1.)
- (3) Remove 3 valve bed fixing screws (4 x 10) and 4 ball valve and stop valve fixing screws (5 x 16) and then remove the valve bed.
- (4) Remove 4 right side panel fixing screw (5 x 10) in the rear of the unit and then remove the right side panel.
- (5) Remove the 4-way valve coil. (See photo 8.)
- (6) Recover refrigerant.
- (7) Remove the welded part of four-way valve.
- Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air.
- Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by removing the right side panel.
- Note 3: When installing the four-way valve, cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating (120°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized.

OPERATING PROCEDURE

9. Removing bypass valve coil (SV1) and bypass valve

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See figure 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See figure 1.)
- (3) Remove 3 right side panel fixing screws (5×10) in the rear of the unit and remove the right side panel.
- (4) Remove the bypass valve coil fixing screw (M4 x 6).
- (5) Remove the bypass valve coil by sliding the coil upward.
- (6) Disconnect the connector SV1 (white) on the Multi controller circuit board in the electrical parts box.
- (7) Recover refrigerant.
- (8) Remove the welded part of bypass valve.

Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air.

Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by removing the right side panel.

10. Removing the high pressure switch (63H) and low pressure switch (63L)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See figure 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See figure 1.)
- (3) Remove the electrical parts box. (See photo 4.)
- (4) Remove 3 right side panel fixing screws (5 × 10) in the rear of the unit and remove the right side panel.
- (5) Pull out the lead wire of high pressure switch and low pressure switch.
- (6) Recover refrigerant.
- (7) Remove the welded part of high pressure switch and low pressure switch.
- Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air.
- Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by removing the right side panel.
- Note 3: When installing the high pressure switch and low pressure switch, cover them with a wet cloth to prevent them from heating (100°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized.

11. Removing the high pressure sensor (63HS)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See figure 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See figure 1.)
- (3) Remove the electrical parts box. (See photo 4.)
- (4) Remove 3 right side panel fixing screws (5 × 10) in the rear of the unit and remove the right side panel.
- (5) Pull out the lead wire of high pressure sensor.
- (6) Recover refrigerant.
- (7) Remove the welded part of high pressure sensor.
- Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air.
- Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by removing the right side panel.
- Note 3: When installing the high pressure sensor, cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating (100°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized.

PHOTOS

Photo 9

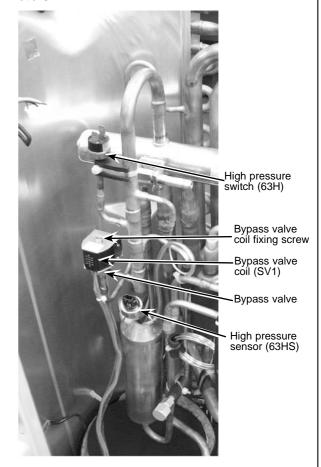
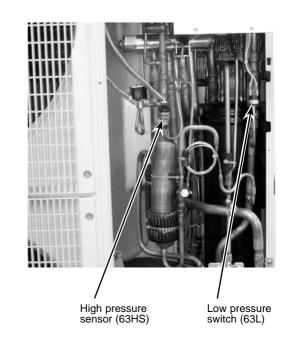


Photo 10



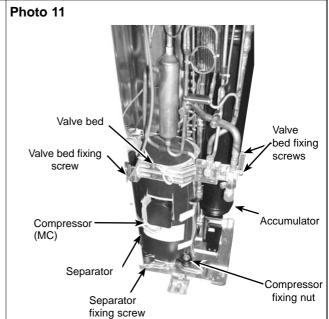
OPERATING PROCEDURE

12. Removing the compressor (MC)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See figure 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See figure 1.)
- (3) Remove 2 front cover panel fixing screws (5 \times 10) and remove the front cover panel. (See photo 3.)
- (4) Remove 2 back cover panel fixing screws (5 x 10) and remove the back cover panel.
- (5) Remove the electrical parts box. (See photo 4.)
- (6) Remove 3 valve bed fixing screws (4 x 10) and 4 ball valve and stop valve fixing screws (5 x 16) and then remove the valve bed.
- (7) Remove 3 right side panel fixing screw (5 x 10) in the rear of the unit and then remove the right side panel.
- (8) Remove 3 separator fixing screws (4 x 10) and remove the separator.
- (9) Recover refrigerant.
- (10) Remove the 3 compressor fixing nuts for motor using spanner or adjustable wrench.
- (11) Remove the welded pipe of motor for compressor inlet and outlet and then remove the compressor.

Note: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air.

PHOTOS

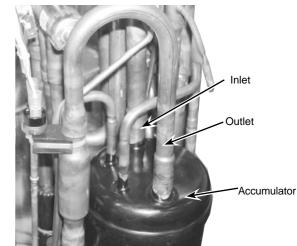


13. Removing the accumulator

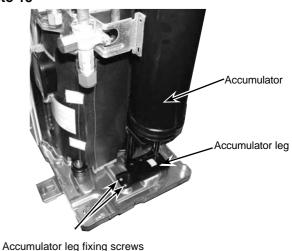
- (1) Remove the service panel. (See figure 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See figure 1.)
- (3) Remove 2 front cover panel fixing screws (5 x 10) and remove the front cover panel. (See photo 3.)
- (4) Remove 2 back cover panel fixing screws (5 x 10) and remove the back cover panel.
- (5) Remove the electrical parts box. (See photo 4.)
- (6) Remove 3 valve bed fixing screws (4 x 10) and 4 ball valve and stop valve fixing screws (5 x16) and then remove the valve bed.
- (7) Remove 3 right side panel fixing screw (5 x 10) in the rear of the unit and then remove the right side panel.
- (8) Recover refrigerant.
- (9) Remove 4 welded pipes of power receiver inlet and outlet.
- (10) Remove 2 receiver leg fixing screws (4 x 10). (See photo 13.)

Note: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air.

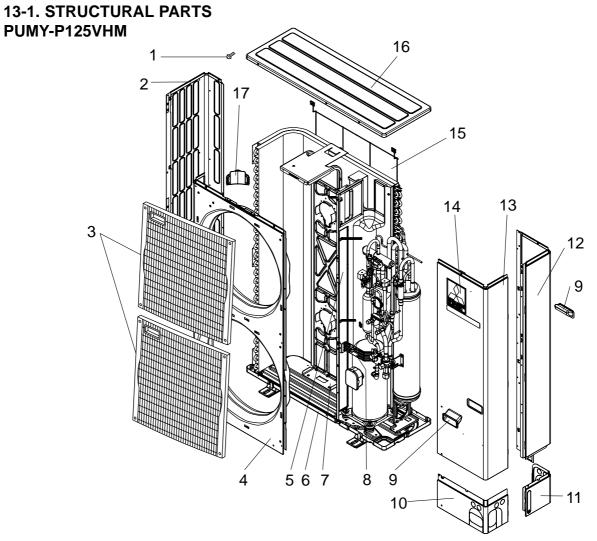
Photo 12



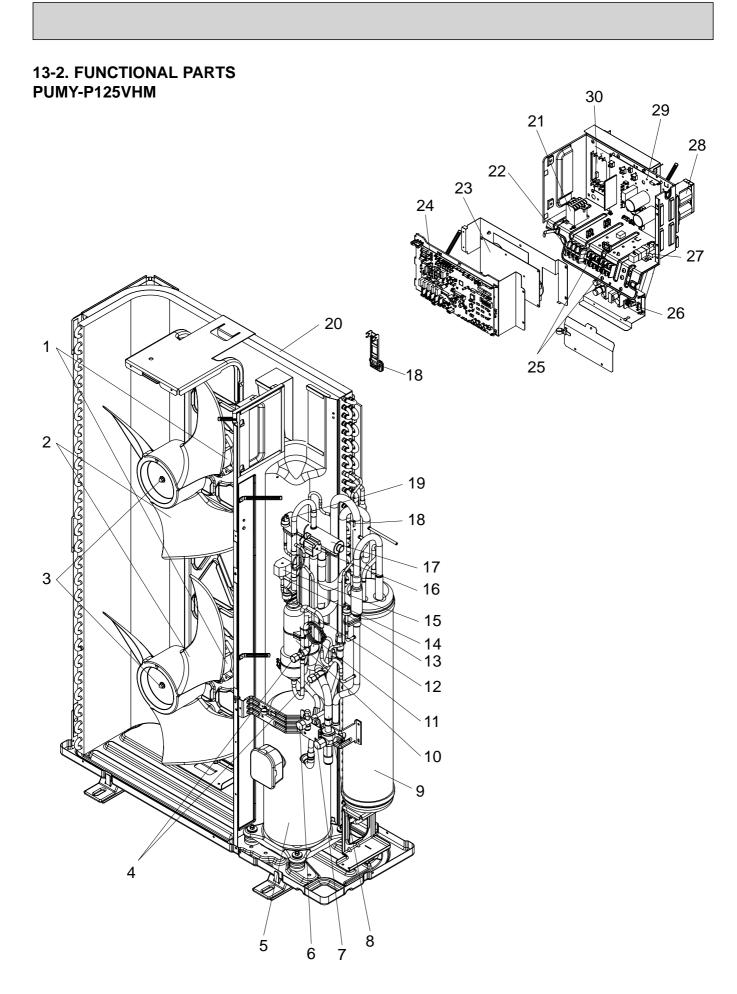




PARTS LIST (non-RoHS compliant)



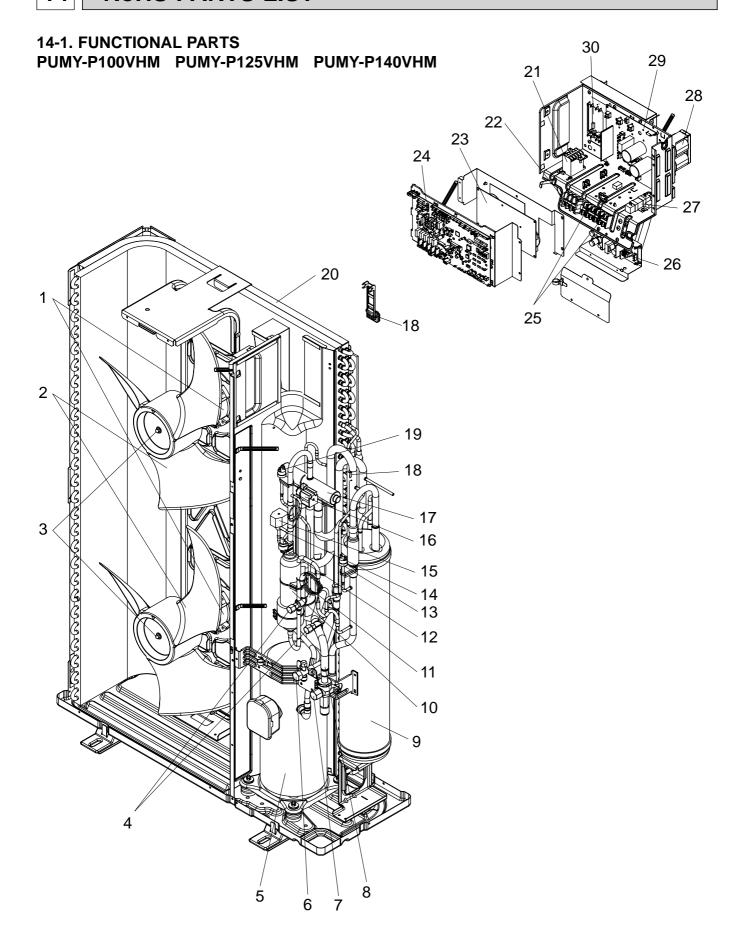
No.	P	art No		Part Name	Specification	Q'ty/set	Remarks (Drawing No.)	Wiring Diagram	Recom- mended
						PUMY-P125VHM	(Drawing No.)	Symbol	Q'ty
1		-		F.ST SCREW	(5×10)	38	(DG12F536H10)		
2	T7W	E02	662	SIDE PANEL (L)		1			
3	T7W	E02	691	FAN GRILLE		2			
4	T7W	E02	667	FRONT PANEL		1			
5		_		SEPARATOR		1	(BK00C143G80)		
6	R01	E14	686	BASE ASSY		1			
7	R01	E25	130	MOTOR SUPPORT		1			
8		_		VALVE BED ASSY		1	(BK00C142G15)		
9	R01	30L	655	HANDLE		2			
10	R01	E13	658	COVER PANEL (FRONT)		1			
11	R01	E11	658	COVER PANEL (REAR)		1			
12	R01	E24	661	SIDE PANEL (R)		1			
13	T7W	E03	668	SERVICE PANEL		1			
14		_		LABEL (MITSUBISHI)		1	(DG79R130H01)		
15	R01	E01	698	REAR GUARD		1			
16	R01	E04	641	TOP PANEL		1			
17	R01	E00	655	HANDLE		1			



Part numbers that are circled are not shown in the figure.

				circled are not snown in the		0,,,,		\A/::	_
No.	Pa	rt No.		Part Name	Specification	Q'ty/set	Remarks (Drawing No.)	Wiring Diagram	Recom- mended
						PUMY-P125VHM	(=::::::::9:::-)	Symbol	Q'ty
1	R01	E44	221	FAN MOTOR		2		MF1,2	
2	R01	E01	115	PROPELLER FAN		2			
3	R01	E02	097	NUT		2			
4	R01	E06	413	CHARGE PLUG		2			
5	T97	410	742	COMPRESSOR	ANB33FDCMT Including RUBBER MOUNT	1		MC	
6	R01	E09	410	STOP VALVE	3/8	1			
7	R01	E09	411	BALL VALVE	5/8	1			
8	R01	E03	450	STRAINER		1			
9	R01	E35	440	ACCUMULATOR		1			
10	R01	E09	490	OIL SEPARATOR		1			
11	R01	E22	425	CAPILLARY TUBE	<i>ϕ</i> 2.5× <i>ϕ</i> 0.8×1000mm	1			
12	T7W	E04	208	H.P SENSOR		1		63HS	
13	R01	25T	209	LOW PRESSURE SWITCH		1		63L	
14	R01	E09	428	BYPASS VALVE		1			
15	T7W	E08	242	SOLENOID VALVE COIL <bypass valve=""></bypass>		1		SV1	
16	T7W	E25	242	SOLENOID COIL <four-way valve=""></four-way>		1		21S4	
17	R01	E26	403	4-WAY VALVE		1			
18	R01	E75	202	THERMISTOR		1		TH6,7	
19	R01	E04	208	HIGH PRESSURE SWITCH		1		63H	
20	T7W	E26	408	HEAT EXCHANGER		1			
21	T7W	E02	259	CONTACTOR		1		52C	
22	T7W	A13	716	TERMINAL BLOCK	3P (L,N, ⊕)	1		TB1	
23	T7W	E14	346	NOISE FILTER CIRCUIT BOARD		1		N.F.	
24	R01	H76	310	MULTI CONTROLLER CIRCUIT BOARD		1		MULTI.B.	
25	T7W	E17	716	TERMINAL BLOCK	3P (M1, M2, S)	2		TB3, TB7	
26	R01	E01	311	TRANSMISSION POWER BOARD		1		M-P.B.	
27	T7W	E01	234	RESISTOR		1		RS	
28	T7W	E09	259	REACTOR		1		DCL	
29	T7W	E26	313	POWER CIRCUIT BOARD		1		P.B.	
30	T7W	E01	233	ACT MODULE		1		ACTM	
31)	T7W	E09	254	MAIN SMOOTHING CAPACITOR		1		СВ	
\vdash	R01	E66	202	THERMISTOR (OUTDOOR PIPE)		1		TH3	
\vdash	R01	E00	201	THERMISTOR (DISCHARGE)		1		TH4	
34	R01	E65	202	THERMISTOR (HEATSINK)		1		TH8	
=	R01	E02	239	FUSE	250V 6.3A	2		F1, 2	

14 RoHS PARTS LIST

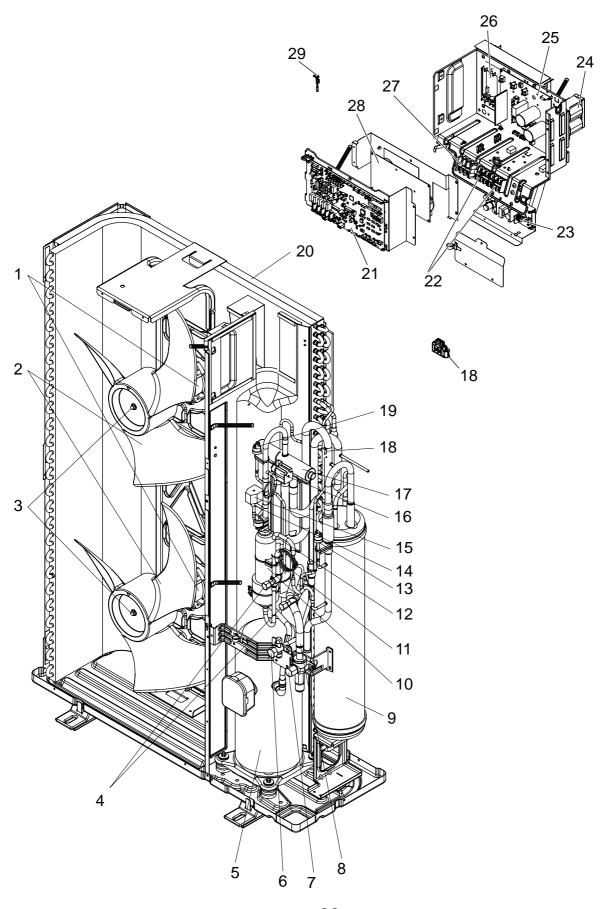


Part numbers that are circled are not shown in the figure.

No.	RoHS	P	art No.		Part Name	Specification	Q'ty/set PUMY- P100, 125, 140VHM	Remarks (Drawing No.)	Wiring Diagram Symbol	Recom- mended Q'ty
1	G	R01	E44	221	FAN MOTOR		2		MF1,2	
2	G	R01	E08	115	PROPELLER FAN		2			
3	G	R01	E09	097	NUT		2			
4	G	R01	E14	413	CHARGE PLUG		2			
5	G	Т97	415	742	COMPRESSOR	ANB33FDCMT Including RUBBER MOUNT	1		МС	
6	G	R01	E13	410	STOP VALVE	3/8	1			
7	G	R01	E11	411	BALL VALVE	5/8	1			
8	G	R01	E06	450	STRAINER		1			
9	G	R01	E44	440	ACCUMULATOR		1			
10	G	R01	E12	490	OIL SEPARATOR		1			
11	G	R01	E26	425	CAPILLARY TUBE	φ2.5×φ0.8×1000mm	1			
12	G	R01	E07	208	H.P SENSOR		1		63HS	
13	G	R01	E00	209	LOW PRESSURE SWITCH		1		63L	
14	G	R01	E14	428	BYPASS VALVE		1			
15	G	T7W	E32	242	SOLENOID VALVE COIL <bypass valve=""></bypass>		1		SV1	
16	G	T7W	E25	242	SOLENOID COIL <four-way valve=""></four-way>		1		21S4	
17	G	R01	E26	403	FOUR-WAY VALVE		1			
18	G	R01	H01	202	THERMISTOR		1		TH6,7	
19	G	R01	E06	208	HIGH PRESSURE SWITCH		1		63H	
20	G	T7W	E39	408	HEAT EXCHANGER		1			
21	G	T7W	E10	259	CONTACTOR		1		52C	
22	G	T7W	A15	716	TERMINAL BLOCK	3P (L,N, ⊕)	1		TB1	
23	G	T7W	E16	346	NOISE FILTER CIRCUIT BOARD		1		N.F.	
24	G	R01	N21	310	MULTI CONTROLLER CIRCUIT BOARD		1		MULTI.B.	
25	G	T7W	E31	716	TERMINAL BLOCK	3P (M1, M2, S)	2		TB3, TB7	
26	G	R01	E02	311	TRANSMISSION POWER BOARD		1		M-P.B.	
27	G	R01	E00	234	RESISTOR		1		RS	
28	G	R01	E20	259	REACTOR		1		DCL	
29	G	T7W	E31	313	POWER CIRCUIT BOARD		1		P.B.	
30	G	T7W	E01	233	ACT MODULE		1		ACTM	
31	G	R01	E20	254	MAIN SMOOTHING CAPACITOR		1		СВ	
32	_	R01	H00	202	THERMISTOR (OUTDOOR PIPE)		1		TH3	
33	G	R01	E12	201	THERMISTOR (DISCHARGE)		1		TH4	
34	G	R01	E99	202	THERMISTOR (HEATSINK)		1		TH8	
35	G	R01	E06	239	FUSE	250V 6.3A	2		F1, 2	

FUNCTIONAL PARTS

PUMY-P100VHMA PUMY-P125VHMA PUMY-P140VHMA-BS PUMY-P140VHMA-BS



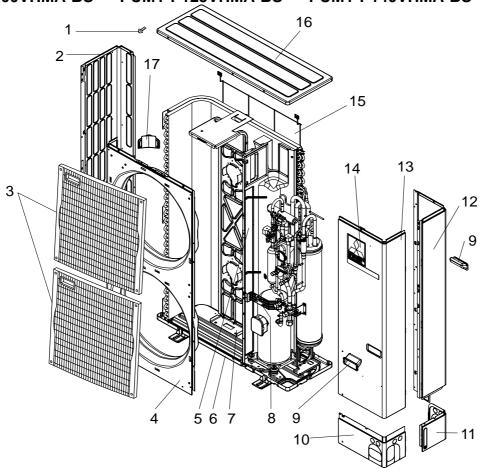
Part numbers that are circled are not shown in the figure.

					Q'ty/	/set		140	_
No.	RoHS	Part No.	Part Name	Specifications	PUMY-P10		Remarks (Drawing No.)	Wiring Diagram	Recom- mended
	~			•	VHMA	VHMA-BS	(Drawing No.)	Symbol	Q'ty
1	G	T7W E27 763	FAN MOTOR		2	2		MF1, 2	
2	G	R01 E08 115	PROPELLER FAN		2	2			
3	G	R01 E09 097	NUT		2	2			
4	G	R01 E14 413	CHARGE PLUG		2	2			
5	G	T97 415 755	COMPRESSOR	ANB33FDHMT Including RUBBER MOUNT	1	1		МС	
6	G	R01 E13 410	STOP VALVE	3/8	1	1			
7	G	R01 E11 411	BALL VALVE	5/8	1	1			
8	G	R01 E06 450	STRAINER		1	1			
9	G	R01 E44 440	ACCUMULATOR		1	1			
10	G	R01 E12 490	OIL SEPARATOR		1	1			
11	G	R01 E26 425	CAPILLARY TUBE	ø2.5×ø0.8×1000mm	1	1			
12	G	R01 E07 208	H.P SENSOR		1	1		63HS	
13	G	R01 E00 209	LOW PRESSURE SWITCH		1	1		63L	
14	G	R01 E14 428	BYPASS VALVE		1	1			
15	G	R01 E57 242	SOLENOID COIL <bypass valve=""></bypass>		1			SV1	
13	G	T7W E51 242	SOLENOID COIL <bypass valve=""></bypass>			1		SV1	
16	G	T7W E25 242	SOLENOID COIL <4-WAY VALVE>		1	1		21S4	
17	G	R01 E32 403	4-WAY VALVE		1	1			
18	G	R01 H01 202	THERMISTOR		1	1		TH6, 7	
19	G	R01 E06 208	HIGH PRESSURE SWITCH		1	1		63H	
20	G	T7W E39 408	HEAT EXCHANGER		1	1			
21	G	R01 N56 310	CONTROLLER CIRCUIT BOARD		1	1		C.B.	
22	G	R01 E27 246	TERMINAL BLOCK	3P (M1, M2, S)	2	2		TB3, TB7	
23	G	R01 E02 311	M-POWER BOARD		1	1		M-NET.P.B.	
24	G	R01 E20 259	REACTOR		1			DCL	
24	G	T7W E17 259	REACTOR			1		DCL	
25	G	R01 E65 313	POWER CIRCUIT BOARD		1	1		P.B.	
26	G	R01 E07 233	ACT MODULE		1	1		ACTM	
27	G	T7W A15 716	TERMINAL BLOCK	3P (L, N, ⊕)	1	1		TB1	
28	G	T7W E22 346	NOISE FILTER CIRCUIT BOARD		1	1		N.F.	
29	G	R01 E99 202	THERMISTOR (HEATSINK)		1	1		TH8	
30	G	R01 E22 255	MAIN SMOOTHING CAPACITOR		1	1		CE	
31	G	R01 H00 202	THERMISTOR (OUTDOOR PIPE)		1	1		TH3	
32	G	R01 E12 201	THERMISTOR (DISCHARGE)		1	1		TH4	
33	G	R01 E06 239	FUSE	250V, 6.3A	2	2		F1, 2	

14-2. STRUCTURAL PARTS

PUMY-P100VHM PUMY-P125VHM PUMY-P100VHMA PUMY-P100VHMA-BS

PUMY-P125VHMA PUMY-P125VHMA-BS PUMY-P140VHM PUMY-P140VHMA **PUMY-P140VHMA-BS**



	S				Q'ty/s	set	Remarks	Wiring	Recom-
No.	RoHS	Part No.	Part Name	Specification	PUMY-P100,125,140VHM PUMY-P100,125,140VHMA	PUMY-P100,125,140VHMA-BS	(Drawing No.)	Diagram Symbol	mended Q'ty
1	G	_	F.ST SCREW	(5×10)	38	38	(DG12F536H10)		
2	G	T7W E03 662	SIDE PANEL (L)		1				
	G	T7W E06 662	SIDE PANEL (L)			1			
3	G	T7W E03 691	FAN GRILLE		2	2			
4	G	T7W E06 667	FRONT PANEL		1	1			
5	G	_	SEPARATOR		1		(BK00C143G99)		
	G	_	SEPARATOR			1	(BK00C143GB2)		
6	G	R01 E31 686	BASE ASSY		1				
	G	R01 E26 686	BASE ASSY			1			
7	G	R01 E27 130	MOTOR SUPPORT		1				
	G	R01 E19 130	MOTOR SUPPORT			1			
8	G	_	VALVE BED ASSY		1		(BK00C142G15)		
L	G	_	VALVE BED ASSY			1	(BK00C142G29)		
9	G	R01 E01 655	HANDLE		2	2			
10	G	R01 E13 658	COVER PANEL (FRONT)		1				
	G	R01 E14 658	COVER PANEL (FRONT)			1			
11	G	R01 E11 658	COVER PANEL (REAR)		1				
	G	R01 E24 658	COVER PANEL (REAR)			1			
12	G	R01 E32 661	SIDE PANEL (R)		1				
12	G	T7W E19 661	SIDE PANEL (R)			1			
13	G	T7W E08 668	SERVICE PANEL		1				
13	G	T7W E06 668	SERVICE PANEL			1			
14	G	_	LABEL (MITSUBISHI)		1	1	(DG79R130H01)		
15	G	R01 E07 698	REAR GUARD		1	1			
16	G	R01 E14 641	TOP PANEL		1				
10	G	R01 E29 641	TOP PANEL			1			
17	G	R01 E02 655	HANDLE		1	1			

15 OPTIONAL PARTS

DRAIN SOCKET

Part No.	PAC-SG61DS-E

AIR OUTLET GUIDE

Part No. PAC-SG59SG-E

^{*} Need 2 pieces.

AIR GUIDE

	Part No.	PAC-SH63AG-E
* Need 2 pieces.		

DRAIN PAN

Part No.	PAC-SG64DP-E

FILTER DRYER (For liquid line : ϕ 9.52)

•	• •
Part No.	PAC-SG82DR-E

^{*} Only for R410A model (Don't use for R22 model.)

BRANCH PIPE (Joint)

Part No.	NUMBER OF BRANCHING POINTS
CMY-Y62-G-E	2
CMY-Y64-G-E	4
CMY-Y68-G-E	8





HEAD OFFICE: TOKYO BLDG., 2-7-3, MARUNOUCHI, CHIYODA-KU, TOKYO100-8310, JAPAN